

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.4605, -6.0712,
-4.0915)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.4605, -6.0712,
-4.0915) contains.

HunterLab(63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(63.6065, -6.3247,
-3.7008)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CADB9
RGB	156, 173, 185
RGB Percent	61%, 68%, 73%
CMY	0.3882, 0.3216, 0.2745
CMYK	0.16, 0.06, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	205°, 17%, 67%
HSV	205°, 16%, 73%
XYZ	37.4108, 40.4579, 51.7363
YIQ	169.2850, -13.9840, 0.1280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

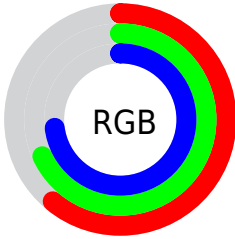
Format	Color
R _{YB}	156, 167, 185
Decimal	10268089
CIE _{Lab}	69.80, -3.38, -8.14
CIE _{LCh}	70, 8.816, 247.484
Y _{xy}	40.4595, 0.2887, 0.3122
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288458169 (0xFF9CADB9)
YUV	169.2850, 7.7475, -11.6509
Hunter-Lab	63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008

Details

The HunterLab color $63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63.8120, 0.2516, 10.1007$, and the grayscale version is $63.0806, -3.3658, 3.4273$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.9980, -7.6284, -3.2404$, and $42.7595, -5.0682, -4.0096$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.9170, -7.5136, -8.6302$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.4299, -4.7580, 1.1079$.

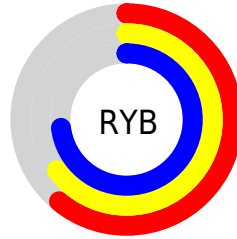
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (68%)

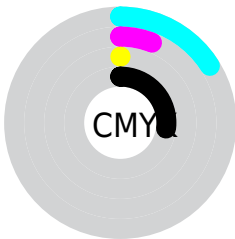
Blue (73%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (73%)

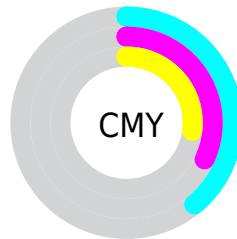


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.6065, -6.3247,
-3.7008

■ 63.6065, -6.3247,
-3.7008

186.5628,
-14.1761, 0.1842

■ 52.8176, -5.5702,
-3.9049

■ 87.0992, -7.9096,
-3.1311

■ 42.7177, -4.8390,
-4.0503

■ 99.7358, -8.7372,
-2.7757

■ 33.3590, -4.1317,
-4.1293

112.9305, -9.5881,
-2.3771

■ 24.8055, -3.4474,
-4.1332

126.6606,
-10.4618, -1.9379

■ 17.1418, -2.7830,
-4.0509

140.9060,
-11.3578, -1.4603

■ 10.4865, -2.1319,
-3.8703

155.6488,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-12.2759, -0.9464

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.8726,
-13.2154, -0.3977

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.6065, -6.3247,
-3.7008

■ 63.6065, -6.3247,
-3.7008

■ 59.9170, -7.5136,
-8.6302

■ 67.4299, -4.7580,
1.1079

■ 56.3695, -8.2710,
-13.6878

■ 71.3723, -2.8551,
5.7999

■ 52.9785, -8.5426,
-18.8722

■ 75.4255, -0.6564,
10.3849

■ 49.7581, -8.2703,
-24.1763

■ 79.5807, 1.8038,
14.8722

■ 46.7230, -7.3966,
-29.5841

■ 83.8303, 4.4962,
19.2715

■ 43.8869, -5.8720,
-35.0689

■ 86.8258, 2.8787,
22.2090

■ 41.2612, -3.6650,
-40.5942

■ 89.1467, -1.1248,
24.3850

■ 38.8498, -0.7838,
-46.1235

■ 91.5103, -5.0970,
26.5604

■ 37.8499, 0.5823,
-48.5662

■ 93.9148, -9.0373,
28.7344

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.6078, -9.4063, -1.1692



63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008



63.6078, -2.3890, -4.2552

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.6078, -6.3258, -3.6997



63.6078, 4.4367, 4.4112



63.6078, -8.0260, 9.0168

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008



63.8120, 0.2516, 10.1007

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.6078, -4.3995, 10.3197



63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008



63.6078, 2.8433, 7.7699

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.6078, -6.3258, -3.6997



63.6078, 3.8900, 0.5863



63.6078, -0.4149, 9.8777



63.6078, -10.3708, 6.2100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008



63.6078, 0.2036, -3.4010



63.6078, -0.4149, 9.8777



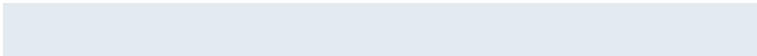
63.6078, -6.9200, 9.6370

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.6078, -6.3258, -3.6997



90.5482, -6.2283, 1.8596



66.7674, -15.0090, 8.1546



41.8737, -2.9676, 0.6579



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.6078, -6.3258, -3.6997



83.3077, -9.1058, -7.3305



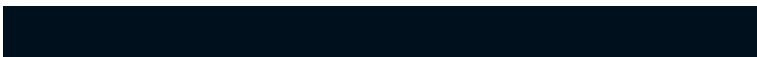
59.4419, 0.6257, -9.1435



30.9367, -2.5176, -0.2982



31.4659, 0.0781, -39.4984



6.8410, -1.4784, -5.3592

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.9174, 8.9612, -0.7870



78.9552, 15.9963, -2.3626



67.9795, -6.6921, 14.3387



30.1632, 1.7736, 0.4687



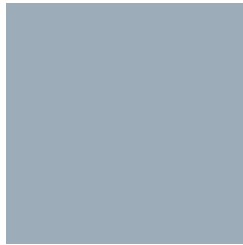
27.8960, 50.4925, -3.0579



5.3511, 9.8881, -2.1566

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

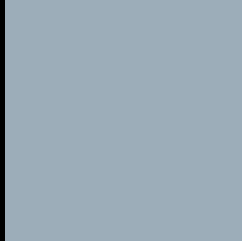
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

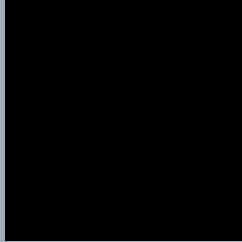
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

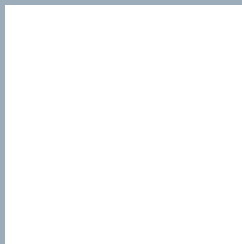
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008.

-3.7008.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008

Protanopia

63.5145, -0.6664, -2.6944

Deuteranopia

63.5956, 4.3373, -4.5675



Tritanopia

63.6733, -5.9556, -4.6463

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008

Protanomaly

63.4109, -2.4703, -3.3701

Deuteranomaly

63.7017, 0.1741, -3.9814

Tritanomaly

63.6398, -6.1407, -4.1722

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008

Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223

Achromatomaly

63.0374, -4.3481, 0.6208

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 173, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 173, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 173, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 173, 185) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 173, 185) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 173, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 173, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 173, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 173, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 173,  
185) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.6065, -6.3247, -3.7008 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 173, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
173, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor