

Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.8774, 4.9731,
-29.0309)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(62.8774, 4.9731,
-29.0309) contains.

HunterLab(62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(62.8774, 4.9397,
-29.0151)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99A6E2
RGB	153, 166, 226
RGB Percent	60%, 65%, 89%
CMY	0.4000, 0.3490, 0.1137
CMYK	0.32, 0.27, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	229°, 56%, 74%
HSV	229°, 32%, 89%
XYZ	40.5005, 39.5357, 77.4480
YIQ	168.9530, -27.0080, 15.9040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

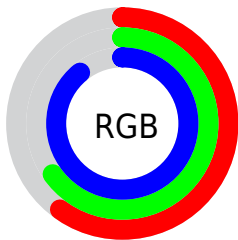
Format	Color
R _Y B	153, 164, 226
Decimal	10069730
CIE Lab	69.14, 9.28, -31.74
CIE LCh	69, 33.069, 286.294
Yxy	39.5372, 0.2572, 0.2510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288259810 (0xFF99A6E2)
YUV	168.9530, 28.1242, -13.9908
Hunter-Lab	62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151

Details

The HunterLab color $62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $81.2760, -8.4638, 27.9481$, and the grayscale version is $62.8658, -3.3544, 3.4156$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85.1400, -1.8155, -13.4521$, and $42.0074, 5.2194, -27.7003$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55.9192, 9.0637, -41.6736$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70.1404, 1.4539, -17.5759$.

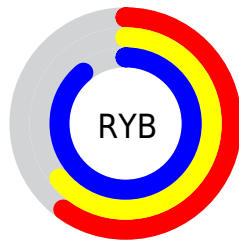
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (65%)

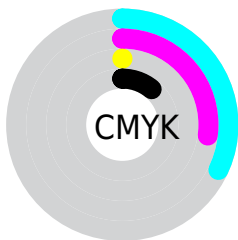
Blue (89%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (89%)

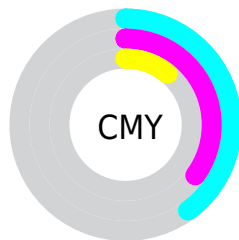


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62.8774, 4.9397,
-29.0151

■ 62.8774, 4.9397,
-29.0151

■ 185.5179, 1.8394,
-31.7778

■ 52.1324, 5.0366,
-28.4556

■ 86.2892, 4.5681,
-29.9878

■ 42.0795, 5.0663,
-27.8648

■ 98.8882, 4.3047,
-30.3963

■ 32.7715, 5.0186,
-27.2698

■ 112.0470, 3.9947,
-30.7518

■ 24.2737, 4.8804,
-26.7349

■ 125.7426, 3.6411,
-31.0552

■ 16.6721, 4.6325,
-26.4199

■ 139.9547, 3.2467,
-31.3078

■ 10.0885, 4.2450,
-26.7957

154.6653, 2.8136,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-31.5113

0.0000, NaN, -NF

169.8580, 2.3440,
-31.6674

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.8774, 4.9397,
-29.0151

■ 62.8774, 4.9397,
-29.0151

■ 55.9192, 9.0637,
-41.6736

■ 70.1404, 1.4539,
-17.5759

■ 49.3240, 13.9956,
-55.8521

■ 77.6588, -1.5268,
-7.1068

■ 43.1783, 19.9267,
-71.8456

■ 85.3997, -4.1074,
2.5971

■ 37.5999, 27.0280,
-89.8169

■ 93.3365, -6.3684,
11.6960

■ 32.7474, 35.3210,
-109.4738

■ 99.1317, -10.1134,
17.8734

■ 28.8165, 44.4131,
-129.5076

■ 26.5054, 51.2299,
-143.7202

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.8786, -10.0468, -29.4890



62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151



62.8786, 18.8768, -18.6369

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.8786, 4.9391, -29.0137



62.8786, 17.8348, 20.2001



62.8786, -28.9951, 9.5821

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151



81.2760, -8.4638, 27.9481

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.8786, -22.8775, 19.5809



62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151



62.8786, 3.6218, 24.6676

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.8786, 4.9391, -29.0137



62.8786, 26.7858, 10.6434



62.8786, -11.2468, 24.4713



62.8786, -28.7142, -4.7711

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151



62.8786, 25.2860, -8.6362



62.8786, -11.2468, 24.4713



62.8786, -27.6454, 13.4835

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.8786, 4.9391, -29.0137



91.0107, -2.4476, -5.5958



81.2099, -27.1707, 3.7916



41.5302, -0.9293, -3.3351

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.8786, 4.9391, -29.0137



66.5059, 8.8676, -43.2069



61.2524, 18.2658, -31.5838



36.9270, -1.0644, -1.9709



20.3228, 37.6023, -106.5742



6.3596, 6.7357, -22.4894

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.5799, 24.1889, 7.0947



69.2195, 35.1929, 9.2916



83.2908, -22.4369, 29.4768



37.0678, 1.6162, 2.3537



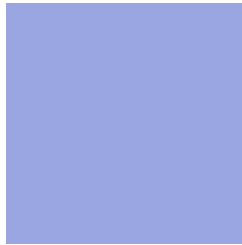
30.5368, 52.6250, 17.1759



8.1135, 14.1276, 3.4362

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

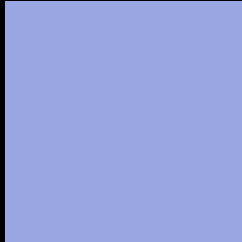
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

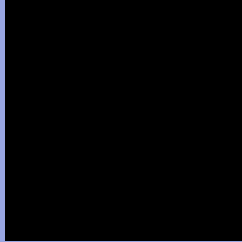
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151.

-29.0151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151

Protanopia

62.8003, 4.6815, -29.1504

Deuteranopia

62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151



Tritanopia

62.7728, -9.1474, -5.8851

Trichromacy



Original Color

62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151

Protanomaly

62.8003, 4.6815, -29.1504

Deuteranomaly

62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151

Tritanomaly

62.5856, -4.1400, -13.8561

Monochromacy



Original Color

62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151

Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223

Achromatomaly

62.8566, -0.9475, -7.2357

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 166, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 166, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 166, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 166, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 166, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 166, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 166, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 166, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 166, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 166,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.8774, 4.9397, -29.0151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 166, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
166, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor