

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.2691, 72.3296,
-48.3176)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.2691, 72.3296,
-48.3176) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(63.1500, 72.4176,
-48.6445)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE70FF
RGB	254, 112, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 44%, 100%
CMY	0.0039, 0.5608, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 72%
HSV	300°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	64.7173, 39.8792, 98.8943
YIQ	170.7600, 38.7290, 74.5770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

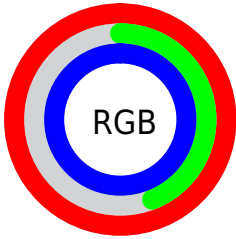
Format	Color
R_{YB}	254, 112, 255
Decimal	16675071
CIE _{Lab}	69.38, 71.84, -46.47
CIE _{LCh}	69, 85.562, 327.103
Yxy	39.8810, 0.3180, 0.1960
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294865151 (0xFFFE70FF)
YUV	170.7600, 41.5303, 73.0015
Hunter-Lab	63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445

Details

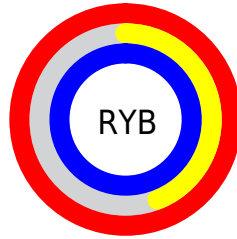
The HunterLab color **63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66FF**. A complement of this color would be **87.2932, -59.7321, 42.3309**, and the grayscale version is **63.5400, -3.3903, 3.4522**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.6501, 41.4275, -26.8073**, and **42.3252, 67.7393, -47.5739** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.1560, 84.2433, -56.8955**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.0885, 59.1307, -39.3913**.

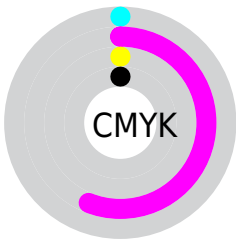
Distribution



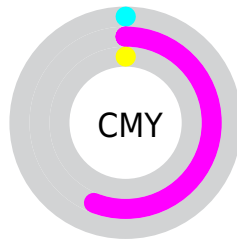
- Red (100%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63.1500, 72.4176,
-48.6445


 63.1500, 72.4176,
-48.6445


185.9090, 88.8103,
-54.1541

 52.3887, 70.1520,
-47.9429


 86.5923, 76.6859,
-50.0853

 42.3182, 67.8305,
-47.3239


 99.2054, 78.6821,
-50.7826

 32.9911, 65.5032,
-46.8871


 112.3776, 80.5851,
-51.4476

 24.4724, 63.2924,
-46.8427

126.0861, 82.3976,
-52.0744

 16.8475, 61.5039,
-47.6772

140.3107, 84.1228,
-52.6597

 10.2369, 61.0427,
-50.7585

155.0334, 85.7643,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-53.2018

0.0000, NaN, -NF

170.2378, 87.3256,
-53.6999

■ 63.1500, 72.4176,
-48.6445

■ 63.1500, 72.4176,
-48.6445

■ 59.1560, 84.2433,
-56.8955

■ 68.0885, 59.1307,
-39.3913

■ 56.1803, 93.7906,
-63.5845

■ 73.8615, 45.1124,
-29.6406

■ 54.2426, 100.3646,
-68.2300

■ 80.3588, 30.8801,
-19.7458

■ 53.2675, 103.7280,
-70.6651

■ 87.4770, 16.7553,
-9.9268

■ 53.0509, 104.4604,
-71.2158

■ 95.1260, 2.9085,
-0.2999

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.1514, 34.4041, -98.2279



63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445



63.1514, 89.9268, -0.2623

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.1514, 72.4149, -48.6416



63.1514, 0.4489, 41.1955



63.1514, -57.0765, -38.2797

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445



87.2932, -59.7321, 42.3309

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.1514, -62.0165, 6.9262



63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445



63.1514, -33.9385, 39.6233

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.1514, 72.4149, -48.6416



63.1514, 42.5541, 38.7344



63.1514, -54.6655, 31.1409



63.1514, -39.0503, -90.1137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445



63.1514, 85.0942, 20.9728



63.1514, -54.6655, 31.1409



63.1514, -60.1000, -21.2440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.1514, 72.4149, -48.6416



86.7956, 18.0507, -10.8274



47.7367, 31.6087, -87.5363



39.4777, 9.6577, -5.9175

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.1514, 72.4149, -48.6416



58.8374, 85.2338, -57.5879



60.3243, 59.7991, -7.3774



42.7710, 3.5248, -1.6539



38.3521, 75.5155, -51.4686



11.9756, 23.5758, -16.0379

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.3457, 50.9111, 20.9665



53.1839, 61.5697, 24.1887



88.4909, -52.3959, 24.2767



42.4136, 1.5915, 3.5573



33.3343, 57.0947, 21.4718



10.4048, 17.8279, 6.6507

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

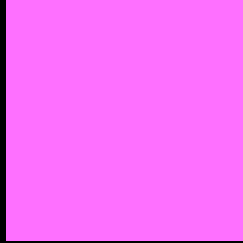
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

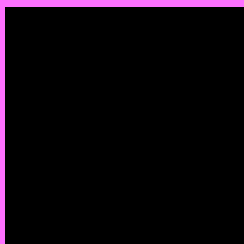
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445.

-48.6445.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445

Protanopia

63.3844, 7.8774, -49.3014

Deuteranopia

63.3141, 5.1613, -41.7914



Tritanopia

62.9754, 34.7996, 12.2487

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445



Protanomaly

61.4742, 29.7810, -52.8449



Deuteranomaly

61.5168, 27.9828, -47.9822

Tritanomaly

62.6011, 47.4621, -5.6551

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445



Achromatopsia

63.8154, -3.4050, 3.4672



Achromatomaly

62.0439, 22.7707, -14.7671

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 112, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 112, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 112, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 112, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 112, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 112, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 112, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 112, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 112, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 112,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.1500, 72.4176, -48.6445 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 112, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
112, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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