

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.2272, -10.7833,
2.2069)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.2272, -10.7833,
2.2069) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(63.1110,
-10.4763, 2.0386)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 97AEAC |
| RGB | 151, 174, 172 |
| RGB Percent | 59%, 68%, 67% |
| CMY | 0.4078, 0.3176, 0.3255 |
| CMYK | 0.13, 0.00, 0.01, 0.32 |
| HSL | 175°, 12%, 64% |
| HSV | 175°, 13%, 68% |
| XYZ | 35.3450, 39.8300, 44.8548 |
| YIQ | 166.8950, -13.0660, -5.4980 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

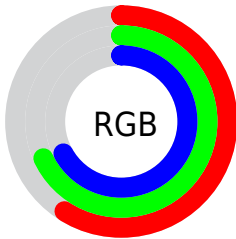
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 151, 163, 174 |
| Decimal | 9940652 |
| CIELab | 69.35, -8.33, -1.66 |
| CIELCh | 69, 8.490, 191.286 |
| Yxy | 39.8316, 0.2945, 0.3318 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288130732 (0xFF97AEAC) |
| YUV | 166.8950, 2.5168, -13.9399 |
| Hunter-Lab | 63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386 |

Details

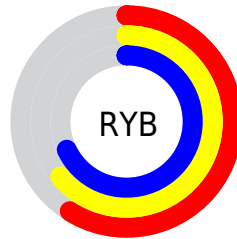
The HunterLab color $63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $57.8212, 4.6184, 4.8056$, and the grayscale version is $62.1152, -3.3143, 3.3748$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.3503, -12.4867, 3.0912$, and $42.4081, -8.5301, 1.1394$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61.8304, -15.2246, 1.1336$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64.5599, -5.2495, 3.1406$.

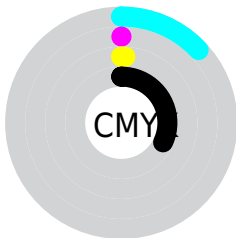
Distribution



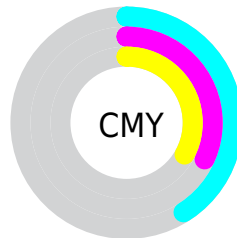
- Red (59%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.1110, -10.4763,
2.0386

■ 63.1110, -10.4763,
2.0386

185.8530,
-20.2325, 8.1273

■ 52.3520, -9.4533,
1.5362

■ 86.5489, -12.5523,
3.1637

■ 42.2840, -8.4336,
1.0761

■ 99.1600, -13.6070,
3.7796

■ 32.9597, -7.4129,
0.6632

112.3302,
-14.6748, 4.4289

■ 24.4439, -6.3823,
0.3030

126.0369,
-15.7566, 5.1101

■ 16.8224, -5.3261,
0.0030

140.2598,
-16.8530, 5.8217

■ 10.2156, -4.2390,
-0.2251

154.9807,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-17.9642, 6.5624

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.1834,
-19.0907, 7.3313

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.1110, -10.4763,
2.0386

■ 63.1110, -10.4763,
2.0386

■ 61.8304, -15.2246,
1.1336

■ 64.5599, -5.2495,
3.1406

■ 60.7156, -19.4515,
0.4311

■ 66.1697, 0.4145,
4.4258

■ 59.7678, -23.1265,
-0.0631

■ 67.9373, 6.4673,
5.8821

■ 58.9845, -26.2294,
-0.3483

■ 69.8572, 12.8615,
7.4956

■ 58.3604, -28.7535,
-0.4291

■ 71.9231, 19.5515,
9.2520

■ 57.8875, -30.7090,
-0.3151

■ 74.0766, 26.3353,
11.0780

■ 57.5543, -32.1251,
-0.0223

■ 74.1189, 26.5493,
10.4718

■ 57.3448, -33.0542,
0.4269

■ 74.1615, 26.7654,
9.8598

■ 57.2466, -33.5099,
0.7850

■ 74.2046, 26.9836,
9.2418

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.1123, -10.2399, 5.6563



63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386



63.1123, -8.8453, -1.3971

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.1123, -10.4775, 2.0396



63.1123, 1.5954, -2.0967



63.1123, -0.9748, 9.7562

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386



57.8212, 4.6184, 4.8056

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.1123, 2.2967, 7.9136



63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386



63.1123, 3.8050, 1.1307

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.1123, -10.4775, 2.0396



63.1123, -1.9135, -3.8789



63.1123, 4.0647, 4.8000



63.1123, -4.8152, 9.9671

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386



63.1123, -6.8931, -3.0677



63.1123, 4.0647, 4.8000



63.1123, 0.2303, 9.3125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.1123, -10.4775, 2.0396



86.7734, -7.6933, 4.0936



62.6975, -13.1593, 10.7159



40.8377, -3.8820, 1.8745



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.1123, -10.4775, 2.0396



84.4456, -16.1413, 2.3445



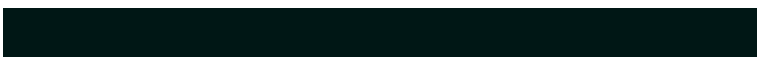
60.3944, -5.7246, -2.1995



30.0996, -4.0114, 1.1576



48.7574, -28.5109, 0.6043



8.1534, -4.6286, -0.1991

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.8212, 4.6184, 4.8056



75.7051, 8.8204, 6.9239



60.3700, -0.2436, 8.4404



28.3306, 1.0310, 2.0804



25.6049, 43.9637, 15.6579



4.3122, 7.4862, 1.9993

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

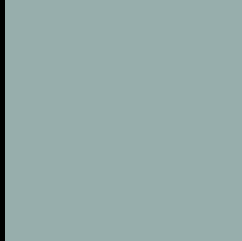
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

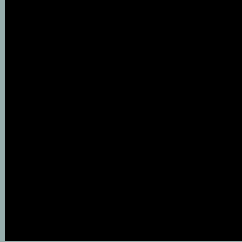
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

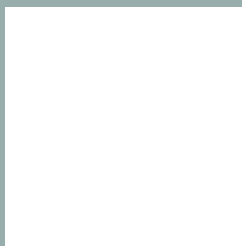
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386.



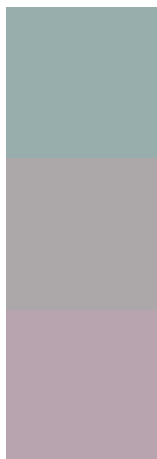
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.1110,

-10.4763, 2.0386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386

Protanopia

62.9607, -1.9446, 3.4143

Deuteranopia

62.9875, 4.3858, 1.1956



Tritanopia

63.1051, -6.4757, -4.8742

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386

Protanomaly

62.8842, -5.1906, 2.8015

Deuteranomaly

62.9923, -1.5932, 1.5762

Tritanomaly

63.1654, -8.1484, -2.2543

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386

Achromatopsia

62.1634, -3.3169, 3.3775

Achromatomaly

62.6028, -6.2402, 2.9165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 174, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 174, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 174, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 174, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 174, 172) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 174, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 174, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 174, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 174, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 174,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.1110, -10.4763, 2.0386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 174, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
174, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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