

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.8611, 8.8438,  
7.9520)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(62.8611, 8.8438,  
7.9520)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C5A09F
RGB	197, 160, 159
RGB Percent	77%, 63%, 62%
CMY	0.2274, 0.3725, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.19, 0.23
HSL	2°, 25%, 70%
HSV	2°, 19%, 77%
XYZ	41.8548, 39.5152, 38.2221
YIQ	170.9490, 22.3730, 7.5330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

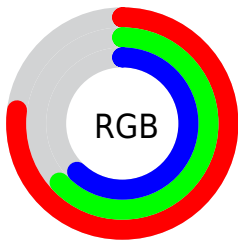
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	197, 160, 159
Decimal	12951711
CIELab	69.12, 13.49, 5.68
CIELCh	69, 14.635, 22.835
Yxy	39.5170, 0.3500, 0.3304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291141791 (0xFFC5A09F)
YUV	170.9490, -5.8909, 22.8467
Hunter-Lab	62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520

# Details

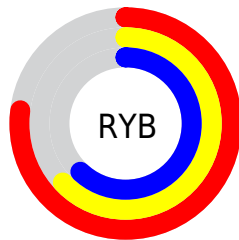
The HunterLab color  $62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $71.3308, -14.4326, -0.2059$ , and the grayscale version is  $63.8126, -3.4049, 3.4671$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86.3289, 8.7786, 9.6566$ , and  $42.0089, 8.9043, 6.0180$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $57.2202, 15.9344, 10.1084$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $68.8675, 2.0539, 5.8912$ .

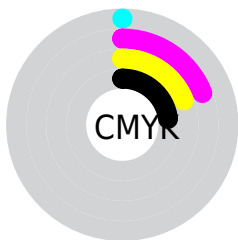
# Distribution



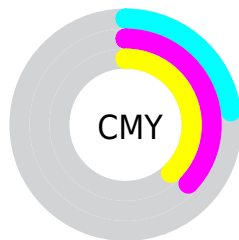
- Red (77%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 62.8611, 8.8438,  
7.9520

■ 62.8611, 8.8438,  
7.9520

185.4949, 7.2656,  
16.7281

■ 52.1173, 8.7321,  
7.0715

■ 86.2713, 8.8555,  
9.7691

■ 42.0655, 8.5430,  
6.2056

■ 98.8695, 8.7724,  
10.7053

■ 32.7586, 8.2625,  
5.3523

112.0275, 8.6358,  
11.6608

■ 24.2620, 7.8750,  
4.5065

125.7223, 8.4494,  
12.6356

■ 16.6618, 7.3583,  
3.6583

139.9337, 8.2166,  
13.6298

■ 10.0797, 6.6803,  
2.9221

154.6436, 7.9401,

0.0000, INF, NaN

14.6434

0.0000, NaN, NaN

169.8356, 7.6224,  
15.6762

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.8611, 8.8438,  
7.9520

■ 62.8611, 8.8438,  
7.9520

■ 57.2202, 15.9344,  
10.1084

■ 68.8675, 2.0539,  
5.8912

■ 52.0086, 23.3028,  
12.3427

■ 75.1805, -4.4396,  
3.9228

■ 47.3108, 30.8422,  
14.6147

■ 81.7584, -10.6675,  
2.0406

■ 43.2238, 38.3239,  
16.8413

■ 88.5666, -16.6645,  
0.2346

■ 39.8507, 45.3525,  
18.8857

■ 95.1895, -22.4980,  
-0.6662

■ 37.2831, 51.3756,  
20.5659

■ 35.5704, 55.8115,  
21.7046

■ 34.6642, 58.3154,  
22.3120

■ 34.6170, 58.4441,  
22.3540

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.8625, 9.8123, 1.8887



62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520



62.8625, 4.5393, 12.3477

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.8625, 8.8417, 7.9530



62.8625, -13.2076, 10.3227



62.8625, -4.9414, -9.8543

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520



71.3308, -14.4326, -0.2059

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.8625, -10.8828, -7.0416



62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520



62.8625, -15.5252, 4.9172

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.8625, 8.8417, 7.9530



62.8625, -8.2338, 13.6135



62.8625, -14.6921, -1.4741



62.8625, 1.6721, -8.8264



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520



62.8625, 0.4533, 13.9510



62.8625, -14.6921, -1.4741



62.8625, -7.0797, -9.3176

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.8625, 8.8417, 7.9530



94.8235, -0.0706, 7.0287



63.7726, 15.5575, -9.1891



43.6129, 0.2364, 3.3334

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.8625, 8.8417, 7.9530



80.9960, 15.6417, 11.8011



68.1670, -0.5896, 13.4640



32.6819, 1.0068, 2.8077



28.1091, 47.2822, 18.1485



6.2463, 9.8548, 4.0215



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.3308, -14.4326, -0.2059



94.6247, -21.8988, -1.3554



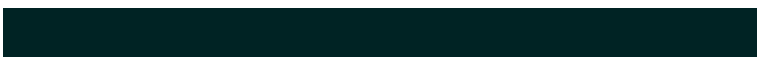
65.5683, -5.3841, -7.4571



34.6664, -4.4293, 0.9013



52.3544, -26.8134, -7.5560



11.4602, -5.9161, -1.5531



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

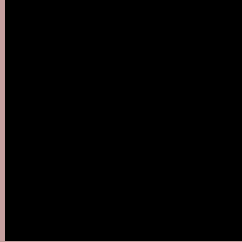
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.8611, 8.8438,

7.9520.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520

### Protanopia

62.9046, -2.4316, 5.6151

### Deuteranopia

62.8346, 4.3957, 8.2723



## Tritanopia

62.7692, 12.0547, 2.4966

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520

## Protanomaly

62.8204, 1.6422, 6.4769

## Deuteranomaly

62.8616, 5.9324, 8.3290

## Tritanomaly

62.9222, 10.9109, 4.5146

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520

## Achromatopsia

63.8154, -3.4050, 3.4672

## Achromatomaly

63.3488, 0.7672, 4.8319

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 160, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 160, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 160, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 160, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 160, 159) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 160, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 160, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 160, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 160, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 160,  
159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.8611, 8.8438, 7.9520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 160, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
160, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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