

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.3632, -5.7557,
3.0155)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.3632, -5.7557, 3.0155)
contains.

HunterLab(63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(63.2128, -5.5111,
2.7178)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A4ABAB
RGB	164, 171, 171
RGB Percent	64%, 67%, 67%
CMY	0.3569, 0.3294, 0.3294
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	180°, 4%, 66%
HSV	180°, 4%, 67%
XYZ	37.2234, 39.9586, 44.2790
YIQ	168.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

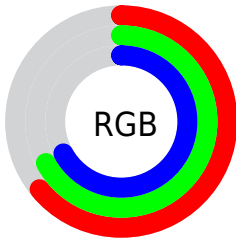
Format	Color
RYB	164, 168, 171
Decimal	10791851
CIELab	69.44, -2.46, -0.86
CIElCh	69, 2.609, 199.338
Yxy	39.9603, 0.3065, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288981931 (0xFFA4ABAB)
YUV	168.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034
Hunter-Lab	63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178

Details

The HunterLab color $63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $61.5550, -1.0873, 4.0795$, and the grayscale version is $62.9484, -3.3588, 3.4201$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.5701, -6.8807, 3.9456$, and $42.3914, -4.2497, 1.6370$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61.8557, -10.3378, 1.0068$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64.7333, -0.2407, 4.5921$.

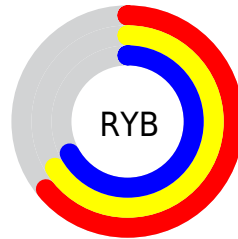
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (67%)

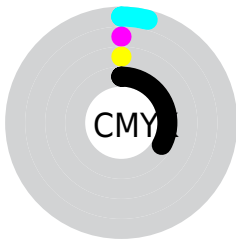
Blue (67%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (67%)

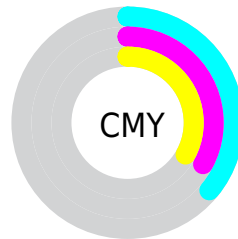


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.2128, -5.5111,
2.7178

■ 63.2128, -5.5111,
2.7178

185.9990,
-13.0059, 9.0928

■ 52.4477, -4.8068,
2.1758

■ 86.6620, -7.0047,
3.9159

■ 42.3731, -4.1289,
1.6734

■ 99.2783, -7.7899,
4.5659

■ 33.0417, -3.4793,
1.2150

112.4536, -8.6001,
5.2478

■ 24.5182, -2.8582,
0.8053

126.1651, -9.4348,
5.9603

■ 16.8879, -2.2648,
0.4503

140.3926,
-10.2932, 6.7021

■ 10.2712, -1.6959,
0.1596

155.1181,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.1750, 7.4721

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.3251,
-12.0794, 8.2693

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.2128, -5.5111,
2.7178

■ 63.2128, -5.5111,
2.7178

■ 61.8557, -10.3378,
1.0068

■ 64.7333, -0.2407,
4.5921

■ 60.6607, -14.6752,
-0.5297

■ 66.4089, 5.4324,
6.6115

■ 59.6303, -18.4888,
-1.8787

■ 68.2358, 11.4610,
8.7611

■ 58.7637, -21.7518,
-3.0312

■ 70.2082, 17.8001,
11.0254

■ 58.0579, -24.4488,
-3.9824

■ 72.3196, 24.4068,
13.3896

■ 57.5073, -26.5782,
-4.7321

■ 73.0268, 26.5813,
14.1667

■ 57.1034, -28.1551,
-5.2860

■ 73.0270, 26.5822,
14.1642

■ 56.8343, -29.2128,
-5.6562

■ 73.0272, 26.5831,
14.1617

■ 56.6838, -29.8069,
-5.8624

■ 73.0273, 26.5839,
14.1592

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.2141, -5.6005, 3.8407



63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178



63.2141, -4.8545, 1.7742

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.2141, -5.5125, 2.7188



63.2141, -1.6382, 2.0119



63.2141, -2.9541, 5.5346

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178



61.5550, -1.0873, 4.0795

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.2141, -1.8844, 5.0635



63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178



63.2141, -1.1210, 3.0385

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.2141, -5.5125, 2.7188



63.2141, -2.6199, 1.3608



63.2141, -1.2114, 4.1546



63.2141, -4.1292, 5.4526

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178



63.2141, -4.1785, 1.3786



63.2141, -1.2114, 4.1546



63.2141, -2.5701, 5.4360

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.2141, -5.5125, 2.7188



85.1980, -5.2668, 4.3878



63.0181, -6.6147, 5.6709



40.2385, -2.4688, 2.0786



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.2141, -5.5125, 2.7188



84.4048, -8.0461, 3.4008



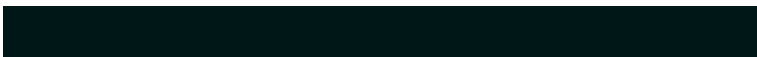
62.2077, -3.8610, 1.5416



30.3686, -3.0187, 1.1822



49.1643, -26.0770, -5.1583



8.2002, -4.3488, -0.8618

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.5550, -1.0873, 4.0795



81.6488, -0.6946, 5.6613



62.5442, -2.7537, 5.1962



29.2790, -0.1120, 2.0760



25.5479, 43.7520, 16.5045



4.2613, 7.2981, 2.7500

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

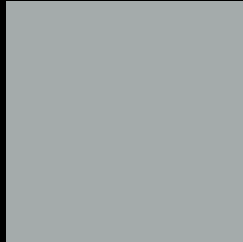
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

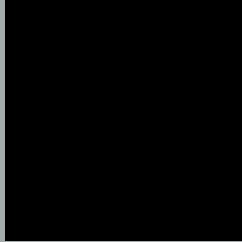
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

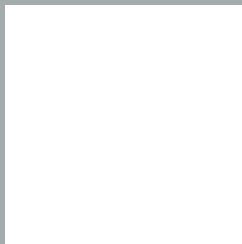
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.2128, -5.5111,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178

Protanopia

63.2842, -2.2753, 3.3256

Deuteranopia

63.0237, 4.3844, 2.1941



Tritanopia

63.1679, -1.8603, -3.1583

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178

Protanomaly

63.3141, -3.6880, 3.3362

Deuteranomaly

63.2164, 0.6129, 2.3588

Tritanomaly

63.2483, -3.3602, -1.0643

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178

Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223

Achromatomaly

63.1405, -4.2935, 3.1207

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 171, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 171, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 171, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 171, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 171, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 171, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 171, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 171, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 171, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 171,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.2128, -5.5111, 2.7178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 171, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
171, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor