

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.4009, -28.5278,
33.8417)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.4009, -28.5278,
33.8417) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(63.3153,
-28.4373, 33.8337)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	8FB741
RGB	143, 183, 65
RGB Percent	56%, 72%, 25%
CMY	0.4392, 0.2823, 0.7451
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.64, 0.28
HSL	80°, 48%, 49%
HSV	80°, 64%, 72%
XYZ	29.2153, 40.0883, 11.1990
YIQ	157.5880, 14.0380, -45.1780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

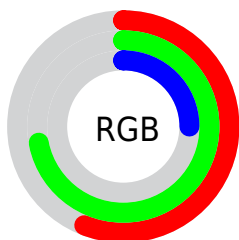
Format	Color
RYB	65, 183, 105
Decimal	9418561
CIELab	69.53, -31.24, 53.76
CIELCh	70, 62.179, 120.158
Yxy	40.0901, 0.3629, 0.4980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287608641 (0xFF8FB741)
YUV	157.5880, -45.6459, -12.7937
Hunter-Lab	63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337

Details

The HunterLab color **63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **31.9434, 34.9870, -62.8611**, and the grayscale version is **58.4828, -3.1205, 3.1775**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.7082, -32.9777, 41.1321**, and **42.5313, -23.6369, 25.7938** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.7477, -30.9397, 35.6116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.9584, -25.5798, 31.3196**.

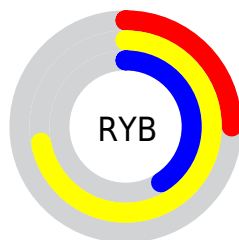
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (72%)

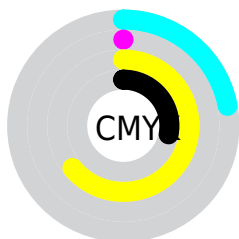
Blue (25%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (41%)

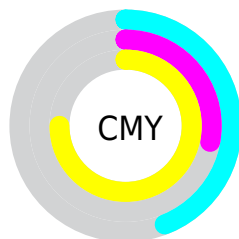


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (64%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (28%)


Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63.3153, -28.4373,
33.8337


 63.3153, -28.4373,
33.8337


186.1459,
-47.4659, 63.4716


 52.5440, -26.0828,
29.9140


 86.7759, -32.9298,
41.1533


 42.4629, -23.6230,
25.7760


 99.3975, -35.0945,
44.6056

 33.1243, -21.0246,
21.3841


 112.5779,
-37.2194, 47.9474

 24.5930, -18.2334,
17.2151

 126.2943,
-39.3122, 51.1946

 16.9540, -15.1595,
11.8678

 140.5264,
-41.3787, 54.3606

 10.3272, -13.9141,
7.2290

155.2564,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


-43.4240, 57.4562


0.0000, NaN, NaN


170.4678,
-45.4520, 60.4906


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 63.3153, -28.4373,
33.8337


 63.3153, -28.4373,
33.8337


 62.7477, -30.9397,
35.6116


 63.9584, -25.5798,
31.3196


 62.2473, -33.0972,
36.7064


 64.6755, -22.3553,
28.0318

 61.8101, -34.9370,
37.1972

 65.4701, -18.7646,
23.9493

 61.5881, -35.8604,
37.3225

 66.3433, -14.8122,
19.0631

 67.2958, -10.5066,
13.3745

■ 68.3276, -5.8601,
6.8942

■ 69.4382, -0.8875,
-0.3598

■ 70.6269, 4.3943,
-8.3634

■ 71.8926, 9.9672,
-17.0877

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.3167, -3.5314, 36.4136



63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337



63.3167, -43.9659, 24.1541

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.3167, -28.4389, 33.8341



63.3167, -28.2215, -59.8021



63.3167, 60.6514, 3.5887

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337



31.9434, 34.9870, -62.8611

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.3167, 50.9958, -28.0572



63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337



63.3167, -3.2320, -73.1199

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.3167, -28.4389, 33.8341



63.3167, -43.8567, -28.4188



63.3167, 26.3024, -59.5367



63.3167, 50.7992, 24.3077

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337



63.3167, -48.5276, 11.6627



63.3167, 26.3024, -59.5367



63.3167, 59.5615, -6.0437

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.3167, -28.4389, 33.8341



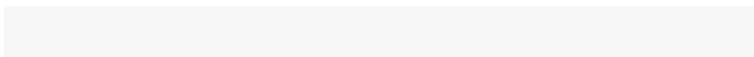
89.4287, -16.9038, 21.7117



45.1864, 21.5301, 21.6579



41.8593, -8.7094, 11.2071



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.3167, -28.4389, 33.8341



83.7072, -42.5523, 48.3153



60.1385, -41.1152, 31.4063



32.1664, -3.8704, 4.8102



51.4770, -29.7996, 31.1982



9.8323, -4.9321, 5.9723

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.9434, 34.9870, -62.8611



35.4352, 58.4584, -111.3917



38.7586, 50.1252, -43.7746



29.7716, 0.6640, -1.7164



17.7053, 43.7915, -92.9808



3.8137, 8.7357, -14.6254

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

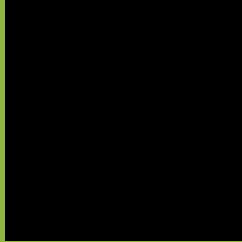
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.3153,

-28.4373, 33.8337.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337

Protanopia

63.1706, -8.2494, 34.6373

Deuteranopia





62.9756, 4.5671, 33.1131




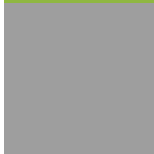

Tritanopia

63.0846, -5.0702, -4.3544

Trichromacy

	Original Color 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337
	Protanomaly 63.0701, -16.3746, 34.2926
	Deuteranomaly 62.6456, -8.4437, 33.1255
	Tritanomaly 62.6565, -15.3898, 14.4939

Monochromacy

	Original Color 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337
	Achromatopsia 58.4734, -3.1200, 3.1770
	Achromatomaly 59.8874, -13.6155, 17.7854

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 183, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 183, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 183, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 183, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 183, 65) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 183, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 183, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 183, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 183, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 183,  
65) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.3153, -28.4373, 33.8337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 183, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
183, 65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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