

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.3680, 20.0387,
-49.1214)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.3680, 20.0387,
-49.1214) contains.

HunterLab(63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(63.5146, 19.8033,
-48.8308)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A89FFF
RGB	168, 159, 255
RGB Percent	66%, 62%, 100%
CMY	0.3412, 0.3765, 0.0000
CMYK	0.34, 0.38, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	246°, 100%, 81%
HSV	246°, 38%, 100%
XYZ	46.5965, 40.3410, 99.9383
YIQ	172.6350, -25.4520, 31.7640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

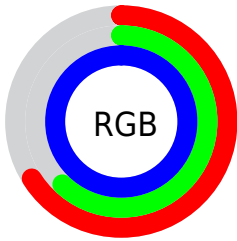
Format	Color
R_{YB}	168, 159, 255
Decimal	11051007
CIE _{Lab}	69.71, 24.81, -46.59
CIE _{LCh}	70, 52.778, 298.034
Y _{xy}	40.3425, 0.2493, 0.2159
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289241087 (0xFFFA89FFF)
YUV	172.6350, 40.6059, -4.0649
Hunter-Lab	63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308

Details

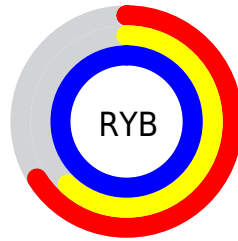
The HunterLab color $63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999FF$. A complement of this color would be $96.7553, -21.6889, 39.1399$, and the grayscale version is $64.3384, -3.4329, 3.4956$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84.4516, 6.8179, -14.2622$, and $42.7166, 18.1707, -47.5147$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.9029, 28.0020, -67.8464$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.6645, 12.3892, -32.2020$.

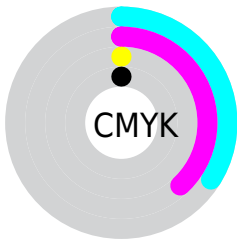
Distribution



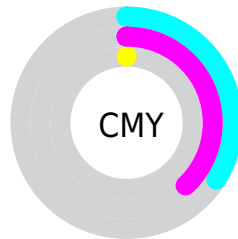
- Red (66%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63.5146, 19.8033,
-48.8308


 63.5146, 19.8033,
-48.8308


186.4310, 22.1488,
-54.3484

 52.7311, 19.1733,
-48.1284


 86.9970, 20.7944,
-50.2740

 42.6371, 18.4406,
-47.5067


 99.6288, 21.1730,
-50.9720

 33.2848, 17.5913,
-47.0647

112.8190, 21.4823,
-51.6377

 24.7383, 16.6091,
-47.0087

126.5448, 21.7276,
-52.2652

 17.0824, 15.4771,
-47.8141

140.7860, 21.9132,
-52.8513

 10.4361, 14.1900,
-50.8067

155.5247, 22.0431,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-53.3942

0.0000, NaN, -NF

170.7446, 22.1206,
-53.8932

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 63.5146, 19.8033,
-48.8308

■ 63.5146, 19.8033,
-48.8308

■ 54.9029, 28.0020,
-67.8464

■ 72.6645, 12.3892,
-32.2020

■ 46.9763, 37.1377,
-89.8103

■ 82.2461, 5.5905,
-17.4238

■ 39.9565, 47.1912,
-114.9380

■ 92.1882, -0.7396,
-4.0532

■ 34.1546, 57.6081,
-142.1778

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 29.9479, 66.7574,
-167.6795

■ 27.5983, 72.2096,
-184.9779

■ 27.2270, 73.1440,
-187.9620

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.5158, -4.9693, -57.9845



63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308



63.5158, 40.7268, -24.4759

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.5158, 19.8027, -48.8286



63.5158, 22.9532, 30.5757



63.5158, -43.2715, 4.9463

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308



96.7553, -21.6889, 39.1399

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.5158, -38.0152, 22.5953



63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308



63.5158, -1.8001, 33.5566

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.5158, 19.8027, -48.8286



63.5158, 42.7274, 20.8331



63.5158, -23.6730, 31.2952



63.5158, -39.2322, -20.8499

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308



63.5158, 48.3942, -6.3425



63.5158, -23.6730, 31.2952



63.5158, -42.5515, 11.9082

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.5158, 19.8027, -48.8286



88.8169, 1.3390, -8.4037



90.0627, -27.5748, -7.2686



40.4650, 1.0138, -4.7185

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.5158, 19.8027, -48.8286



57.1223, 25.7464, -62.5488



68.1649, 33.8326, -39.6949



41.7842, 0.1883, -2.9833



19.7498, 52.9236, -135.3090



6.3710, 16.6759, -40.5756

Inverse Universe

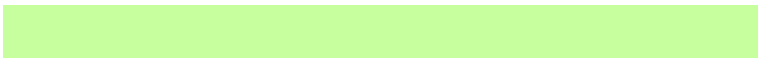
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.6024, 45.7190, -25.6636



68.2903, 55.6727, -31.4196



92.8255, -36.3522, 35.6106



42.7426, 3.3570, -1.1269



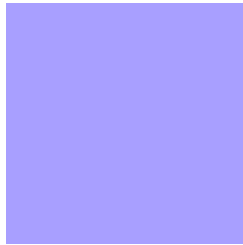
37.6009, 72.4493, -38.1568



11.7678, 22.7289, -12.3668

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

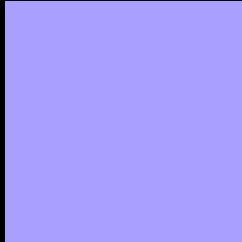
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

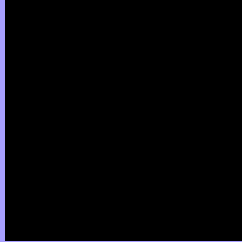
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308.

-48.8308.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308

Protanopia

63.5869, 8.5447, -48.8832

Deuteranopia

63.6037, 5.4146, -47.3388



Tritanopia

63.4408, -6.7754, -4.9644

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308

Protanomaly

63.4468, 12.4844, -49.0952

Deuteranomaly

63.3853, 10.7276, -48.4621

Tritanomaly

63.2676, 2.0987, -19.3495

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308

Achromatopsia

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Achromatomaly

64.0117, 3.9183, -12.8200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 159, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 159, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 159, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 159, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

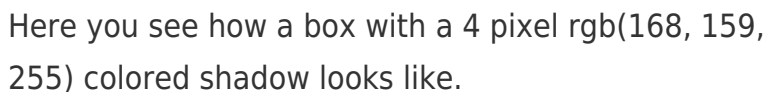
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 159, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 159, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 159, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 159, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 159, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 159,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.5146, 19.8033, -48.8308 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 159, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
159, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor