

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(62.9871, 25.0292,  
9.7974)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(62.9871, 25.0292,  
9.7974) contains.

<b>HunterLab(62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(62.9187, 25.0522,  
9.5703)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1949C
RGB	225, 148, 156
RGB Percent	88%, 58%, 61%
CMY	0.1176, 0.4196, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.31, 0.12
HSL	354°, 56%, 73%
HSV	354°, 34%, 88%
XYZ	47.6419, 39.5876, 36.5826
YIQ	171.9350, 43.3240, 18.8120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

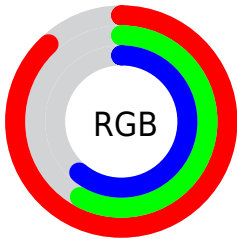
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	225, 148, 156
Decimal	14783644
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	69.18, 30.04, 7.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	69, 31.044, 14.582
Yxy	39.5895, 0.3848, 0.3197
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292973724 (0xFFE1949C)
YUV	171.9350, -7.8560, 46.5380
Hunter-Lab	62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703

# Details

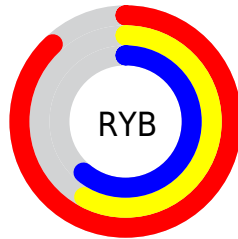
The HunterLab color **62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **80.7198, -27.0123, 1.0461**, and the grayscale version is **64.2227, -3.4268, 3.4893**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.8402, 14.9742, 7.6688**, and **42.0838, 23.4043, 7.5128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.0755, 34.2272, 11.6355**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.3456, 16.0329, 7.8199**.

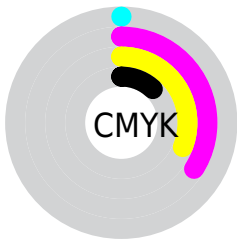
# Distribution



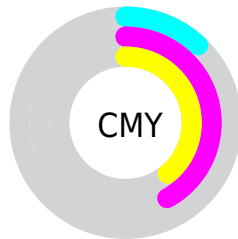
- Red (88%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



62.9187, 25.0522,  
9.5703

62.9187, 25.0522,  
9.5703

185.5776, 29.1866,  
19.1638

52.1715, 24.1873,  
8.5728

86.3354, 26.4829,  
11.6002

42.1159, 23.2141,  
7.5803

98.9366, 27.0717,  
12.6342

32.8050, 22.1173,  
6.5885

112.0974, 27.5847,  
13.6828

24.3040, 20.8839,  
5.5881

125.7950, 28.0274,  
14.7468

16.6988, 19.5072,  
4.5628

140.0090, 28.4050,  
15.8266

10.1111, 18.0165,  
3.7960

154.7215, 28.7216,


0.0000, INF, NaN


16.9226


0.0000, NaN, NaN


169.9159, 28.9810,  
18.0350


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 62.9187, 25.0522,  
9.5703


 62.9187, 25.0522,  
9.5703


 57.0755, 34.2272,  
11.6355


 69.3456, 16.0329,  
7.8199


 51.9255, 43.3199,  
14.0016


 76.2565, 7.2880,  
6.3591


 47.5970, 51.8863,  
16.5993

 83.5762, -1.1555,  
5.1547

 44.2120, 59.2801,  
19.2706

 91.2438, -9.3092,  
4.1702

 41.8536, 64.7733,  
21.7711

 97.3384, -14.7226,  
2.0950

■ 40.5179, 67.8612,  
23.8260

■ 40.0885, 68.8108,  
24.6796

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.9202, 24.9298, -3.8154



62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703



62.9202, 17.1112, 18.9562

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.9202, 25.0493, 9.5714



62.9202, -21.2626, 19.1483



62.9202, -10.3991, -26.8121

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703



80.7198, -27.0123, 1.0461

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.9202, -21.5093, -17.4724



62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703



62.9202, -27.3953, 9.8955

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.9202, 25.0493, 9.5714



62.9202, -10.0343, 23.6024



62.9202, -27.4814, -3.4120



62.9202, 3.6033, -26.9530



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703



62.9202, 8.6890, 22.5317



62.9202, -27.4814, -3.4120



62.9202, -14.5666, -24.5663

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.9202, 25.0493, 9.5714



91.3293, 4.3185, 6.7190



64.2024, 33.6253, -25.6339



41.7051, 2.6385, 3.2021

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.9202, 25.0493, 9.5714



67.6762, 36.3346, 12.6735



70.5663, 8.6068, 20.0914



37.0453, 1.4953, 2.6744



30.4448, 52.2840, 18.5380



8.0647, 13.9478, 4.1515



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.9202, 25.0493, 9.5714



67.6762, 36.3346, 12.6735



71.4009, -11.3817, -15.3540



37.0453, 1.4953, 2.6744



30.4448, 52.2840, 18.5380



8.0647, 13.9478, 4.1515



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

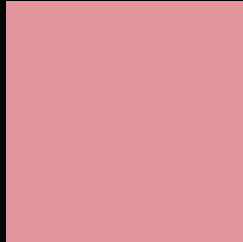
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 62.9187, 25.0522,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703

### Protanopia

62.9917, -1.9559, 4.3701

### Deuteranopia

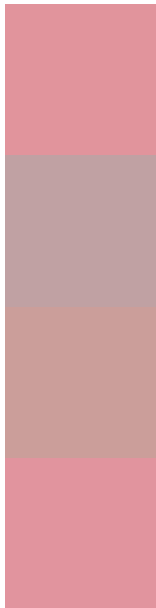
62.9052, 4.3644, 10.4333



## Tritanopia

63.0004, 25.4628, 8.3973

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703

## Protanomaly

62.7220, 7.1853, 6.0205

## Deuteranomaly

62.8358, 11.3035, 10.0703

## Tritanomaly

62.9730, 25.3249, 8.7911

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703

## Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

## Achromatomaly

63.2645, 6.2830, 5.2833

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 148, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 148, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 148, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 148, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 148, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 148, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 148, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 148, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 148, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 148,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 62.9187, 25.0522, 9.5703 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 148, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
148, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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