

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.0490, -43.4092,  
21.0200)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.0490, -43.4092,  
21.0200) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.0538,  
-43.4887, 21.0828)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	32C079
RGB	50, 192, 121
RGB Percent	20%, 75%, 47%
CMY	0.8039, 0.2470, 0.5255
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.37, 0.25
HSL	150°, 59%, 47%
HSV	150°, 74%, 75%
XYZ	23.6162, 39.7578, 24.5184
YIQ	141.4480, -61.8410, -52.1850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

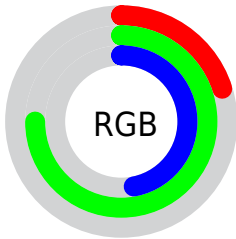
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">50, 145, 192</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3326073</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.30, -53.32, 25.39</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 59.058, 154.541</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.7594, 0.2687, 0.4523</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281516153 (0xFF32C079)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">141.4480, -10.0809, -80.1999</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828</a>

# Details

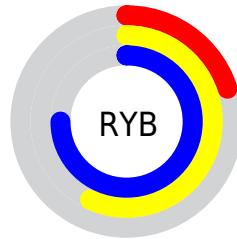
The HunterLab color **63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as dark muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **38.5603, 54.4098, -3.1030**, and the grayscale version is **51.8467, -2.7664, 2.8169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.3252, -50.3315, 24.8087**, and **42.8476, -32.8435, 17.3440** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.5664, -45.8673, 23.3887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.7192, -40.3852, 18.7076**.

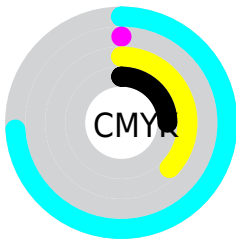
# Distribution



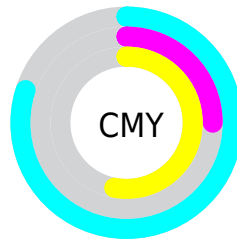
- Red (20%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.0538, -43.4887,  
21.0828


 63.0538, -43.4887,  
21.0828


185.7710,  
-72.0507, 37.8653


 52.2982, -39.7342,  
19.0325


 86.4853, -50.4970,  
25.0071

 42.2339, -35.7525,  
16.8968


 99.0934, -53.8095,  
26.9062


 32.9136, -31.4761,  
14.6465


 112.2609,  
-57.0230, 28.7756

 24.4022, -26.8027,  
12.2379

 125.9648,  
-60.1527, 30.6218

 16.7855, -21.6237,  
9.8027

 140.1851,  
-63.2112, 32.4501

 10.1845, -17.8228,  
7.1291

154.9035,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-66.2084, 34.2646

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.1037,  
-69.1526, 36.0687

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.0538, -43.4887,  
21.0828

■ 63.0538, -43.4887,  
21.0828

■ 62.5664, -45.8673,  
23.3887

■ 63.7192, -40.3852,  
18.7076

■ 62.2346, -47.5747,  
25.5894

■ 64.5714, -36.5321,  
16.2954

■ 62.0848, -48.3816,  
26.8413

■ 65.6199, -31.9342,  
13.8800

■ 66.8693, -26.6176,  
11.4925

■ 68.3205, -20.6259,  
9.1614

■ 69.9720, -14.0150,  
6.9115

■ 71.8198, -6.8484,  
4.7631

■ 73.8584, 0.8068,  
2.7322

■ 76.0807, 8.8837,  
0.8300

# Harmonies

## Analogous

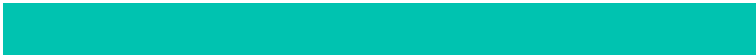
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.0551, -30.0161, 31.9387



63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828



63.0551, -46.9682, -0.5749

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.0551, -43.4894, 21.0833



63.0551, 0.7656, -67.6348



63.0551, 44.9631, 25.3870

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828



38.5603, 54.4098, -3.1030

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.0551, 56.6903, 7.1926



63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828



63.0551, 28.6047, -51.7985

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.0551, -43.4894, 21.0833



63.0551, -24.0334, -58.8399



63.0551, 50.2549, -21.4968



63.0551, 20.3581, 33.5961



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828



63.0551, -43.7443, -20.5222



63.0551, 50.2549, -21.4968



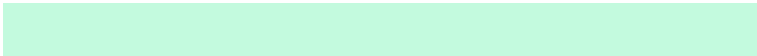
63.0551, 50.7132, 20.5922

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.0551, -43.4894, 21.0833



92.3021, -26.3901, 11.8378



64.9379, -37.6442, 36.5999



42.4872, -13.3005, 5.8733



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.0551, -43.4894, 21.0833



83.9070, -63.3231, 33.4179



64.8697, -32.5664, -4.9327



33.6763, -5.1352, 2.8128



50.9427, -39.5909, 21.7915



10.6546, -7.8245, 3.5735



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5603, 54.4098, -3.1030



47.9241, 81.6177, 0.8838



37.0671, 48.3376, 18.4200



31.8748, 1.7792, 0.8149



28.5040, 50.8629, 2.5360



6.0413, 10.9939, -1.1202



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

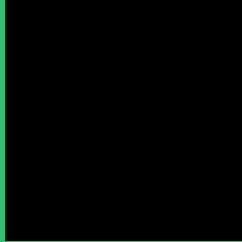
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828.



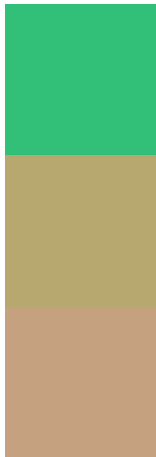
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828.

-43.4887, 21.0828.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828

### Protanopia

62.5284, -6.1894, 24.1613

### Deuteranopia

62.3847, 4.3252, 19.1079



## Tritanopia

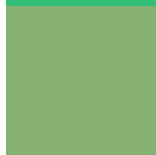
63.0381, -23.6515, -11.8198

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828



## Protanomaly

61.4414, -24.2935, 21.7829



## Deuteranomaly

60.7577, -18.3189, 18.1846



## Tritanomaly

62.7074, -31.9121, 2.1237

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828



## Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041



## Achromatomaly

54.8188, -20.8511, 9.0202

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 192, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 192, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 192, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 192, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 192, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 192, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 192, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 192, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 192, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 192,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.0538, -43.4887, 21.0828 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 192, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 192,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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