

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.2342, -6.4984,
-0.7115)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.2342, -6.4984,
-0.7115) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(63.2365, -6.5359,
-0.6393)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EACB2
RGB	158, 172, 178
RGB Percent	62%, 67%, 70%
CMY	0.3804, 0.3255, 0.3020
CMYK	0.11, 0.03, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	198°, 11%, 66%
HSV	198°, 11%, 70%
XYZ	36.8890, 39.9885, 47.8938
YIQ	168.4980, -10.2700, -1.1020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

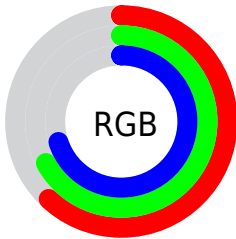
Format	Color
RYB	158, 166, 178
Decimal	10398898
CIELab	69.46, -3.65, -4.75
CIELCh	69, 5.995, 232.469
Yxy	39.9902, 0.2957, 0.3205
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288588978 (0xFF9EACB2)
YUV	168.4980, 4.6845, -9.2067
Hunter-Lab	63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393

Details

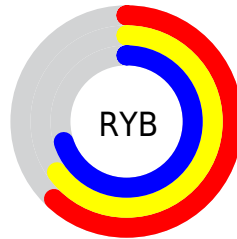
The HunterLab color $63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62.0358, 0.2232, 7.3133$, and the grayscale version is $62.7668, -3.3491, 3.4102$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.6169, -7.8162, -0.0474$, and $42.4728, -5.0607, -1.0013$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.2683, -8.7892, -4.4533$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66.3332, -3.9091, 3.1579$.

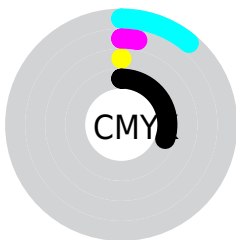
Distribution



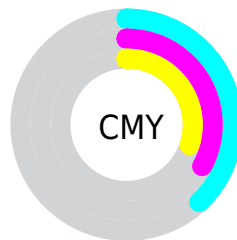
- Red (62%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.2365, -6.5359,
-0.6393

■ 63.2365, -6.5359,
-0.6393

186.0329,
-14.4865, 4.3747

■ 52.4699, -5.7675,
-0.9945

■ 86.6883, -8.1465,
0.2132

■ 42.3938, -5.0211,
-1.2986

■ 99.3058, -8.9860,
0.7018

■ 33.0608, -4.2974,
-1.5447

112.4823, -9.8481,
1.2288

■ 24.5354, -3.5948,
-1.7249

126.1949,
-10.7326, 1.7922

■ 16.9032, -2.9097,
-1.8285

140.4235,
-11.6391, 2.3899

■ 10.2841, -2.2338,
-1.8392

155.1500,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-12.5672, 3.0205

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.3580,
-13.5164, 3.6825

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.2365, -6.5359,
-0.6393

■ 63.2365, -6.5359,
-0.6393

■ 60.2683, -8.7892,
-4.4533

■ 66.3332, -3.9091,
3.1579

■ 57.4334, -10.6225,
-8.2775

■ 69.5457, -0.9449,
6.9284

■ 54.7424, -11.9925,
-12.0971

■ 72.8674, 2.3192,
10.6693

■ 52.2041, -12.8549,
-15.8945

■ 76.2908, 5.8508,
14.3784

■ 49.8265, -13.1694,
-19.6477

■ 79.8090, 9.6211,
18.0553

■ 47.6161, -12.9039,
-23.3318

■ 82.2647, 9.8258,
20.5062

■ 45.5761, -12.0422,
-26.9212

■ 83.8191, 7.0024,
21.9776

■ 43.7048, -10.5929,
-30.3950

■ 85.3967, 4.1926,
23.4508

■ 42.1739, -8.9544,
-33.3838

■ 86.9966, 1.3969,
24.9256

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.2378, -8.1457, 1.5080



63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393



63.2378, -4.0627, -1.6997

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.2378, -6.5371, -0.6383



63.2378, 1.8996, 2.7856



63.2378, -5.3671, 7.8759

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393



62.0358, 0.2232, 7.3133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.2378, -2.6896, 8.1856



63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393



63.2378, 1.5361, 5.3172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.2378, -6.5371, -0.6383



63.2378, 0.8303, 0.3308



63.2378, -0.1548, 7.2677



63.2378, -7.4782, 6.4031

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393



63.2378, -2.2426, -1.6191



63.2378, -0.1548, 7.2677



63.2378, -4.5046, 8.1169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.2378, -6.5371, -0.6383



88.5571, -5.9420, 3.3263



64.6366, -11.7845, 7.5496



41.5239, -2.9355, 1.3729



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.2378, -6.5371, -0.6383



84.3485, -9.4485, -1.8799



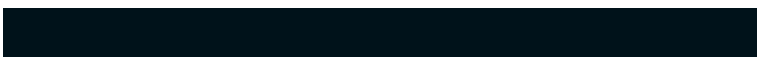
60.3676, -1.8085, -4.2017



30.3194, -2.8800, 0.0425



35.8332, -7.8133, -27.9216



7.0727, -2.4122, -3.6330

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.7438, 5.4648, -0.5718



80.4229, 9.5387, -1.7461



64.8674, -4.5367, 10.3244



29.3299, 1.8595, 0.0622



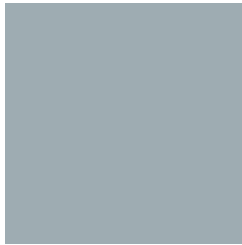
27.9935, 51.7406, -11.3755



5.0624, 9.5227, -3.3427

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

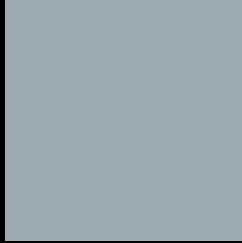
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

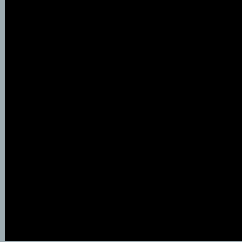
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

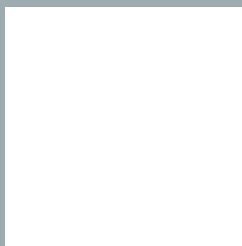
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.2365, -6.5359,

-0.6393.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393

Protanopia

63.0855, -1.0858, 0.2509

Deuteranopia

62.9841, 4.7544, -1.7537



Tritanopia

63.2452, -4.5081, -4.1361

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393

Protanomaly

62.9740, -2.9195, -0.4085

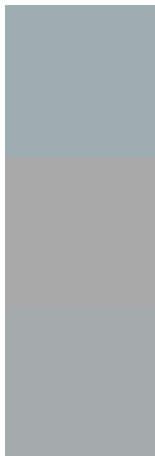
Deuteranomaly

63.0685, 0.5450, -1.2207

Tritanomaly

63.1460, -5.0538, -2.7317

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393

Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223

Achromatomaly

63.0296, -4.5601, 2.0447

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 172, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 172, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 172, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 172, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 172, 178) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 172, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 172, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 172, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 172, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 172,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.2365, -6.5359, -0.6393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 172, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
172, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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