

Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.0955, 61.3646,
-50.9961)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(62.0955, 61.3646,
-50.9961) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(62.0942, 61.3667,
-50.9987)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EB79FF
RGB	235, 121, 255
RGB Percent	92%, 47%, 100%
CMY	0.0784, 0.5255, 0.0000
CMYK	0.08, 0.53, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	291°, 100%, 74%
HSV	291°, 53%, 100%
XYZ	59.1483, 38.5569, 98.9325
YIQ	170.3620, 24.9300, 65.8420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

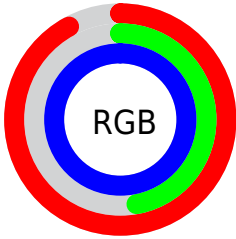
Format	Color
RYB	235, 121, 255
Decimal	15432191
CIELab	68.43, 62.96, -48.14
CIELCh	68, 79.256, 322.596
Yxy	38.5585, 0.3008, 0.1961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293622271 (0xFFEB79FF)
YUV	170.3620, 41.7265, 56.6875
Hunter-Lab	62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987

Details

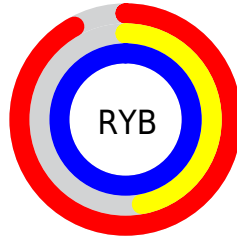
The HunterLab color $62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FF66FF$. A complement of this color would be $88.6361, -54.0248, 41.5701$, and the grayscale version is $63.3784, -3.3817, 3.4435$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77.4108, 37.5002, -24.1047$, and $41.3375, 57.1501, -50.1560$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.0240, 73.0181, -61.9511$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.0082, 48.8044, -39.7189$.

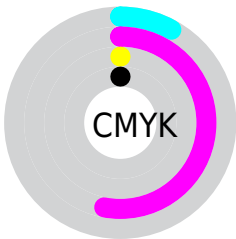
Distribution



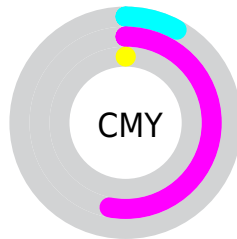
- Red (92%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

62.0942, 61.3667,
-50.9987

62.0942, 61.3667,
-50.9987

184.3936, 75.5054,
-56.7695

51.3969, 59.3250,
-50.3065

85.4186, 65.1482,
-52.4647

41.3950, 57.1991,
-49.7231

97.9770, 66.8914,
-53.1869

32.1420, 55.0188,
-49.3680

111.0969, 68.5396,
-53.8815

23.7045, 52.8658,
-49.4923

124.7552, 70.0970,
-54.5412

16.1705, 50.9593,
-50.6841

138.9314, 71.5680,
-55.1617

9.6651, 49.9843,
-54.6371

153.6072, 72.9571,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-55.7405

0.0000, NaN, -NF

168.7663, 74.2682,
-56.2766

■ 62.0942, 61.3667,
-50.9987

■ 62.0942, 61.3667,
-50.9987

■ 57.0240, 73.0181,
-61.9511

■ 68.0082, 48.8044,
-39.7189

■ 52.9107, 82.9768,
-71.9583

■ 74.6411, 35.8999,
-28.5281

■ 49.8400, 90.3543,
-80.2530

■ 81.8847, 22.9937,
-17.6428

■ 47.8196, 94.4864,
-86.1808

■ 89.6458, 10.2667,
-7.1527

■ 46.8646, 95.6627,
-89.1389

■ 97.8481, -2.2036,
2.9284

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.0955, 25.4047, -92.5474



62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987



62.0955, 80.7419, -5.6636

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.0955, 61.3646, -50.9961



62.0955, 5.8047, 39.5628



62.0955, -54.9426, -27.4077

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987



88.6361, -54.0248, 41.5701

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.0955, -57.8931, 11.2396



62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987



62.0955, -27.6118, 38.5356

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.0955, 61.3646, -50.9961



62.0955, 44.2680, 36.1402



62.0955, -49.0797, 31.4490



62.0955, -39.8393, -74.3708

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987



62.0955, 79.1457, 16.0304



62.0955, -49.0797, 31.4490



62.0955, -57.2246, -12.6609

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.0955, 61.3646, -50.9961



86.9125, 14.6347, -10.7283



55.1052, 18.4822, -67.5132



39.4679, 7.9819, -5.9605

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.0955, 61.3646, -50.9961



56.8161, 73.5126, -62.4304



62.8451, 58.9509, -16.6038



42.6086, 2.9812, -1.8704



33.9533, 69.2568, -64.1895



10.7617, 21.8428, -19.5044

Inverse Universe

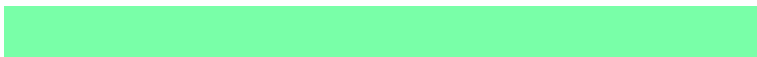
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.7118, 49.2456, 13.6621



55.3566, 59.7206, 16.6896



88.5488, -52.7478, 28.8666



42.4632, 1.8586, 2.8487



33.4593, 57.5585, 19.6175



10.4999, 18.1799, 5.2455

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

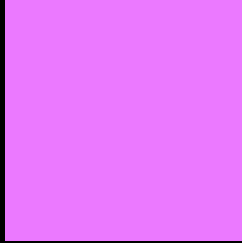
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

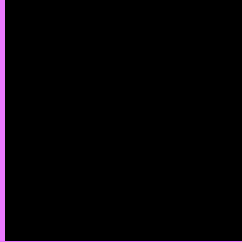
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987.

-50.9987.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987

Protanopia

62.3211, 8.8197, -51.4499

Deuteranopia

62.4295, 5.3965, -45.0073



Tritanopia

62.0658, 25.0858, 8.2122

Trichromacy



Original Color

62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987



Protanomaly

60.8751, 26.6932, -54.1661



Deuteranomaly

61.0417, 24.0049, -49.8133

Tritanomaly

61.7029, 37.3875, -9.8036

Monochromacy



Original Color

62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987



Achromatopsia

63.4017, -3.3830, 3.4447



Achromatomaly

61.7599, 19.1449, -14.6571

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 121, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 121, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 121, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 121, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 121, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 121, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 121, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 121, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 121, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 121,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.0942, 61.3667, -50.9987 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 121, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
121, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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