

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.9187, -35.5206,  
36.7925)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(62.9187, -35.5206,  
36.7925) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(62.9187,  
-35.5206, 36.7925)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7DBA21
RGB	125, 186, 33
RGB Percent	49%, 73%, 13%
CMY	0.5098, 0.2706, 0.8706
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.82, 0.27
HSL	84°, 70%, 43%
HSV	84°, 82%, 73%
XYZ	26.2909, 39.5876, 7.6943
YIQ	150.3190, 12.7570, -60.5150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

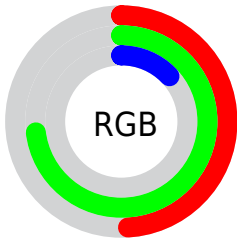
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	33, 186, 94
Decimal	8239649
CIELab	69.18, -41.35, 64.17
CIELCh	69, 76.337, 122.801
Yxy	39.5894, 0.3573, 0.5381
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286429729 (0xFF7DBA21)
YUV	150.3190, -57.8383, -22.2048
Hunter-Lab	62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925

# Details

The HunterLab color  $62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CC33$ . A complement of this color would be  $26.4836, 48.1810, -86.8421$ , and the grayscale version is  $55.5787, -2.9655, 3.0197$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86.1624, -40.9458, 45.2500$ , and  $42.1088, -28.6076, 25.4464$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $62.4298, -37.6102, 37.4021$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $63.4848, -33.0687, 35.5490$ .

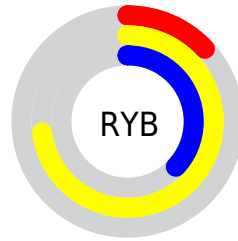
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (73%)

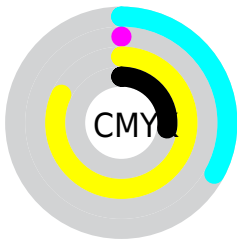
Blue (13%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (37%)

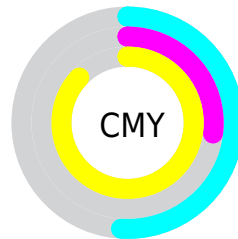


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (82%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 62.9187, -35.5206,  
36.7925

■ 62.9187, -35.5206,  
36.7925

185.5774,  
-58.8611, 71.3847

■ 52.1714, -32.5340,  
32.1838

■ 86.3353, -41.1499,  
45.3985

■ 42.1158, -29.3866,  
27.3346

■ 98.9364, -43.8334,  
49.4483

■ 32.8049, -26.0292,  
22.5365

■ 112.0972,  
-46.4504, 53.3592

■ 24.3039, -22.3843,  
17.0127

■ 125.7948,  
-49.0122, 57.1499

■ 16.6987, -18.3253,  
11.6891

■ 140.0089,  
-51.5276, 60.8356

■ 10.1110, -17.6943,  
7.0777

■ 154.7213,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-54.0038, 64.4296

0.0000, NaN, NaN

169.9158,  
-56.4466, 67.9428

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.9187, -35.5206,  
36.7925

■ 62.9187, -35.5206,  
36.7925

■ 62.4298, -37.6102,  
37.4021

■ 63.4848, -33.0687,  
35.5490

■ 62.0916, -39.0293,  
37.5773

■ 64.1290, -30.2283,  
33.5977

■ 64.8566, -26.9901,  
30.8902

■ 65.6699, -23.3514,  
27.3959

■ 66.5704, -19.3163,  
23.0993

■ 67.5590, -14.8942,  
17.9976

■ 68.6358, -10.0989,  
12.0985

■ 69.8001, -4.9475,  
5.4187

■ 71.0512, 0.5405,  
-2.0182

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.9201, -6.5815, 39.5292



62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925



62.9201, -52.3078, 26.0436

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.9201, -35.5221, 36.7928



62.9201, -30.9958, -82.9753



62.9201, 77.9158, 6.4422

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925



26.4836, 48.1810, -86.8421

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.9201, 67.4918, -32.9522



62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925



62.9201, -0.0737, -98.3750

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.9201, -35.5221, 36.7928



62.9201, -50.1191, -41.4590



62.9201, 36.9269, -76.4706



62.9201, 62.9623, 28.9835



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925



62.9201, -56.7326, 10.8571



62.9201, 36.9269, -76.4706



62.9201, 77.2670, -5.0414

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.9201, -35.5221, 36.7928



90.5201, -21.9880, 26.5165



42.5962, 27.3816, 24.7234



42.2579, -11.3058, 13.5832



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.9201, -35.5221, 36.7928



83.5624, -52.6611, 50.5195



59.9412, -47.7436, 34.6759



32.1246, -4.0188, 4.7624



50.9715, -31.8351, 30.8511



9.7510, -5.2531, 5.9165



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.4836, 48.1810, -86.8421



30.1294, 72.4758, -145.8607



36.0212, 63.7659, -53.1540



29.8153, 0.8125, -1.6575



18.4660, 44.5393, -88.1877



3.9559, 8.9000, -13.9193



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

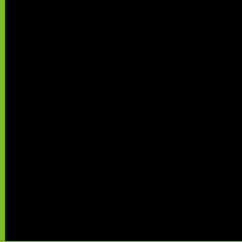
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925.

-35.5206, 36.7925.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925

### Protanopia

62.6726, -8.8992, 37.4235

### Deuteranopia

62.6065, 4.3357, 36.1069



## Tritanopia

62.7014, -9.4027, -5.9842

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925

## Protanomaly

62.3383, -19.4955, 36.9031

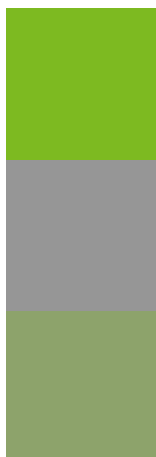
## Deuteranomaly

61.8437, -11.7421, 35.8022

## Tritanomaly

62.2204, -22.3315, 17.4875

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925

## Achromatopsia

55.2257, -2.9467, 3.0005

## Achromatomaly

57.3748, -17.2283, 20.6782

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 186, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 186, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 186, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 186, 33) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 186, 33) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 186, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 186, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 186, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 186, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 186,  
33) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.9187, -35.5206, 36.7925 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 186, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
186, 33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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