

Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.8968, 8.3192,
-42.2335)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(62.8968, 8.3192,
-42.2335) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(62.9395, 8.3764,
-42.4475)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92A5F5
RGB	146, 165, 245
RGB Percent	57%, 65%, 96%
CMY	0.4274, 0.3529, 0.0392
CMYK	0.40, 0.33, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	228°, 83%, 77%
HSV	228°, 40%, 96%
XYZ	41.7906, 39.6138, 91.8298
YIQ	168.4390, -37.0040, 20.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

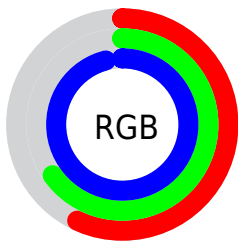
Format	Color
R _Y B	146, 162, 245
Decimal	9610741
CIE Lab	69.19, 12.99, -42.07
CIE LCh	69, 44.034, 287.158
Yxy	39.6153, 0.2412, 0.2287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287800821 (0xFF92A5F5)
YUV	168.4390, 37.7446, -19.6790
Hunter-Lab	62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475

Details

The HunterLab color $62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999FF$. A complement of this color would be $87.1104, -8.9180, 35.0105$, and the grayscale version is $62.6182, -3.3412, 3.4022$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.3225, -3.0418, -14.6160$, and $41.9699, 8.2054, -41.2056$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55.6843, 13.4467, -57.4328$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70.5760, 4.1547, -29.0112$.

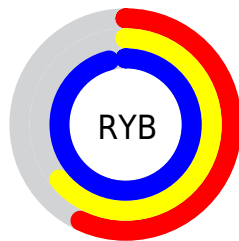
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (65%)

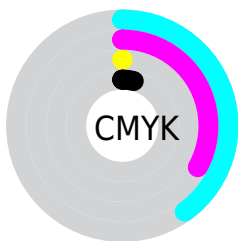
Blue (96%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (96%)

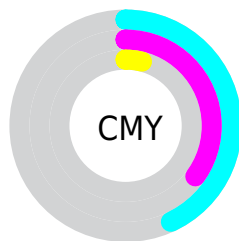


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62.9395, 8.3764,
-42.4475

■ 62.9395, 8.3764,
-42.4475

185.6069, 6.6184,
-47.2650

■ 52.1907, 8.2913,
-41.7590

■ 86.3582, 8.3442,
-43.7941

■ 42.1338, 8.1282,
-41.1096

■ 98.9604, 8.2395,
-44.4222

■ 32.8215, 7.8755,
-40.5738

112.1222, 8.0822,
-45.0094

■ 24.3189, 7.5176,
-40.3099

125.8207, 7.8759,
-45.5524

■ 16.7120, 7.0326,
-40.6887

140.0357, 7.6238,
-46.0495

■ 10.1222, 6.3886,
-42.7653

154.7491, 7.3287,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-46.5005

0.0000, NaN, -NF

169.9444, 6.9929,
-46.9054

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 62.9395, 8.3764,
-42.4475

■ 62.9395, 8.3764,
-42.4475

■ 55.6843, 13.4467,
-57.4328

■ 70.5760, 4.1547,
-29.0112

■ 48.8923, 19.5728,
-74.2887

■ 78.5280, 0.6061,
-16.8244

■ 42.6817, 26.9558,
-93.2298

■ 86.7504, -2.4096,
-5.6286

■ 37.2106, 35.6824,
-114.0919

■ 95.2081, -5.0010,
4.7825

■ 32.6781, 45.4813,
-135.8054

■ 99.6858, -7.0597,
9.9221

■ 29.3720, 54.9434,
-155.3193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.9407, -11.6743, -43.6300



62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475



62.9407, 27.3536, -26.8312

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.9407, 8.3762, -42.4460



62.9407, 24.9468, 24.7619



62.9407, -36.6068, 11.0190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475



87.1104, -8.9180, 35.0105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.9407, -29.1241, 23.5531



62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475



62.9407, 5.4060, 29.6553

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.9407, 8.3762, -42.4460



62.9407, 37.7087, 13.2809



62.9407, -14.2979, 29.2956



62.9407, -36.0214, -8.3356

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475



62.9407, 36.0960, -12.4742



62.9407, -14.2979, 29.2956



62.9407, -34.9952, 16.0247

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.9407, 8.3762, -42.4460



89.3738, -2.0435, -7.7263



87.6721, -35.0827, 5.1379



40.8229, -0.7625, -4.2689

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.9407, 8.3762, -42.4460



59.9843, 12.7594, -56.3273



60.2887, 26.5402, -47.3417



40.5479, -1.2345, -2.1495



21.9013, 39.1114, -111.8050



7.4659, 8.5240, -27.7326

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.3364, 35.1786, 8.5716



63.5052, 45.0933, 10.5190



90.4841, -28.2373, 37.4413



40.6626, 1.8384, 2.5195



32.5324, 56.0992, 18.0267



9.7155, 16.8929, 4.3025

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

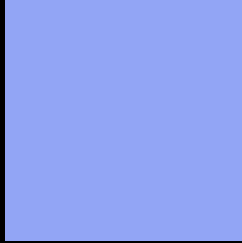
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

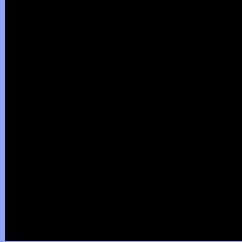
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475.

-42.4475.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475

Protanopia

62.9897, 7.1611, -43.1284

Deuteranopia

62.9550, 5.4587, -42.4690



Tritanopia

62.9872, -12.9245, -7.2695

Trichromacy



Original Color

62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475

Protanomaly

63.0602, 7.3944, -42.9891

Deuteranomaly

62.8711, 6.6705, -42.6081

Tritanomaly

62.8304, -5.6837, -18.9208

Monochromacy



Original Color

62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475

Achromatopsia

62.5758, -3.3389, 3.3999

Achromatomaly

62.5272, -0.1433, -10.9943

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 165, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 165, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 165, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 165, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 165, 245) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 165, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 165, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 165, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 165, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 165,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.9395, 8.3764, -42.4475 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 165, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
165, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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