

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.4379, -5.7944,  
-3.9896)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.4379, -5.7944,  
-3.9896) contains.

<b>HunterLab(63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741)</b>	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i>	4
<i><b>Details</b></i>	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i>	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i>	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i>	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i>	31

# Color

**HunterLab(63.3845, -5.5592,  
-3.9741)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	9DACB9
RGB	157, 172, 185
RGB Percent	62%, 67%, 73%
CMY	0.3843, 0.3255, 0.2745
CMYK	0.15, 0.07, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	208°, 17%, 67%
HSV	208°, 15%, 73%
XYZ	37.4141, 40.1759, 51.6818
YIQ	168.9970, -13.1130, 0.8630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

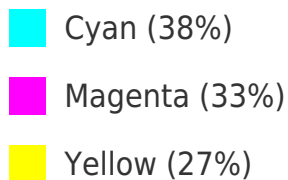
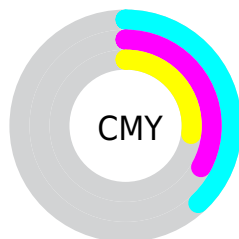
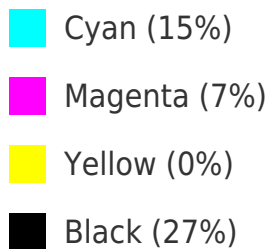
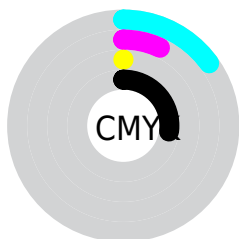
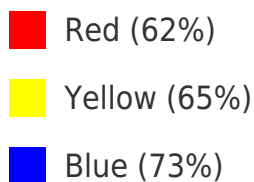
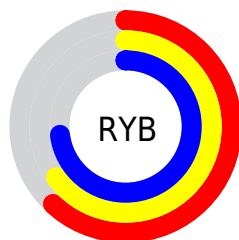
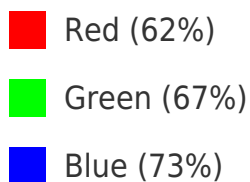
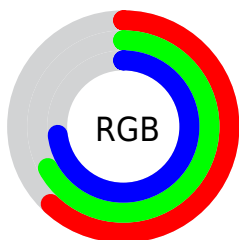
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">157, 167, 185</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10333369</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.60, -2.50, -8.43</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 8.797, 253.462</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.1776, 0.2894, 0.3108</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288523449</a> <a href="#">(0xFF9DACB9)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">168.9970, 7.8895, -10.5214</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **64.4190, -0.5982, 10.3248**, and the grayscale version is **62.9608, -3.3594, 3.4208**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.7676, -6.8140, -3.5188**, and **42.5466, -4.3639, -4.2799** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.4065, -6.3299, -9.3144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.4959, -4.4258, 1.1938**.

# Distribution




# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.3845, -5.5592,  
-3.9741

 63.3845, -5.5592,  
-3.9741


186.2449,  
-13.0734, -0.1919

 52.6090, -4.8519,  
-4.1644


 86.8527, -7.0576,  
-3.4302

 42.5234, -4.1711,  
-4.2954


 99.4778, -7.8451,  
-3.0869

 33.1800, -3.5185,  
-4.3593


112.6616, -8.6575,  
-2.6999

 24.6434, -2.8941,  
-4.3472

126.3812, -9.4943,  
-2.2720

 16.9986, -2.2970,  
-4.2484

140.6166,  
-10.3549, -1.8054

 10.3650, -1.7240,  
-4.0515

155.3496,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-11.2386, -1.3021

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.5639,  
-12.1449, -0.7637

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.3845, -5.5592,  
-3.9741

■ 63.3845, -5.5592,  
-3.9741

■ 59.4065, -6.3299,  
-9.3144

■ 67.4959, -4.4258,  
1.1938

■ 55.5711, -6.6818,  
-14.8455

■ 71.7251, -2.9719,  
6.2027

■ 51.8946, -6.5568,  
-20.5783

■ 76.0635, -1.2383,  
11.0704

■ 48.3934, -5.8901,  
-26.5179

■ 80.5022, 0.7417,  
15.8129

■ 45.0857, -4.6152,  
-32.6595

■ 85.0335, 2.9392,  
20.4450

■ 41.9900, -2.6700,  
-38.9831

■ 88.2170, 0.4662,  
23.5182

■ 39.1236, -0.0095,  
-45.4512

■ 90.8532, -4.0027,  
25.9595

■ 36.4985, 3.3736,  
-52.0124

■ 93.5414, -8.4318,  
28.3993

■ 35.2842, 5.1848,  
-55.2948

■ 96.2790, -12.8202,  
30.8365

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.3858, -8.8728, -1.7925



63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741



63.3858, -1.5848, -4.0867

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.3858, -5.5603, -3.9730



63.3858, 4.2703, 5.1302



63.3858, -8.5905, 8.5351

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741



64.4190, -0.5982, 10.3248

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.3858, -5.1663, 10.1622



63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741



63.3858, 2.2950, 8.2802

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.3858, -5.5603, -3.9730



63.3858, 4.1585, 1.3318



63.3858, -1.1809, 10.0719



63.3858, -10.5924, 5.4981



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741



63.3858, 0.9119, -2.9630



63.3858, -1.1809, 10.0719



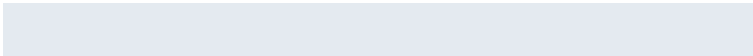
63.3858, -7.5714, 9.2564

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.3858, -5.5603, -3.9730



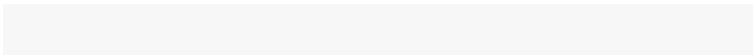
90.3572, -5.9136, 1.6337



66.8984, -14.4195, 7.4399



41.7728, -2.8017, 0.5381



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.3858, -5.5603, -3.9730



83.1250, -7.8226, -7.5492



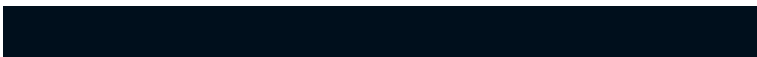
59.3820, 1.1629, -9.2173



30.8138, -2.3165, -0.4475



29.3670, 3.8121, -44.9354



6.5311, -1.0044, -5.9950



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.1619, 8.2818, -0.0044



79.5946, 14.4930, -0.9680



68.4576, -7.2848, 14.4284



30.1505, 1.7055, 0.6494



27.6640, 49.6521, 0.2272

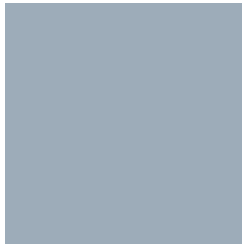


5.3118, 9.7475, -1.6128



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

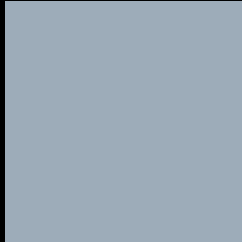
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

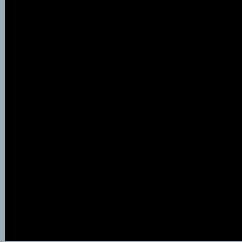
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741.

-3.9741.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741

### Protanopia

63.4270, -0.9671, -2.8112

### Deuteranopia

63.2765, 4.6670, -4.4553



## Tritanopia

63.4179, -5.3750, -4.4469

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741

## Protanomaly

63.4109, -2.4703, -3.3701

## Deuteranomaly

63.4101, 0.6761, -4.3512

## Tritanomaly

63.4179, -5.3750, -4.4469

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741

## Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223

## Achromatomaly

63.1220, -4.0524, 0.7293

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 172, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 172, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 172, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 172, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 172, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 172, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 172, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 172, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 172, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 172,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.3845, -5.5592, -3.9741 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 172, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
172, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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