

Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.1048, -34.7900,
-68.8952)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(62.1048, -34.7900,
-68.8952) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.6945,
-18.5436, -43.3320)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BFFF
RGB	0, 191, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 75%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.2510, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.25, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	195°, 100%, 50%
HSV	195°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	36.6808, 44.4816, 101.2602
YIQ	141.1870, -134.3800, -20.5880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 109, 255
Decimal	49151
CIELab	72.55, -17.65, -42.55
CIELCh	73, 46.062, 247.473
Yxy	44.4830, 0.2011, 0.2438
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278239231 (0xFF00BFFF)
YUV	141.1870, 56.1098, -123.8210
Hunter-Lab	66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320

Details

The HunterLab color **66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**, and the color name is **deepskyblue**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **49.9353, 66.6009, 31.9333**, and the grayscale version is **51.5155, -2.7487, 2.7989**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.9312, -35.6319, -10.2329**, and **47.1743, -9.5969, -38.2468** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.6889, -18.5356, -43.3424**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.9567, -20.9533, -39.2213**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66.6945, -18.5436,
-43.3320

66.6945, -18.5436,
-43.3320

190.9648,
-31.9799, -48.1107

55.7229, -17.0018,
-42.6368

90.5230, -21.5655,
-44.6750

45.4282, -15.4277,
-41.9689

103.3157,
-23.0588, -45.2984

35.8596, -13.8064,
-41.3889

116.6600,
-24.5461, -45.8803

27.0769, -12.1155,
-41.0236

130.5340,
-26.0303, -46.4178

19.1581, -10.3183,
-41.1563

144.9181,
-27.5141, -46.9096

12.2103, -8.3474,
-42.5322

159.7949,

5.3134, -9.2984,

-28.9992, -47.3554

-59.1550

175.1486,
-30.4874, -47.7555

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 66.6945, -18.5436,
-43.3320

■ 66.6945, -18.5436,
-43.3320

■ 66.6889, -18.5356,
-43.3424

■ 68.9567, -20.9533,
-39.2213

■ 71.4277, -22.6237,
-34.9138

■ 74.1457, -23.4087,
-30.3739

■ 77.1191, -23.2782,
-25.6225

■ 80.3477, -22.2439,

-20.6923

■ 83.8253, -20.3450,
-15.6198

■ 87.5427, -17.6372,
-10.4403

■ 91.4882, -14.1854,
-5.1853

■ 95.6494, -10.0575,
0.1184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.6956, -33.0608, -24.6966



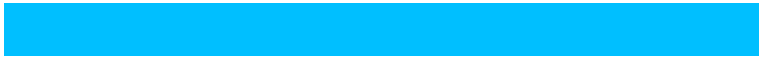
66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320



66.6956, 1.8496, -47.7203

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.6956, -18.5432, -43.3301



66.6956, 42.1107, 8.5023



66.6956, -26.7006, 27.7446

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320



49.9353, 66.6009, 31.9333

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.6956, -8.8069, 31.8640



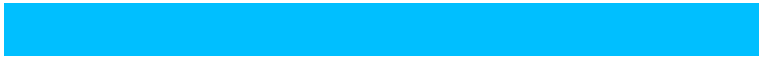
66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320



66.6956, 32.1642, 23.2539

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.6956, -18.5432, -43.3301



66.6956, 38.6535, -13.0925



66.6956, 12.8700, 30.5276



66.6956, -37.3417, 16.9017

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320



66.6956, 16.4083, -41.0266



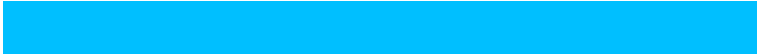
66.6956, 12.8700, 30.5276



66.6956, -21.4286, 29.7769

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.6956, -18.5432, -43.3301



87.5312, -17.6465, -10.4560



84.7871, -71.1540, 47.6279



39.7578, -8.7356, -5.8528

0.0000, NaN, NaN



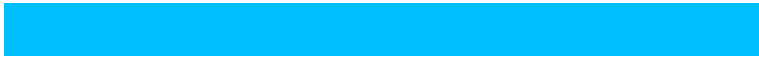
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.6956, -18.5432, -43.3301



66.6889, -18.5356, -43.3424



32.9630, 49.9330, -148.9835



44.3438, -4.5571, 0.1694



48.4652, -13.7696, -30.8528



15.6859, -5.0907, -8.6168

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.0233, 93.1776, -25.9671



50.0208, 93.1805, -25.9584



76.5763, 5.6888, 47.2838



42.6824, 3.0350, -0.2726



36.1928, 67.4804, -19.2418



11.3707, 21.3310, -7.0576

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

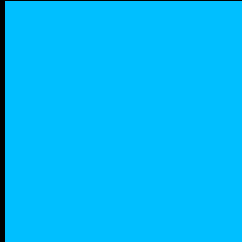
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320.



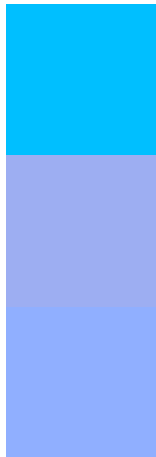
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320.

-18.5436, -43.3320.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

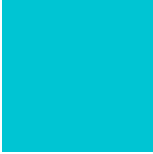
66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320

Protanopia

66.2201, 5.5973, -34.3106

Deuteranopia

66.1885, 5.2085, -43.8709



Tritanopia

66.8099, -32.1581, -14.0864

Trichromacy



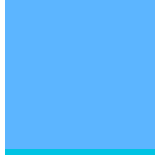
Original Color

66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320



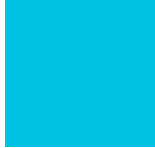
Protanomaly

64.8593, -7.9181, -40.6124



Deuteranomaly

65.2250, -7.4475, -45.9381



Tritanomaly

66.7655, -27.5962, -23.8787

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320



Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041



Achromatomaly

55.0884, -15.2104, -13.9524

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 191, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 191, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 191, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 191, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 191, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 191, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 191, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 191, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.6945, -18.5436, -43.3320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 191, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 191,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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