

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.3164, 33.8304,  
25.4093)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.3164, 33.8304,  
25.4093) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.2800, 34.0070,  
25.4975)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F98C6F
RGB	249, 140, 111
RGB Percent	98%, 55%, 44%
CMY	0.0235, 0.4510, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.55, 0.02
HSL	13°, 92%, 71%
HSV	13°, 55%, 98%
XYZ	51.3142, 40.0436, 20.0636
YIQ	169.2850, 74.2730, 14.0890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

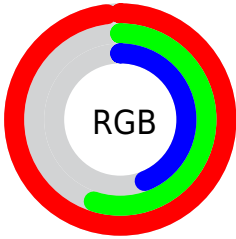
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 148, 111
Decimal	16354415
CIE Lab	69.50, 38.59, 33.61
CIE LCh	70, 51.174, 41.049
Yxy	40.0457, 0.4605, 0.3594
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294544495 (0xFFFF98C6F)
YUV	169.2850, -28.7345, 69.9101
Hunter-Lab	63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975

# Details

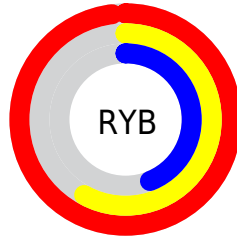
The HunterLab color **63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **78.3595, -24.9486, -19.9637**, and the grayscale version is **63.2010, -3.3722, 3.4338**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.3313, 12.7475, 23.2101**, and **42.4614, 31.3176, 20.1464** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.5903, 42.2040, 27.9110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.5149, 26.0408, 22.5499**.

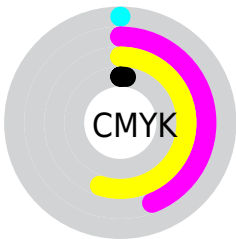
# Distribution



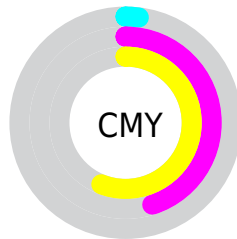
- Red (98%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (56%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.2800, 34.0070,  
25.4975


 63.2800, 34.0070,  
25.4975


186.0957, 40.8893,  
45.8767

 52.5111, 32.7966,  
22.9182


 86.7370, 36.1023,  
30.3758


 42.4322, 31.4735,  
20.2087

 99.3568, 37.0114,  
32.7092

 33.0961, 30.0258,  
17.3318


 112.5354, 37.8365,  
34.9899

 24.5674, 28.4515,  
14.2347

 126.2501, 38.5836,  
37.2273

 16.9314, 26.7709,  
11.8476

140.4807, 39.2580,  
39.4290

 10.3080, 25.0932,  
7.2156

155.2091, 39.8644,

0.0000, INF, NaN

41.6012

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.4190, 40.4069,  
43.7491

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.2800, 34.0070,  
25.4975

■ 63.2800, 34.0070,  
25.4975

■ 58.5903, 42.2040,  
27.9110

■ 68.5149, 26.0408,  
22.5499

■ 54.5189, 50.4092,  
29.6445

■ 74.2175, 18.4427,  
19.1923

■ 51.1420, 58.2553,  
30.5702

■ 80.3254, 11.2581,  
15.5270

■ 48.5169, 65.2649,  
30.6365

■ 86.7842, 4.4891,  
11.6299

■ 47.5666, 68.0263,  
30.5013

■ 93.5484, -1.8878,  
7.5560

99.4382, -7.2954,  
4.7358

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.2816, 46.7680, 11.0679



63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975



63.2816, 11.8090, 31.9175

# Triad

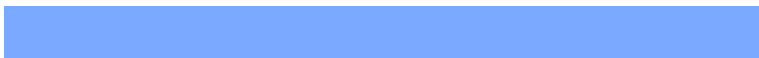
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.2816, 34.0031, 25.4984



63.2816, -40.3673, 15.7620



63.2816, 5.4215, -54.1526

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975



78.3595, -24.9486, -19.9637

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.2816, -17.2590, -51.4503



63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975



63.2816, -41.5641, -5.2636

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.2816, 34.0031, 25.4984



63.2816, -30.1534, 27.8626



63.2816, -33.6993, -31.3476



63.2816, 28.7498, -37.7722



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975



63.2816, -4.1968, 32.9260



63.2816, -33.6993, -31.3476



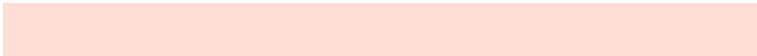
63.2816, -2.5589, -55.5640

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.2816, 34.0031, 25.4984



88.0812, 5.6974, 12.6032



60.6223, 64.2652, -28.6965



40.1253, 3.2737, 6.2081

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.2816, 34.0031, 25.4984



59.4559, 44.7721, 29.0254



81.3660, -1.1225, 39.1588



42.2093, 0.3099, 4.2951



35.0363, 49.0348, 22.4477



11.3262, 12.9438, 7.2058



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.3595, -24.9486, -19.9637



77.3442, -26.7111, -25.3323



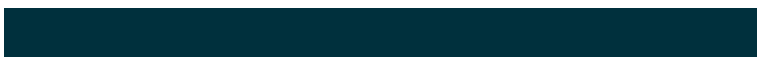
57.2765, 8.6801, -57.3273



43.5348, -4.6872, 0.3430



50.1674, -16.9655, -26.0812



15.7499, -5.8197, -7.1230



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

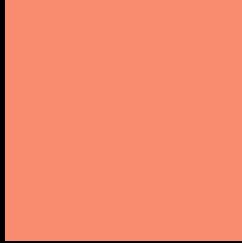
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.2800, 34.0070,

25.4975.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975

### Protanopia

63.4404, -5.5692, 21.4812

### Deuteranopia

63.5435, 4.5469, 26.2560



## Tritanopia

63.1518, 40.8685, 14.4794

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975

## Protanomaly

62.7643, 8.0737, 22.3297

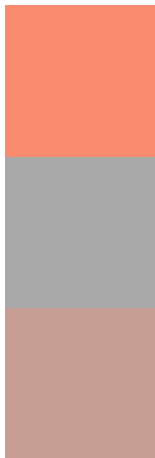
## Deuteranomaly

63.2890, 14.8993, 25.9683

## Tritanomaly

63.1734, 38.0811, 18.7676

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975

## Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223

## Achromatomaly

62.1270, 8.6771, 11.6967

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 140, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 140, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 140, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 140, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 140, 111) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 140, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 140, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 140, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 140, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 140,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.2800, 34.0070, 25.4975 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 140, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
140, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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