

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.7694, -46.4639,  
19.2141)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(62.7694, -46.4639,  
19.2141) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(62.9653,  
-45.4520, 19.4167)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | 00C17E                       |
| RGB         | 0, 193, 126                  |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 76%, 49%                 |
| CMY         | 0.9999, 0.2431, 0.5059       |
| CMYK        | 1.00, 0.00, 0.35, 0.24       |
| HSL         | 159°, 100%, 38%              |
| HSV         | 159°, 100%, 76%              |
| XYZ         | 22.8359, 39.6463, 26.1876    |
| YIQ         | 127.6550, -93.5210, -61.7530 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

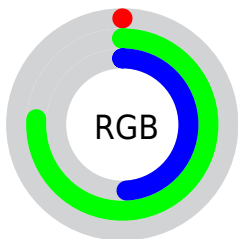
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                    |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 0, 117, 193                     |
| Decimal                             | 49534                           |
| CIELab                              | 69.22, -56.48, 22.55            |
| CIELCh                              | 69, 60.814, 158.236             |
| Yxy                                 | 39.6479, 0.2575,<br>0.4471      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4278239614<br>(0xFF00C17E)      |
| YUV                                 | 127.6550, -0.8159,<br>-111.9534 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 62.9653, -45.4520,<br>19.4167   |

# Details

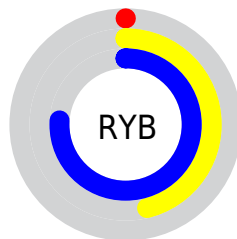
The HunterLab color **62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **34.2691, 59.8673, 12.9724**, and the grayscale version is **46.3576, -2.4735, 2.5187**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.5134, -53.0409, 23.1529**, and **43.2421, -32.7721, 16.6968** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.9663, -45.4536, 19.4188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.2204, -44.1192, 17.4739**.

# Distribution



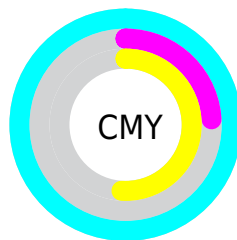
- Red (0%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (51%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 62.9653, -45.4520,  
19.4167


 62.9653, -45.4520,  
19.4167


185.6440,  
-75.4237, 34.9876


 52.2150, -41.4888,  
17.5449


 86.3869, -52.8343,  
23.0200

 42.1565, -37.2798,  
15.6032


 98.9905, -56.3171,  
24.7729

 32.8423, -32.7527,  
13.5662


 112.1536,  
-59.6916, 26.5039

 24.3377, -27.7986,  
11.3946

 125.8533,  
-62.9745, 28.2184

 16.7286, -22.4096,  
9.0870

 140.0695,  
-66.1793, 29.9208

 10.1363, -17.7385,  
7.0954

154.7840,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-69.3167, 31.6147

0.0000, NaN, NaN

169.9805,  
-72.3957, 33.3029

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.9653, -45.4520,  
19.4167

■ 62.9653, -45.4520,  
19.4167

■ 62.9663, -45.4536,  
19.4188

■ 63.2204, -44.1192,  
17.4739

■ 63.5933, -42.2873,  
15.5281

■ 64.1225, -39.8173,  
13.6310

■ 64.8241, -36.6648,  
11.8155

■ 65.7093, -32.8136,  
10.1109

■ 66.7852, -28.2703,  
8.5422

■ 68.0556, -23.0607,  
7.1300

■ 69.5211, -17.2256,  
5.8902

■ 71.1801, -10.8162,  
4.8337

# Harmonies

## Analogous

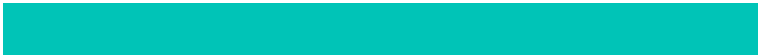
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.9665, -32.9524, 31.5811



62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167



62.9665, -47.7415, -4.2406

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.9665, -45.4525, 19.4172



62.9665, 4.4198, -69.7838



62.9665, 43.9685, 27.3474

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167



34.2691, 59.8673, 12.9724

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.9665, 58.2242, 10.2380



62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167



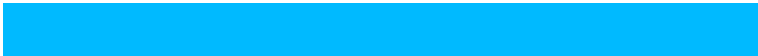
62.9665, 32.9561, -50.5047

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.9665, -45.4525, 19.4172



62.9665, -21.8537, -63.7780



62.9665, 53.8804, -18.3066



62.9665, 17.5429, 34.5937



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167



62.9665, -43.6224, -25.4341



62.9665, 53.8804, -18.3066



62.9665, 50.5331, 22.9365

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.9665, -45.4525, 19.4172



90.9889, -31.2144, 9.6271



62.7333, -48.8232, 37.8008



41.7971, -15.8709, 4.8206



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.9665, -45.4525, 19.4172



84.2368, -61.0050, 26.4036



55.1554, -22.3731, -20.6413



33.7152, -4.9187, 2.2580



51.3663, -36.9758, 15.6168



10.7360, -7.3256, 2.3948



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.2691, 59.8673, 12.9724



45.8146, 79.9522, 18.0278



34.9498, 53.4038, 22.4700



31.8345, 1.5628, 1.3889



27.9715, 48.9150, 10.2230



5.9260, 10.5763, 0.5122



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

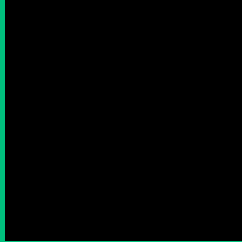
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167.



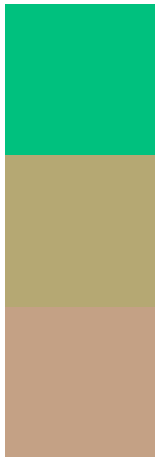
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167.

-45.4520, 19.4167.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167

### Protanopia

62.5035, -6.1332, 23.0212

### Deuteranopia

62.3851, 4.5426, 17.4315



## Tritanopia

62.9268, -25.6923, -12.5847

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167



## Protanomaly

60.3498, -28.3493, 19.5447



## Deuteranomaly

59.8822, -23.0283, 15.5858



## Tritanomaly

62.4762, -34.4407, 0.8554

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167



## Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243



## Achromatomaly

50.7327, -23.8589, 7.3782

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 193, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 193, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 193, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 193, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 193, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 193, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 193, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 193, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 193, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 193,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.9653, -45.4520, 19.4167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 193, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 193,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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