

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.3057, -2.6313,
4.5651)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.3057, -2.6313, 4.5651)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(63.2852, -2.4491,
4.7020)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADA9A7
RGB	173, 169, 167
RGB Percent	68%, 66%, 65%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3372, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.03, 0.32
HSL	20°, 4%, 67%
HSV	20°, 3%, 68%
XYZ	38.3966, 40.0502, 42.2659
YIQ	169.9680, 3.0260, 0.2260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

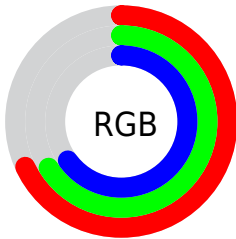
Format	Color
R_{YB}	173, 170, 167
Decimal	11381159
CIE Lab	69.51, 1.06, 1.53
CIE LCh	70, 1.861, 55.257
Yxy	40.0519, 0.3181, 0.3318
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289571239 (0xFFADA9A7)
YUV	169.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591
Hunter-Lab	63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020

Details

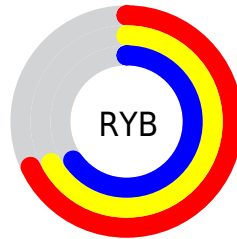
The HunterLab color $63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63.5278, -4.2834, 2.1722$, and the grayscale version is $63.3946, -3.3826, 3.4444$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.6483, -3.6498, 6.0410$, and $42.4563, -1.3914, 3.4863$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.4587, 0.5791, 8.0017$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.2414, -5.2619, 1.2106$.

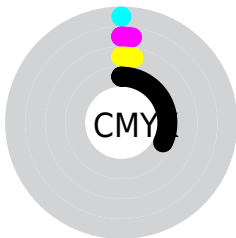
Distribution



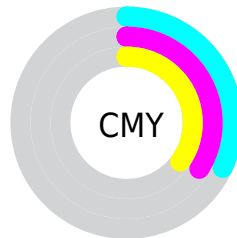
- Red (68%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.2852, -2.4491,
4.7020

■ 63.2852, -2.4491,
4.7020

186.1027, -8.6102,
11.9422

■ 52.5157, -1.9311,
4.0392

■ 86.7425, -3.6010,
6.1219

■ 42.4365, -1.4523,
3.4077

■ 99.3625, -4.2275,
6.8748

■ 33.1000, -1.0178,
2.8097

112.5414, -4.8858,
7.6553

■ 24.5710, -0.6325,
2.2469

126.2563, -5.5746,
8.4624

■ 16.9346, -0.3031,
1.7207

140.4871, -6.2924,
9.2954

■ 10.3107, -0.0396,
1.2317

155.2157, -7.0383,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

10.1535

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.4259, -7.8112,
11.0360

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.2852, -2.4491,
4.7020

■ 63.2852, -2.4491,
4.7020

■ 59.4587, 0.5791,
8.0017

■ 67.2414, -5.2619,
1.2106

■ 55.7722, 3.8494,
11.0740

■ 71.3108, -7.8763,
-2.4490

■ 52.2438, 7.3800,
13.8798

■ 75.4842, -10.3148,
-6.2541

■ 48.8930, 11.1858,
16.3707

■ 79.7526, -12.5963,
-10.1873

■ 45.7422, 15.2712,
18.4901

■ 84.1082, -14.7382,
-14.2342

■ 42.8166, 19.6233,
20.1742

■ 87.9437, -20.1395,
-9.9448

■ 40.1437, 24.2022,
21.3577

■ 91.8006, -25.7690,
-4.9870

■ 37.7521, 28.9294,
21.9840

■ 93.6079, -28.3410,
-2.7387

■ 35.6688, 33.6770,
22.0269

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.2866, -1.9026, 4.1014



63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020



63.2866, -3.2457, 4.9674

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.2866, -2.4507, 4.7030



63.2866, -4.9929, 3.5727



63.2866, -2.6848, 2.0296

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020



63.5278, -4.2834, 2.1722

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.2866, -3.5146, 1.8836



63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020



63.2866, -4.8444, 2.7812

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.2866, -2.4507, 4.7030



63.2866, -4.7111, 4.3202



63.2866, -4.3044, 2.1603



63.2866, -2.0382, 2.5568

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020



63.2866, -3.8076, 4.9193



63.2866, -4.3044, 2.1603



63.2866, -2.9517, 1.9340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.2866, -2.4507, 4.7030



85.9757, -4.2275, 5.1709



62.8192, -0.8105, 2.3306



40.0939, -1.9809, 2.3984



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.2866, -2.4507, 4.7030



84.3805, -3.0442, 6.5672



64.1715, -3.9241, 5.6948



29.8967, -1.0010, 2.4290



29.7113, 30.9795, 18.8503



5.8983, 2.8536, 3.6845

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.5278, -4.2834, 2.1722



84.7591, -5.9208, 2.5950



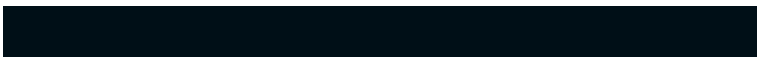
62.6406, -2.8118, 1.1287



30.0505, -2.1697, 0.8152



33.7245, -5.4549, -30.3770



6.4148, -2.0691, -3.5513

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

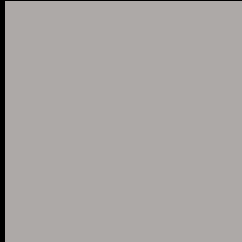
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

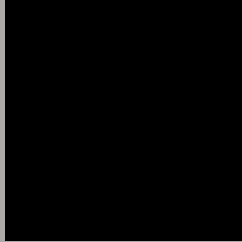
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020.

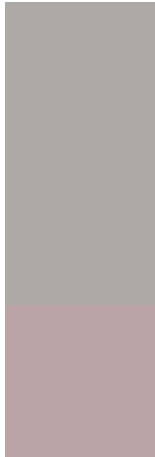


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020

Protanopia

63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020

Deuteranopia

63.2004, 4.7370, 4.2730



Tritanopia

63.2824, 1.3389, -1.4380

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020

Protanomaly

63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020

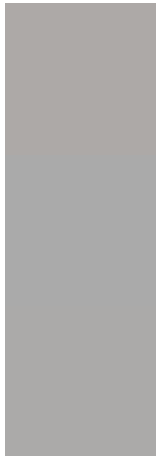
Deuteranomaly

63.2809, 2.0761, 4.3203

Tritanomaly

63.3238, -0.3292, 1.0402

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020

Achromatopsia

63.4017, -3.3830, 3.4447

Achromatomaly

63.4602, -3.2391, 3.9777

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 169, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 169, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 169, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 169, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 169, 167) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 169, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 169, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 169, 167); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 169, 167); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 169, 167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.2852, -2.4491, 4.7020 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 169, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
169, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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