

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.0016, 4.2374,  
36.3646)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.0016, 4.2374,  
36.3646) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.0016, 4.2374,  
36.3646)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4A12F
RGB	212, 161, 47
RGB Percent	83%, 63%, 18%
CMY	0.1686, 0.3686, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.78, 0.17
HSL	41°, 66%, 51%
HSV	41°, 78%, 83%
XYZ	40.4093, 39.6920, 8.2208
YIQ	163.2530, 66.9900, -24.6420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

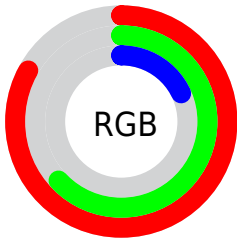
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	121, 212, 47
Decimal	13934895
CIE Lab	69.25, 8.51, 62.45
CIE LCh	69, 63.028, 82.241
Yxy	39.6940, 0.4575, 0.4494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292124975 (0xFFD4A12F)
YUV	163.2530, -57.3127, 42.7511
Hunter-Lab	63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646

# Details

The HunterLab color **63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **37.5403, 17.1512, -74.9415**, and the grayscale version is **60.8322, -3.2459, 3.3051**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.4577, -3.6738, 43.1536**, and **42.3369, 4.8068, 26.1720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.0999, 6.9126, 36.8332**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.0070, 1.8987, 35.0725**.

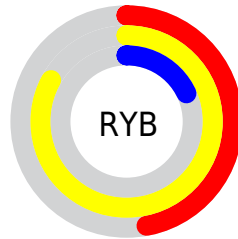
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (63%)

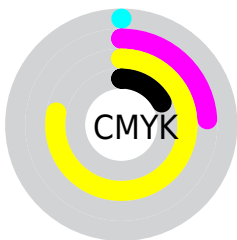
Blue (18%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (18%)

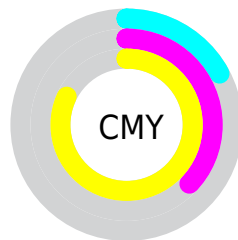


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (78%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63.0016, 4.2374,  
36.3646

63.0016, 4.2374,  
36.3646

185.6965, 0.8496,  
70.1349

52.2494, 4.3710,  
31.8685

86.4276, 3.7910,  
44.7588

42.1885, 4.4422,  
27.1337

99.0330, 3.4938,  
48.7095

32.8718, 4.4388,  
22.3516

112.1979, 3.1513,  
52.5260

24.3644, 4.3485,  
17.0551

125.8994, 2.7665,  
56.2262

16.7521, 4.1530,  
11.7265

140.1173, 2.3419,  
59.8255

10.1562, 3.8234,  
7.1093

154.8334, 1.8796,

0.0000, INF, NaN

63.3364

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.0314, 1.3816,  
66.7698

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.0016, 4.2374,  
36.3646

■ 63.0016, 4.2374,  
36.3646

■ 61.0999, 6.9126,  
36.8332

■ 65.0070, 1.8987,  
35.0725

■ 59.2925, 9.8871,  
36.5766

■ 67.1116, -0.0740,  
32.9241

■ 58.9089, 10.5503,  
36.4841

■ 69.3155, -1.6750,  
29.9164

■ 71.6164, -2.9037,  
26.0646

■ 74.0112, -3.7659,  
21.3955

■ 76.4964, -4.2714,  
15.9440

■ 79.0684, -4.4331,  
9.7494

■ 81.7235, -4.2660,  
2.8533

■ 84.4579, -3.7859,  
-4.7020

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.0032, 33.9771, 32.3563



63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646



63.0032, -22.8610, 35.1803

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.0032, 4.2344, 36.3652



63.0032, -46.6207, -19.7625



63.0032, 46.2826, -37.7594

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646



37.5403, 17.1512, -74.9415

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.0032, 18.8340, -66.7656



63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646



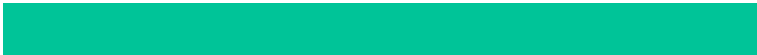
63.0032, -33.6321, -53.5441

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.0032, 4.2344, 36.3652



63.0032, -49.1265, 10.0926



63.0032, -10.6206, -73.5609



63.0032, 60.9209, -4.0518



# Rectangle

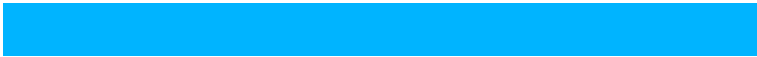
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646



63.0032, -36.2407, 31.1695



63.0032, -10.6206, -73.5609



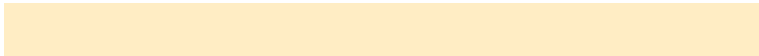
63.0032, 38.0374, -48.9047

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.0032, 4.2344, 36.3652



92.6049, -4.9805, 23.4050



41.1534, 59.9788, 9.3105



42.3301, -2.1827, 11.9275

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.0032, 4.2344, 36.3652



73.9181, 10.7418, 45.2822



75.6350, -30.1987, 43.9688



37.2050, -2.0954, 5.1031



46.4855, 7.9124, 28.7827



12.0305, 0.8179, 7.4274



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.5403, 17.1512, -74.9415



38.5408, 34.6775, -121.1860



28.9398, 47.9276, -108.9379



35.5367, -1.6494, -1.3849



23.3727, 24.7810, -82.7089



6.8929, 3.2565, -15.6454



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.0016, 4.2374,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646

### Protanopia

63.1810, -8.3947, 36.0581

### Deuteranopia

63.1198, 4.6339, 36.4491



## Tritanopia

62.8342, 22.5393, 6.8584

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646

**Protanomaly**

63.1321, -4.0550, 36.2046

**Deuteranomaly**

63.1198, 4.6339, 36.4491

**Tritanomaly**

62.5030, 14.1779, 21.9064

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646

**Achromatopsia**

60.5188, -3.2291, 3.2881

**Achromatomaly**

60.8645, -2.6129, 19.8375

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 161, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 161, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 161, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 161, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 161, 47) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 161, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 161, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 161, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 161, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 161,  
47) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.0016, 4.2374, 36.3646 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 161, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
161, 47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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