

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.2550, 26.6868,  
1.4532)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.2550, 26.6868,  
1.4532) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.2162, 27.0501,  
1.3886)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DF94AF
RGB	223, 148, 175
RGB Percent	87%, 58%, 69%
CMY	0.1255, 0.4196, 0.3137
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.22, 0.13
HSL	338°, 54%, 73%
HSV	338°, 34%, 87%
XYZ	48.7592, 39.9629, 45.7011
YIQ	173.5030, 36.0330, 24.2970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

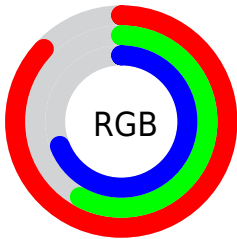
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 148, 175
Decimal	14652591
CIE Lab	69.44, 31.97, -2.43
CIE LCh	69, 32.061, 355.657
Yxy	39.9648, 0.3627, 0.2973
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292842671 (0xFFDF94AF)
YUV	173.5030, 0.7380, 43.4089
Hunter-Lab	63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886

# Details

The HunterLab color **63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **79.4089, -29.7963, 9.4145**, and the grayscale version is **64.8405, -3.4597, 3.5229**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.4776, 18.3043, -1.4125**, and **42.3117, 25.0259, 0.2522** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.5310, 36.6572, 1.4724**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.4537, 17.4413, 1.8705**.

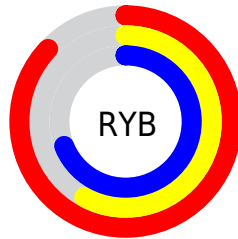
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (58%)

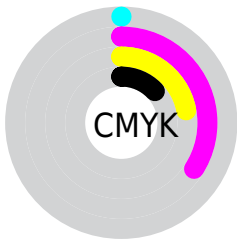
Blue (69%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (69%)

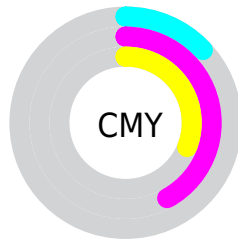


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (42%)






Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886	 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886
186.0040, 31.8024, 7.2101	 52.4510, 26.1074, 0.9234
 86.6659, 28.6311, 2.4459	 42.3762, 25.0546, 0.5025
 99.2824, 29.2920, 3.0301	 33.0445, 23.8772, 0.1317
112.4579, 29.8751, 3.6490	 24.5208, 22.5640, -0.1829
126.1696, 30.3862, 4.3008	 16.8902, 21.1130, -0.4325
140.3973, 30.8303, 4.9840	 10.2731, 19.5667, -0.6040
155.1228, 31.2119,	0.0000, INF, -NF

5.6974

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.3300, 31.5348,  
6.4398

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.2162, 27.0501,  
1.3886

■ 63.2162, 27.0501,  
1.3886

■ 57.5310, 36.6572,  
1.4724

■ 69.4537, 17.4413,  
1.8705

■ 52.4966, 45.9965,  
2.2301

■ 76.1523, 7.9803,  
2.8088

■ 48.2281, 54.6133,  
3.7567

■ 83.2426, -1.2768,  
4.1159

■ 44.8351, 61.8786,  
6.0824

■ 90.6681, -10.3184,  
5.7205

■ 42.3942, 67.1058,  
9.1167

■ 96.8939, -16.8770,  
5.8788

■ 40.9085, 69.8271,  
12.6158

■ 97.1741, -15.3105,  
1.8860

■ 40.3377, 70.5253,  
14.8577

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.2177, 21.4527, -13.5117



63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886



63.2177, 23.9047, 13.9250

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.2177, 27.0475, 1.3899



63.2177, -15.0529, 23.0555



63.2177, -18.4149, -22.7491

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886



79.4089, -29.7963, 9.4145

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.2177, -26.6954, -9.2170



63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886



63.2177, -24.8812, 16.7029

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.2177, 27.0475, 1.3899



63.2177, -1.2414, 24.6613



63.2177, -28.9519, 5.4258



63.2177, -5.4837, -29.3100



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886



63.2177, 17.4165, 19.6848



63.2177, -28.9519, 5.4258



63.2177, -21.7871, -18.7343

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.2177, 27.0475, 1.3899



91.5362, 5.4301, 3.7663



61.7887, 26.3350, -28.4543



41.8140, 3.2217, 1.6481

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.2177, 27.0475, 1.3899



69.0998, 38.9626, 1.6011



65.0244, 17.9870, 14.8343



37.1237, 1.9168, 1.5564



30.9628, 54.1959, 10.9285



8.2537, 14.6419, 1.4017



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.2177, 27.0475, 1.3899



69.0998, 38.9626, 1.6011



76.9501, -20.2382, -6.7284



37.1237, 1.9168, 1.5564



30.9628, 54.1959, 10.9285

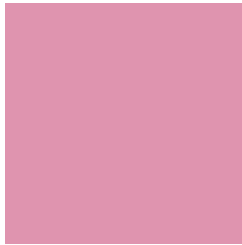


8.2537, 14.6419, 1.4017



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

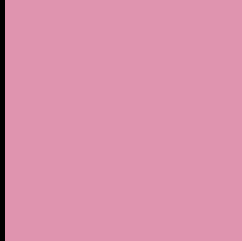
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

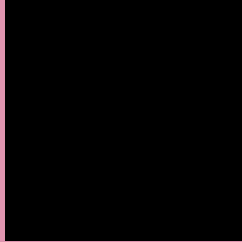
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.2162, 27.0501,

1.3886.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886

### Protanopia

63.5072, -0.3577, -5.2911

### Deuteranopia

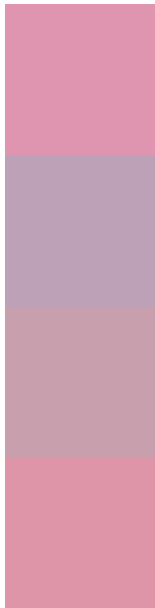
63.4059, 4.2067, 2.6479



## Tritanopia

63.2067, 23.6786, 7.2980

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886

## Protanomaly

62.9285, 9.0986, -3.2739

## Deuteranomaly

63.2104, 12.2051, 2.0805

## Tritanomaly

63.0987, 24.9307, 4.9652

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886

## Achromatopsia

65.0590, -3.4714, 3.5348

## Achromatomaly

64.1660, 6.8654, 2.6575

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 148, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 148, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 148, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 148, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 148, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 148, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 148, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 148, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 148, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 148,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.2162, 27.0501, 1.3886 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 148, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
148, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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