

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.7110, -3.6304,  
1.2129)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(62.7110, -3.6304, 1.2129)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(62.7634, -3.9024,  
1.2589)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5A9AD
RGB	165, 169, 173
RGB Percent	65%, 66%, 68%
CMY	0.3529, 0.3372, 0.3216
CMYK	0.05, 0.02, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	210°, 5%, 66%
HSV	210°, 5%, 68%
XYZ	37.2479, 39.3924, 45.1755
YIQ	168.2600, -3.6680, 0.3960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

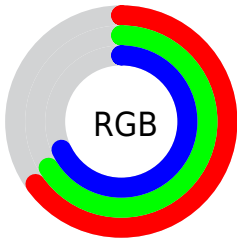
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	165, 168, 173
Decimal	10856877
CIE Lab	69.04, -0.63, -2.56
CIE LCh	69, 2.634, 256.075
Yxy	39.3941, 0.3058, 0.3234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289046957 (0xFFA5A9AD)
YUV	168.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590
Hunter-Lab	62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589

# Details

The HunterLab color  $62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $63.2270, -2.7650, 5.5303$ , and the grayscale version is  $62.6760, -3.3442, 3.4053$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86.0978, -5.1840, 2.4174$ , and  $41.9688, -2.7470, 0.2580$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58.7808, -4.6745, -3.7397$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66.8581, -2.8498, 6.0872$ .

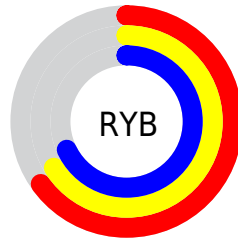
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (66%)

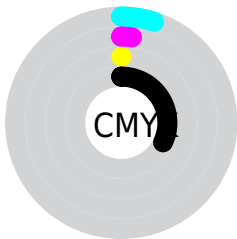
Blue (68%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (68%)

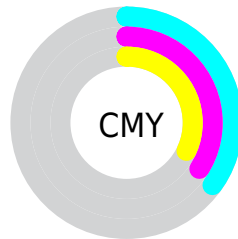


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 62.7634, -3.9024,  
1.2589

■ 62.7634, -3.9024,  
1.2589

185.3546,  
-10.6918, 7.0229

■ 52.0254, -3.2966,  
0.8014

■ 86.1626, -5.2151,  
2.3012

■ 41.9799, -2.7242,  
0.3891

■ 98.7558, -5.9163,  
2.8786

■ 32.6799, -2.1887,  
0.0275

111.9089, -6.6462,  
3.4910

■ 24.1908, -1.6927,  
-0.2769

125.5991, -7.4037,  
4.1365

■ 16.5990, -1.2397,  
-0.5152

139.8060, -8.1879,  
4.8138

■ 10.0266, -0.8335,  
-0.6736

154.5116, -8.9978,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

5.5214

0.0000, NaN, NaN

169.6994, -9.8327,  
6.2581

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.7634, -3.9024,  
1.2589

■ 62.7634, -3.9024,  
1.2589

■ 58.7808, -4.6745,  
-3.7397

■ 66.8581, -2.8498,  
6.0872

■ 54.9173, -5.1194,  
-8.9337

■ 71.0514, -1.5485,  
10.7631

■ 51.1869, -5.1891,  
-14.3443

■ 75.3364, -0.0305,  
15.3066

■ 47.6043, -4.8266,  
-19.9918

■ 79.7061, 1.6784,  
19.7349

■ 44.1864, -3.9685,  
-25.8918

■ 84.1543, 3.5566,  
24.0632

■ 40.9519, -2.5477,  
-32.0500

■ 87.1328, 0.3532,  
26.7946

■ 37.9212, -0.4988,  
-38.4563

■ 89.7778, -4.1266,  
29.1386

■ 35.1147, 2.2297,  
-45.0784

■ 92.4761, -8.5662,  
31.4854

■ 32.5494, 5.6550,  
-51.8602

■ 95.2249, -12.9651,  
33.8339

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.7647, -4.9368, 1.8233



62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589



62.7647, -2.7155, 1.2819

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.7647, -3.9038, 1.2599



62.7647, -1.1314, 4.0181



62.7647, -4.9970, 4.9124

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589



63.2270, -2.7650, 5.5303

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.7647, -3.9866, 5.4786



62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589



62.7647, -1.7520, 4.9689

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.7647, -3.9038, 1.2599



62.7647, -1.1088, 2.8887



62.7647, -2.7990, 5.4991



62.7647, -5.5648, 3.9397



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589



62.7647, -1.9950, 1.6259



62.7647, -2.7990, 5.4991



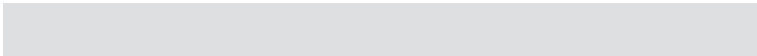
62.7647, -4.6982, 5.1558

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.7647, -3.9038, 1.2599



85.9548, -4.7565, 4.0412



63.8332, -6.5367, 4.4150



40.0847, -2.2138, 1.9010



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.7647, -3.9038, 1.2599



83.1962, -5.4021, 0.7106



61.6243, -2.0021, -0.1006



29.5050, -1.9379, 0.1566



26.9929, 6.1688, -47.0554



5.5878, -0.8521, -5.1449



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.1771, -0.1458, 2.5156



82.1662, 1.2295, 2.9513



64.3720, -4.6621, 6.7965



29.1151, 0.5774, 1.0091



26.5303, 47.3630, 2.1900

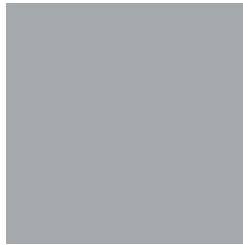


4.5482, 8.3451, -1.3722



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

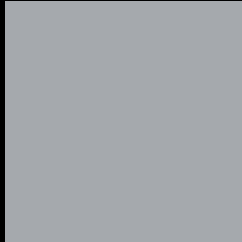
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

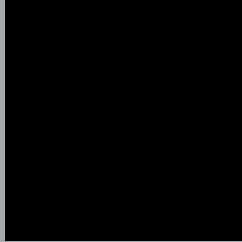
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.7634, -3.9024,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589

### Protanopia

62.5796, -1.5730, 1.5556

### Deuteranopia

62.6063, 4.5666, 0.7344



## Tritanopia

62.8080, -1.7221, -2.5956

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589

## Protanomaly

62.6966, -2.6774, 1.6774

## Deuteranomaly

62.6070, 1.6303, 0.6839

## Tritanomaly

62.7109, -2.2518, -1.2191

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589

## Achromatopsia

62.5758, -3.3389, 3.3999

## Achromatomaly

62.5484, -3.3139, 2.4350

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 169, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 169, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 169, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 169, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 169, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 169, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 169, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 169, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 169, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 169,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.7634, -3.9024, 1.2589 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 169, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
169, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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