

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.4876, -3.6131,
-13.1060)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.4876, -3.6131,
-13.1060) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(63.5962, -3.6196,
-12.9693)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98ACCA
RGB	152, 172, 202
RGB Percent	60%, 67%, 79%
CMY	0.4039, 0.3255, 0.2078
CMYK	0.25, 0.15, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	216°, 32%, 69%
HSV	216°, 25%, 79%
XYZ	38.3621, 40.4448, 61.6619
YIQ	169.4400, -21.5500, 5.0900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

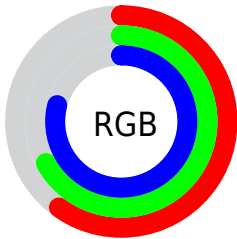
Format	Color
R _Y B	152, 166, 202
Decimal	10005706
CIE Lab	69.79, -0.26, -17.56
CIE LCh	70, 17.564, 269.166
Yxy	40.4464, 0.2731, 0.2879
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288195786 (0xFF98ACCA)
YUV	169.4400, 16.0521, -15.2949
Hunter-Lab	63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693

Details

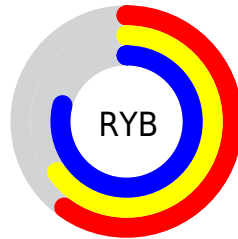
The HunterLab color $63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $69.4836, -1.4899, 17.4407$, and the grayscale version is $63.1137, -3.3676, 3.4291$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.8467, -5.5360, -11.1708$, and $42.7556, -2.5243, -12.5501$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58.5281, -2.7063, -20.5878$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.8404, -4.0870, -5.7781$.

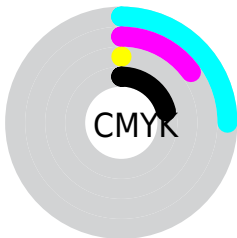
Distribution



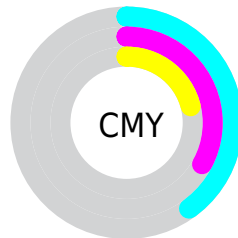
- Red (60%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.5962, -3.6196,
-12.9693

■ 63.5962, -3.6196,
-12.9693

186.5480,
-10.2840, -12.0170

■ 52.8079, -3.0307,
-12.8017

■ 87.0878, -4.8999,
-13.1137

■ 42.7087, -2.4769,
-12.5675

■ 99.7238, -5.5863,
-13.1008

■ 33.3507, -1.9616,
-12.2625

112.9180, -6.3020,
-13.0353

■ 24.7980, -1.4878,
-11.8876

126.6476, -7.0459,
-12.9204

■ 17.1352, -1.0595,
-11.4567

140.8926, -7.8169,
-12.7589

■ 10.4809, -0.6822,
-11.0319

155.6349, -8.6141,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-12.5530

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.8583, -9.4368,
-12.3051

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.5962, -3.6196,
-12.9693

■ 63.5962, -3.6196,
-12.9693

■ 58.5281, -2.7063,
-20.5878

■ 68.8404, -4.0870,
-5.7781

■ 53.6555, -1.2615,
-28.7055

■ 74.2380, -4.1748,
1.0453

■ 49.0077, 0.8108,
-37.3890

■ 79.7744, -3.9408,
7.5581

■ 44.6188, 3.6189,
-46.6940

■ 85.4367, -3.4315,
13.8084

■ 40.5290, 7.2720,
-56.6428

■ 91.2138, -2.6854,
19.8373

■ 36.7842, 11.8578,
-67.1920

■ 95.2155, -8.2743,
23.7318

■ 33.4311, 17.3965,
-78.1947

■ 98.5111, -13.5548,
26.8341

■ 31.8128, 20.5743,
-84.1773

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.5975, -11.0872, -10.4212



63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693



63.5975, 4.2710, -10.6801

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.5975, -3.6205, -12.9681



63.5975, 10.5938, 10.1852



63.5975, -16.0679, 10.5115

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693



69.4836, -1.4899, 17.4407

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.5975, -10.7178, 14.9550



63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693



63.5975, 4.6774, 14.7836

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.5975, -3.6205, -12.9681



63.5975, 12.7187, 3.2485



63.5975, -3.1728, 16.4187



63.5975, -18.0520, 3.6743

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693



63.5975, 8.6594, -6.8637



63.5975, -3.1728, 16.4187



63.5975, -14.6169, 12.3021

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.5975, -3.6205, -12.9681



94.9351, -5.4455, -0.6823



72.2913, -21.7477, 8.2366



43.7212, -2.5192, -0.5641

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.5975, -3.6205, -12.9681



78.9908, -4.1158, -22.4103



58.1433, 7.6411, -21.0184



34.0121, -1.9812, -0.9893



25.8384, 15.7566, -66.3097



7.0127, 1.1931, -11.3408

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.6382, 16.7531, 0.7299



76.0977, 28.1672, 0.3340



75.1611, -12.7073, 22.6576



33.5958, 1.7516, 1.2533



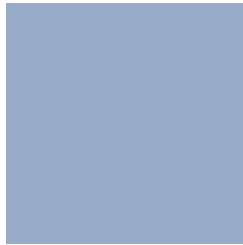
29.1152, 51.2241, 8.2450



6.7245, 12.0417, 0.2697

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

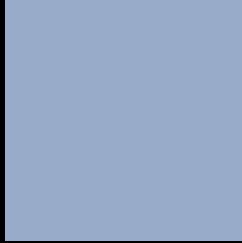
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

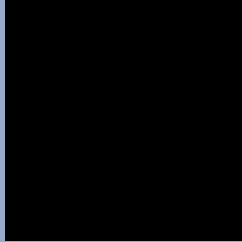
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

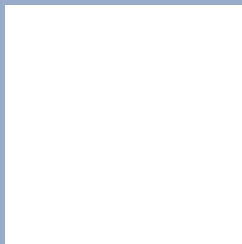
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693.

-12.9693.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693

Protanopia

63.5913, 0.7789, -11.7492

Deuteranopia

63.4367, 4.9445, -13.6307



Tritanopia

63.4764, -8.1406, -5.4678

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693

Protanomaly

63.5925, -0.6529, -12.3457

Deuteranomaly

63.4110, 1.8883, -13.7214

Tritanomaly

63.4204, -6.4337, -8.1996

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693

Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223

Achromatomaly

63.1444, -3.5926, -2.2012

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 172, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 172, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 172, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 172, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 172, 202) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 172, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 172, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 172, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 172, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 172,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.5962, -3.6196, -12.9693 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 172, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
172, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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