

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.0861, -34.4210,
31.4663)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.0861, -34.4210,
31.4663) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(63.0340,
-34.3626, 31.4600)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 79BA4E |
| RGB | 121, 186, 78 |
| RGB Percent | 47%, 73%, 31% |
| CMY | 0.5255, 0.2706, 0.6941 |
| CMYK | 0.35, 0.00, 0.58, 0.27 |
| HSL | 96°, 44%, 52% |
| HSV | 96°, 58%, 73% |
| XYZ | 26.8193, 39.7329, 13.4635 |
| YIQ | 154.2530, -4.0720, -47.3680 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

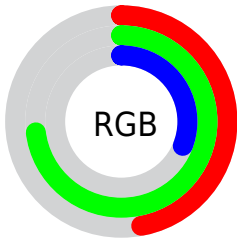
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 78, 186, 143 |
| Decimal | 7977550 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 69.28, -39.63, 47.39 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 69, 61.782, 129.905 |
| Yxy | 39.7346, 0.3352, 0.4966 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286167630 (0xFF79BA4E) |
| YUV | 154.2530, -37.5927, -29.1629 |
| Hunter-Lab | 63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600 |

Details

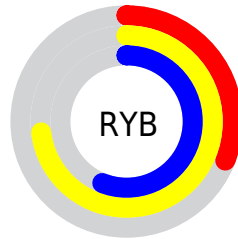
The HunterLab color $63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC66$. A complement of this color would be $38.5161, 38.8037, -47.1005$, and the grayscale version is $57.0986, -3.0466, 3.1023$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.6372, -39.9226, 38.2337$, and $42.1447, -28.3036, 24.2582$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62.2430, -37.9021, 33.6965$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63.9504, -30.2829, 28.4802$.

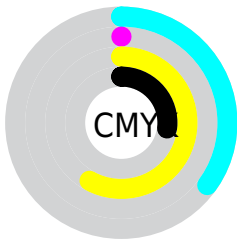
Distribution



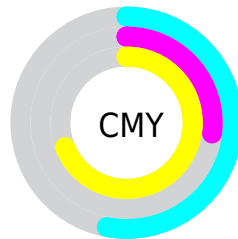
- Red (47%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.0340, -34.3626,
31.4600

■ 63.0340, -34.3626,
31.4600

185.7427,
-56.9587, 58.1401

■ 52.2797, -31.4856,
27.9601

■ 86.4634, -39.7948,
38.0060

■ 42.2167, -28.4578,
24.2638

■ 99.0705, -42.3886,
41.1015

■ 32.8977, -25.2327,
20.3297

■ 112.2370,
-44.9207, 44.1040

■ 24.3878, -21.7371,
16.5464

■ 125.9400,
-47.4016, 47.0277

■ 16.7729, -17.8506,
11.7410

■ 140.1593,
-49.8396, 49.8844

■ 10.1737, -17.6470,
7.1216

154.8769,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-52.2416, 52.6836

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.0763,
-54.6131, 55.4333

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.0340, -34.3626,
31.4600

■ 63.0340, -34.3626,
31.4600

■ 62.2430, -37.9021,
33.6965

■ 63.9504, -30.2829,
28.4802

■ 61.5702, -40.8952,
35.2206

■ 64.9897, -25.6722,
24.7434

■ 61.0118, -43.3546,
36.0886

■ 66.1536, -20.5538,
20.2534

■ 60.5581, -45.3232,
36.4209

■ 67.4412, -14.9562,
15.0265

■ 60.4792, -45.6658,
36.4676

■ 68.8508, -8.9126,
9.0892

■ 70.3798, -2.4590,
2.4756

■ 72.0251, 4.3671,
-4.7748

■ 73.7829, 11.5282,
-12.6192

■ 75.6494, 18.9881,
-21.0134

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.0354, -12.3767, 35.9327



63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600



63.0354, -46.4353, 18.6338

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.0354, -34.3639, 31.4604



63.0354, -20.8448, -66.2524



63.0354, 59.0340, 11.6323

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600



38.5161, 38.8037, -47.1005

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.0354, 55.6884, -16.8602



63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600



63.0354, 6.1794, -70.9029

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.0354, -34.3639, 31.4604



63.0354, -39.6284, -39.1434



63.0354, 35.0901, -49.9654



63.0354, 43.5616, 28.2652

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600



63.0354, -48.7353, 3.5164



63.0354, 35.0901, -49.9654



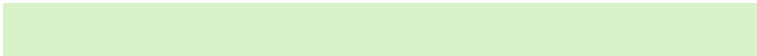
63.0354, 60.1281, 3.3458

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.0354, -34.3639, 31.4604



90.9374, -19.5198, 19.6386



55.2954, 4.6573, 26.4251



42.5030, -9.9008, 9.9253



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.0354, -34.3639, 31.4604



83.4994, -52.3521, 46.0997



61.2024, -41.4909, 27.8722



31.9842, -4.5185, 4.6014



49.6467, -37.2827, 29.9394



9.5141, -6.2055, 5.7539

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5161, 38.8037, -47.1005



44.9802, 64.3326, -82.1461



43.5799, 49.6163, -27.5987



29.9659, 1.3230, -1.4550



21.7828, 48.2527, -70.7999



4.4964, 9.5701, -11.5897

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.0340,

-34.3626, 31.4600.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600

Protanopia

62.7868, -7.8600, 32.5990

Deuteranopia

62.5003, 4.7000, 30.4418



Tritanopia

63.0376, -11.2180, -6.6349

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600

Protanomaly

62.4135, -18.5509, 31.8107

Deuteranomaly

61.8185, -11.1182, 30.2415

Tritanomaly

62.7022, -21.3057, 11.3774

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600

Achromatopsia

56.8457, -3.0331, 3.0885

Achromatomaly

58.7619, -16.0848, 16.0111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 186, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 186, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 186, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 186, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 186, 78) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 186, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 186, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 186, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 186, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 186,  
78) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.0340, -34.3626, 31.4600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 186, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
186, 78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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