

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.1424, 7.7599,  
35.0185)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.1424, 7.7599,  
35.0185) contains.

<b>HunterLab(63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(63.1460, 7.7359,  
35.0318)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D99F3C
RGB	217, 159, 60
RGB Percent	85%, 62%, 24%
CMY	0.1490, 0.3764, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.72, 0.15
HSL	38°, 67%, 54%
HSV	38°, 72%, 85%
XYZ	41.8290, 39.8742, 9.7668
YIQ	165.0560, 66.3470, -18.4930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

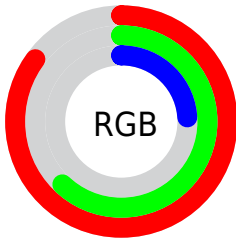
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	152, 217, 60
Decimal	14262076
CIELab	69.38, 12.30, 57.68
CIELCh	69, 58.975, 77.961
Yxy	39.8762, 0.4573, 0.4359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292452156 (0xFFD99F3C)
YUV	165.0560, -51.7926, 45.5549
Hunter-Lab	63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318

# Details

The HunterLab color **63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **43.5046, 9.4803, -62.4908**, and the grayscale version is **61.5514, -3.2842, 3.3442**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.9913, -1.9020, 40.6935**, and **42.4196, 7.6657, 26.2730** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.8469, 10.9636, 35.8737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.5756, 4.8751, 33.3287**.

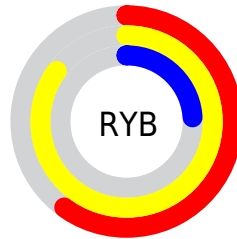
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (62%)

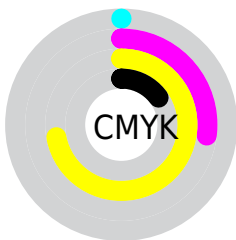
Blue (24%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (24%)

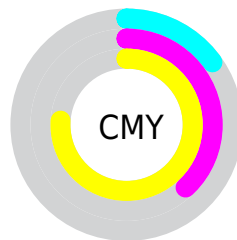


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (72%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63.1460, 7.7359,  
35.0318

63.1460, 7.7359,  
35.0318

185.9036, 5.7189,  
66.5288

52.3851, 7.6828,  
30.8503

86.5880, 7.6359,  
42.8370

42.3148, 7.5567,  
26.4392

99.2009, 7.5010,  
46.5137

32.9881, 7.3433,  
21.8074

112.3730, 7.3145,  
50.0689

24.4696, 7.0277,  
17.1287

126.0813, 7.0801,  
53.5197

16.8451, 6.5884,  
11.7915

140.3058, 6.8009,  
56.8801

10.2349, 5.9936,  
7.1644

155.0283, 6.4794,

0.0000, INF, NaN

60.1621

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.2325, 6.1181,  
63.3755

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.1460, 7.7359,  
35.0318

■ 63.1460, 7.7359,  
35.0318

■ 60.8469, 10.9636,  
35.8737

■ 65.5756, 4.8751,  
33.3287

■ 58.6754, 14.5378,  
35.8904

■ 68.1275, 2.4035,  
30.7620

■ 57.0945, 17.4439,  
35.4867

■ 70.7982, 0.3195,  
27.3540

■ 73.5824, -1.3832,  
23.1402

■ 76.4745, -2.7167,  
18.1637

■ 79.4686, -3.6964,  
12.4714

■ 82.5593, -4.3401,  
6.1113

■ 85.7411, -4.6667,  
-0.8693

■ 88.9980, -4.7552,  
-8.2703

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.1476, 34.9501, 30.0726



63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318



63.1476, -18.4837, 34.5392

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.1476, 7.7328, 35.0324



63.1476, -45.2785, -13.6151



63.1476, 39.6130, -38.9603

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318



43.5046, 9.4803, -62.4908

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.1476, 13.3079, -63.1888



63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318



63.1476, -34.2936, -44.8521

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.1476, 7.7328, 35.0324



63.1476, -46.2630, 12.8262



63.1476, -13.7602, -65.7074



63.1476, 55.3066, -7.6594



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318



63.1476, -32.0347, 31.1497



63.1476, -13.7602, -65.7074



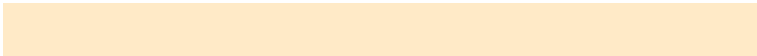
63.1476, 31.5352, -48.6781

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.1476, 7.7328, 35.0324



91.8599, -3.2818, 21.7105



43.9820, 59.5280, 4.1104



42.0530, -1.3364, 10.8429

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.1476, 7.7328, 35.0324



71.6079, 15.4506, 43.1945



78.7721, -26.5946, 44.8554



37.9647, -1.8508, 5.0492



44.6558, 13.1011, 27.7460



12.0605, 1.9862, 7.4664



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.5046, 9.4803, -62.4908



44.5310, 21.5770, -98.1462



31.4245, 43.3240, -103.7337



36.6075, -1.9877, -1.2083



25.8948, 19.6049, -74.6876



7.7200, 2.4656, -14.9718



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.1460, 7.7359,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318

### Protanopia

63.2894, -7.7926, 34.4568

### Deuteranopia

63.0893, 4.7067, 35.0692



## Tritanopia

63.1508, 24.6895, 8.1210

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318

## Protanomaly

63.1661, -2.2384, 34.6057

## Deuteranomaly

63.0504, 5.9955, 35.0654

## Tritanomaly

62.9364, 17.0595, 21.1158

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318

## Achromatopsia

61.3402, -3.2730, 3.3327

## Achromatomaly

61.5768, -1.3869, 18.5861

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 159, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 159, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 159, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 159, 60) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 159, 60) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 159, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 159, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 159, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 159, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 159,  
60) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.1460, 7.7359, 35.0318 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 159, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
159, 60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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