

Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.9466, -7.7413,
-11.6677)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(62.9466, -7.7413,
-11.6677) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(62.9500, -7.7382,
-11.6657)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DADC6
RGB	141, 173, 198
RGB Percent	55%, 68%, 78%
CMY	0.4470, 0.3216, 0.2235
CMYK	0.29, 0.13, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	206°, 33%, 66%
HSV	206°, 29%, 78%
XYZ	36.1211, 39.6270, 59.1710
YIQ	166.2820, -27.0970, 0.9910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

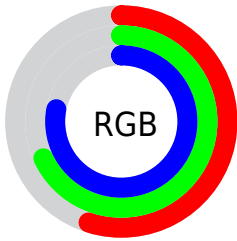
Format	Color
RYB	141, 161, 198
Decimal	9285062
CIELab	69.20, -5.09, -16.31
CIELCh	69, 17.082, 252.675
Yxy	39.6286, 0.2677, 0.2937
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287475142 (0xFF8DADC6)
YUV	166.2820, 15.6370, -22.1723
Hunter-Lab	62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657

Details

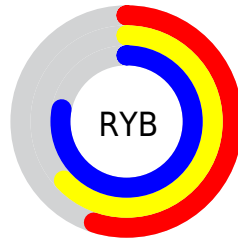
The HunterLab color $62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699CC$. A complement of this color would be $64.1884, 3.7248, 16.3407$, and the grayscale version is $61.8145, -3.2983, 3.3585$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.2801, -9.1537, -12.0074$, and $42.2045, -6.2245, -11.1699$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.0104, -8.1674, -17.4608$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.0535, -6.8276, -6.0424$.

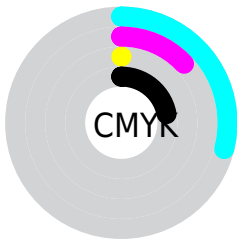
Distribution



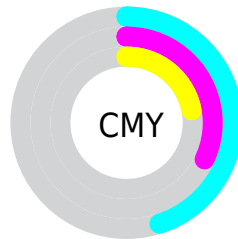
- Red (55%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62.9500, -7.7382,
-11.6657

■ 62.9500, -7.7382,
-11.6657

185.6221,
-16.2353, -10.3690

■ 52.2007, -6.8923,
-11.5390

■ 86.3699, -9.4893,
-11.7291

■ 42.1431, -6.0633,
-11.3453

■ 98.9727, -10.3939,
-11.6765

■ 32.8300, -5.2498,
-11.0792

■ 112.1350,
-11.3183, -11.5719

■ 24.3266, -4.4481,
-10.7396

125.8341,
-12.2626, -11.4187

■ 16.7188, -3.6510,
-10.3354

140.0495,
-13.2266, -11.2195

■ 10.1280, -2.8434,
-9.9168

154.7634,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-14.2102, -10.9768

0.0000, NaN, NaN

169.9592,
-15.2132, -10.6926

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.9500, -7.7382,
-11.6657

■ 62.9500, -7.7382,
-11.6657

■ 59.0104, -8.1674,
-17.4608

■ 67.0535, -6.8276,
-6.0424

■ 55.2469, -8.0486,
-23.4346

■ 71.3027, -5.4921,
-0.5854

■ 51.6778, -7.3145,
-29.5810

■ 75.6862, -3.7842,
4.7186

■ 48.3209, -5.8989,
-35.8829

■ 80.1927, -1.7493,
9.8831

■ 45.1936, -3.7463,
-42.3086

■ 84.8122, 0.5739,
14.9218

■ 42.3094, -0.8270,
-48.8126

■ 89.0195, 1.3956,
19.2938

■ 39.6600, 2.7935,
-55.3833

■ 91.6858, -3.1512,
21.8920

■ 39.3472, 3.2531,
-56.2031

■ 94.4051, -7.6570,
24.4840

■ 97.1748, -12.1210,
27.0688

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.9513, -13.9485, -6.9601



62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657



62.9513, -0.0588, -12.0328

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.9513, -7.7390, -11.6646



62.9513, 11.8470, 6.4586



62.9513, -13.1488, 12.9837

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657



64.1884, 3.7248, 16.3407

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.9513, -6.5990, 15.7479



62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657



62.9513, 7.9732, 12.2985

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.9513, -7.7390, -11.6646



62.9513, 11.5053, -0.9429



62.9513, 1.1373, 15.5133



62.9513, -16.9665, 7.5037

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657



62.9513, 4.8870, -9.7125



62.9513, 1.1373, 15.5133



62.9513, -11.2075, 14.2297

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.9513, -7.7390, -11.6646



94.6835, -7.3790, -1.0283



69.8525, -25.0484, 12.1047



43.4136, -3.5492, -0.9662

0.0000, NaN, NaN



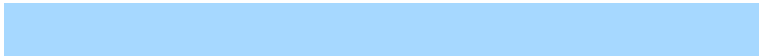
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.9513, -7.7390, -11.6646



80.2115, -10.7583, -20.6936



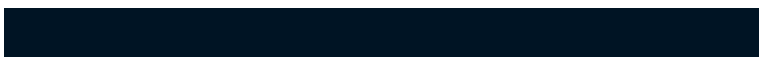
54.7089, 6.2955, -24.0788



33.5541, -2.6368, -0.4285



32.0018, 2.1379, -44.6145



7.9208, -1.1334, -7.4536

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.3726, 21.2582, -3.8171



73.0699, 36.3055, -6.9751



72.5274, -10.1826, 23.9119



32.7643, 1.9314, 0.5934



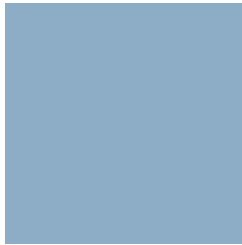
29.2811, 52.7614, -1.3623



6.4835, 11.8845, -1.8675

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

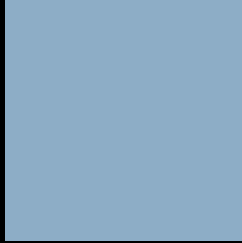
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

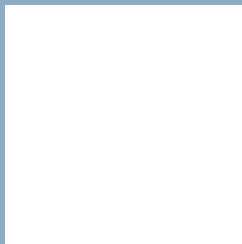
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657.

-11.6657.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657

Protanopia

62.7893, 0.6090, -9.4933

Deuteranopia

62.9495, 4.5613, -12.5978



Tritanopia

63.1055, -10.9734, -6.5400

Trichromacy



Original Color

62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657

Protanomaly

62.7567, -2.4551, -10.1504

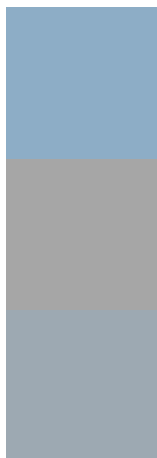
Deuteranomaly

62.8488, -0.3286, -12.2519

Tritanomaly

62.9709, -9.6664, -8.3210

Monochromacy



Original Color

62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657

Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

Achromatomaly

62.2562, -5.3615, -1.8445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 173, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 173, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 173, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 173, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 173, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 173, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 173, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 173, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 173, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 173,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.9500, -7.7382, -11.6657 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 173, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
173, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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