

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.1258, 2.5524,  
18.0642)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.1258, 2.5524,  
18.0642) contains.

<b>HunterLab(63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(63.1241, 2.6852,  
18.1013)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C3A485
RGB	195, 164, 133
RGB Percent	76%, 64%, 52%
CMY	0.2353, 0.3568, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.32, 0.24
HSL	30°, 34%, 64%
HSV	30°, 32%, 76%
XYZ	40.0148, 39.8465, 27.7724
YIQ	169.7350, 28.4270, -3.0690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

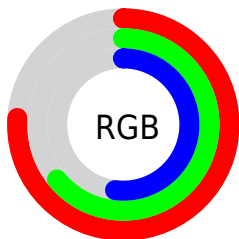
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">195, 195, 133</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12821637</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.36, 6.81, 20.34</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 21.445, 71.494</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.8484, 0.3718, 0.3702</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291011717 (0xFFC3A485)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">169.7350, -18.1104, 22.1574</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color  $63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9966$ . A complement of this color would be  $59.5621, -5.9415, -14.7961$ , and the grayscale version is  $63.3576, -3.3806, 3.4423$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86.5469, 1.8652, 21.5383$ , and  $42.1762, 3.0946, 14.5387$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $60.0014, 5.4052, 21.4830$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66.3797, 0.2803, 14.1820$ .

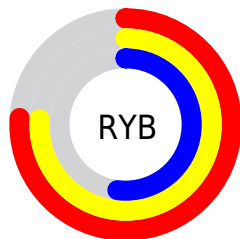
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (64%)

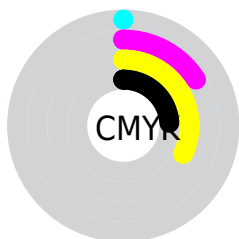
Blue (52%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (52%)

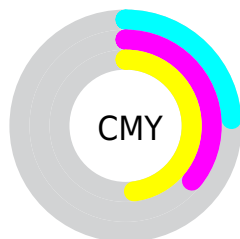


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (48%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 63.1241, 2.6852,  
18.1013


 63.1241, 2.6852,  
18.1013

185.8720, -1.3313,  
32.7378

 52.3644, 2.9059,  
16.3682

 86.5636, 2.0796,  
21.4569

 42.2956, 3.0688,  
14.5771

 99.1753, 1.7079,  
23.0970

 32.9703, 3.1636,  
12.7063


 112.3463, 1.2937,  
24.7212

 24.4536, 3.1795,  
10.7210

126.0536, 0.8399,  
26.3341

 16.8309, 3.1001,  
8.5687

140.2770, 0.3487,  
27.9395

 10.2229, 2.8998,  
7.1560

154.9986, -0.1780,

0.0000, INF, NaN

29.5404

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.2018, -0.7385,  
31.1392

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.1241, 2.6852,  
18.1013

■ 63.1241, 2.6852,  
18.1013

■ 60.0014, 5.4052,  
21.4830

■ 66.3797, 0.2803,  
14.1820

■ 57.0184, 8.4619,  
24.2707

■ 69.7534, -1.8214,  
9.7741

■ 54.1887, 11.8611,  
26.4127

■ 73.2372, -3.6429,  
4.9265

■ 51.5246, 15.5999,  
27.8630

■ 76.8226, -5.2053,  
-0.3173

■ 49.0385, 19.6597,  
28.5914

■ 80.5019, -6.5292,  
-5.9186

■ 46.7414, 23.9983,  
28.6001

■ 84.2682, -7.6345,  
-11.8430

■ 44.9964, 27.6828,  
28.2112

■ 87.5636, -11.5968,  
-10.3064

■ 90.7320, -16.5309,  
-6.2034

■ 93.9583, -21.4013,  
-2.1778

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.1256, 11.2762, 14.1358



63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013



63.1256, -7.0599, 18.5188

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.1256, 2.6829, 18.1022



63.1256, -20.6943, -0.2176



63.1256, 9.5206, -11.4163

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013



59.5621, -5.9415, -14.7961

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.1256, 0.4033, -16.6318



63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013



63.1256, -16.7947, -9.5423

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.1256, 2.6829, 18.1022



63.1256, -20.1662, 8.8329



63.1256, -9.2062, -15.8983



63.1256, 15.3860, -2.4837



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013



63.1256, -12.8595, 16.8168



63.1256, -9.2062, -15.8983



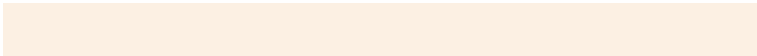
63.1256, 6.7121, -13.7192

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.1256, 2.6829, 18.1022



94.1045, -2.8621, 12.0559



55.7296, 22.8864, -2.6252



43.7287, -1.1659, 6.0614

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.1256, 2.6829, 18.1022



81.6193, 6.0181, 27.3833



72.3366, -12.4499, 26.1671



33.0021, -1.0702, 4.0369



36.5067, 21.7815, 22.8766



8.4482, 2.6672, 5.2525

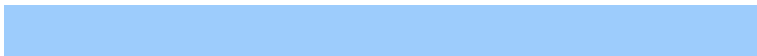


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.5621, -5.9415, -14.7961



75.8880, -7.7644, -25.6192



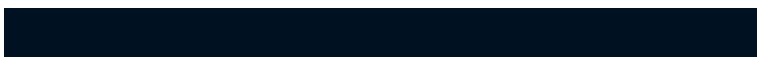
50.6974, 9.5518, -28.9738



32.4981, -2.3026, -0.6033



28.8865, 6.8791, -50.9555



7.0599, -0.4587, -7.8341



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

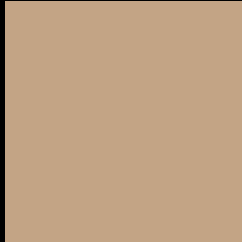
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

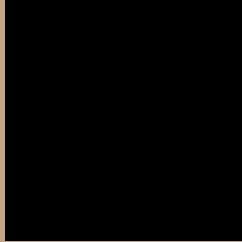
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.1241, 2.6852,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013

### Protanopia

63.1098, -4.7065, 17.2713

### Deuteranopia

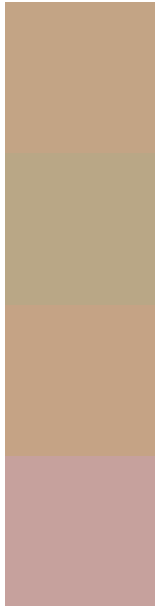
63.1614, 4.2622, 18.1642



## Tritanopia

63.1496, 11.8868, 2.9472

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013

## Protanomaly

62.9865, -2.1699, 17.5434

## Deuteranomaly

63.0541, 3.9016, 18.0563

## Tritanomaly

63.1901, 8.3967, 9.1549

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013

## Achromatopsia

63.4017, -3.3830, 3.4447

## Achromatomaly

63.2640, -1.5791, 9.0607

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 164, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 164, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 164, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 164, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 164, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 164, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 164, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 164, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 164, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 164,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.1241, 2.6852, 18.1013 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 164, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
164, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor