

Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.5303, 44.8571,
-6.0703)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(62.5303, 44.8571,
-6.0703) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(62.4931, 45.0338,
-6.3801)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F284BD
RGB	242, 132, 189
RGB Percent	95%, 52%, 74%
CMY	0.0510, 0.4823, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.22, 0.05
HSL	329°, 81%, 73%
HSV	329°, 45%, 95%
XYZ	54.0545, 39.0539, 52.8333
YIQ	171.3880, 47.2630, 41.0470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

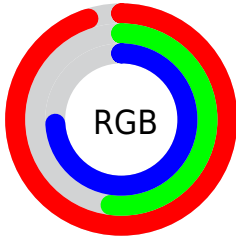
Format	Color
R _Y B	242, 132, 189
Decimal	15893693
CIE Lab	68.79, 48.78, -10.97
CIE LCh	69, 49.995, 347.325
Yxy	39.0558, 0.3704, 0.2676
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294083773 (0xFFFF284BD)
YUV	171.3880, 8.6827, 61.9267
Hunter-Lab	62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801

Details

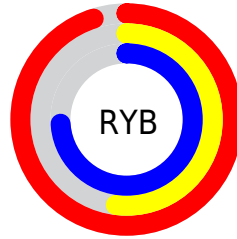
The HunterLab color $62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FF99CC$. A complement of this color would be $84.8019, -43.1021, 19.4070$, and the grayscale version is $63.9288, -3.4111, 3.4734$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79.6199, 29.9104, -14.7436$, and $41.9045, 41.7087, -6.4047$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.2272, 55.5914, -7.0423$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.5016, 33.9779, -4.8418$.

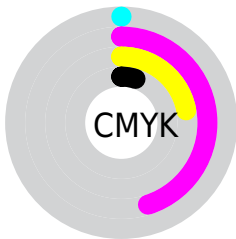
Distribution



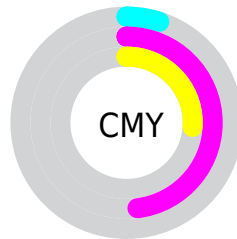
- Red (95%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

62.4931, 45.0338,
-6.3801

62.4931, 45.0338,
-6.3801

184.9669, 55.1017,
-3.4515

51.7717, 43.4407,
-6.4576

85.8624, 47.8865,
-6.0479

41.7437, 41.7373,
-6.4717

98.4415, 49.1646,
-5.8050

32.4627, 39.9239,
-6.4140

111.5813, 50.3513,
-5.5152

23.9943, 38.0238,
-6.2767

125.2586, 51.4525,
-5.1814

16.4258, 36.1187,
-6.0521

139.4531, 52.4735,
-4.8060

9.8803, 34.4984,
-5.7410

154.1467, 53.4192,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-4.3914

0.0000, INF, NaN

169.3229, 54.2939,
-3.9393

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.4931, 45.0338,
-6.3801

■ 62.4931, 45.0338,
-6.3801

■ 57.2272, 55.5914,
-7.0423

■ 68.5016, 33.9779,
-4.8418

■ 52.8190, 65.0889,
-6.6371

■ 75.1359, 22.8041,
-2.6218

■ 49.3770, 72.7871,
-5.0193

■ 82.3000, 11.7183,
0.1227

■ 46.9631, 77.9624,
-2.1834

■ 89.9135, 0.8204,
3.2689

■ 45.5492, 80.2328,
1.6611

■ 97.9113, -9.8548,
6.7254

■ 45.1310, 80.5914,
3.5574

■ 98.8015, -9.5303,
3.9408

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.4946, 31.9775, -31.6608



62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801



62.4946, 43.8596, 14.5152

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.4946, 45.0307, -6.3786



62.4946, -15.7748, 31.4190



62.4946, -30.1812, -35.3223

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801



84.8019, -43.1021, 19.4070

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.4946, -39.6871, -10.2224



62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801



62.4946, -32.2187, 25.4570

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



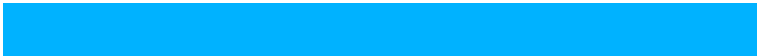
62.4946, 45.0307, -6.3786



62.4946, 6.4985, 31.8092



62.4946, -40.3755, 11.8191



62.4946, -12.6012, -51.9528

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801



62.4946, 35.1628, 23.6545



62.4946, -40.3755, 11.8191



62.4946, -34.3111, -27.2592

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.4946, 45.0307, -6.3786



88.4539, 10.7884, 0.5786



57.4663, 35.7573, -50.6343



40.1351, 6.1592, -0.0485

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.4946, 45.0307, -6.3786



60.8855, 58.6743, -7.4680



60.9507, 37.6896, 15.6779



39.8693, 2.3767, 0.9014



33.1205, 59.2217, 2.0075



9.6576, 17.4609, -0.9070

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.4946, 45.0307, -6.3786



60.8855, 58.6743, -7.4680



86.3732, -33.8713, -3.0724



39.8693, 2.3767, 0.9014



33.1205, 59.2217, 2.0075



9.6576, 17.4609, -0.9070

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

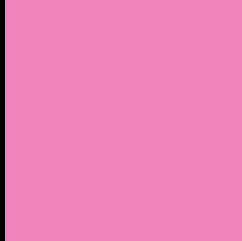
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801.

-6.3801.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801

Protanopia

62.8959, 2.3376, -19.9192

Deuteranopia

62.8304, 4.5022, -3.9975



Tritanopia

62.5582, 33.5982, 11.7895

Trichromacy



Original Color

62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801

Protanomaly

61.7756, 16.7007, -16.4700

Deuteranomaly

61.9832, 18.7554, -5.9138

Tritanomaly

62.3878, 37.4348, 5.7204

Monochromacy



Original Color

62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801

Achromatopsia

63.8154, -3.4050, 3.4672

Achromatomaly

62.6088, 13.3679, -1.0735

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 132, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 132, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 132, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 132, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 132, 189) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 132, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 132, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 132, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 132, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 132,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.4931, 45.0338, -6.3801 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 132, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
132, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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