

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.5839, -2.8405,
3.9096)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.5839, -2.8405, 3.9096)
contains.

HunterLab(63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(63.5489, -2.9308,
4.0867)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACAAA9
RGB	172, 170, 169
RGB Percent	67%, 67%, 66%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3333, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.33
HSL	20°, 2%, 67%
HSV	20°, 2%, 67%
XYZ	38.5494, 40.3846, 43.2994
YIQ	170.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

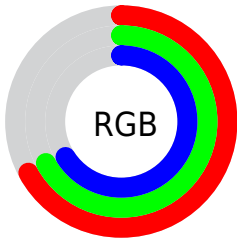
Format	Color
RYB	172, 171, 169
Decimal	11315881
CIELab	69.74, 0.53, 0.76
CIELCh	70, 0.924, 55.215
Yxy	40.3864, 0.3154, 0.3304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289505961 (0xFFACAAA9)
YUV	170.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295
Hunter-Lab	63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867

Details

The HunterLab color $63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63.6701, -3.8477, 2.8207$, and the grayscale version is $63.6055, -3.3938, 3.4558$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.9271, -4.1545, 5.3913$, and $42.7016, -1.8464, 2.9128$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.7282, 0.0336, 7.4017$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.4960, -5.6851, 0.5859$.

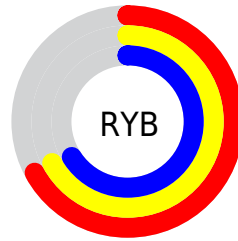
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (67%)

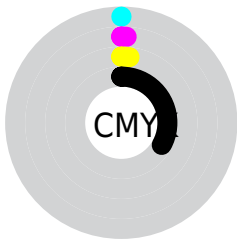
Blue (66%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (66%)

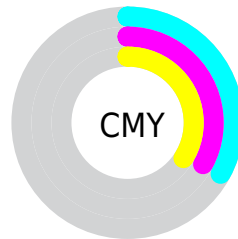


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.5489, -2.9308,
4.0867

■ 63.5489, -2.9308,
4.0867

186.4804, -9.2992,
11.0528

■ 52.7635, -2.3839,
3.4624

■ 87.0353, -4.1358,
5.4362

■ 42.6673, -1.8742,
2.8720

■ 99.6689, -4.7869,
6.1564

■ 33.3126, -1.4065,
2.3187

112.8608, -5.4688,
6.9057

■ 24.7635, -0.9848,
1.8049

126.5882, -6.1803,
7.6828

■ 17.1047, -0.6147,
1.3339

140.8310, -6.9200,
8.4870

■ 10.4550, -0.3044,
0.9094

155.5712, -7.6870,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

9.3172

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.7926, -8.4804,
10.1727

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.5489, -2.9308,
4.0867

■ 63.5489, -2.9308,
4.0867

■ 59.7282, 0.0336,
7.4017

■ 67.4960, -5.6851,
0.5859

■ 56.0437, 3.2346,
10.4966

■ 71.5534, -8.2461,
-3.0781

■ 52.5129, 6.6909,
13.3339

■ 75.7123, -10.6357,
-6.8838

■ 49.1546, 10.4183,
15.8671

■ 79.9641, -12.8726,
-10.8143

■ 45.9905, 14.4236,
18.0413

■ 84.3011, -14.9740,
-14.8550

■ 43.0451, 18.6978,
19.7945

■ 88.0619, -20.6465,
-9.7953

■ 40.3453, 23.2068,
21.0614

■ 91.8998, -26.2288,
-4.8680

■ 37.9193, 27.8806,
21.7833

■ 93.5472, -28.5674,
-2.8190

■ 35.7944, 32.6019,
21.9270

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.5503, -2.6611, 3.7860



63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867



63.5503, -3.3268, 4.2210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.5503, -2.9323, 4.0877



63.5503, -4.1981, 3.5233



63.5503, -3.0494, 2.7594

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867



63.6701, -3.8477, 2.8207

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.5503, -3.4617, 2.6879



63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867



63.5503, -4.1242, 3.1306

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.5503, -2.9323, 4.0877



63.5503, -4.0570, 3.8965



63.5503, -3.8549, 2.8242



63.5503, -2.7288, 3.0188

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867



63.5503, -3.6064, 4.1970



63.5503, -3.8549, 2.8242



63.5503, -3.1819, 2.7125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.5503, -2.9323, 4.0877



85.9761, -4.2281, 5.1713



63.3147, -2.1116, 2.8977



40.0940, -1.9811, 2.3986



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.5503, -2.9323, 4.0877



85.4429, -3.8372, 5.6398



63.9928, -3.6684, 4.5897



30.4145, -1.3883, 1.9770



29.7217, 30.9508, 18.8562



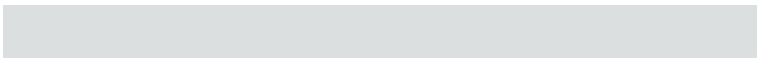
5.9003, 2.8492, 3.6856

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.6701, -3.8477, 2.8207



85.6313, -5.2761, 3.6482



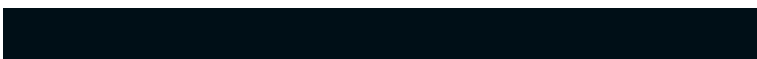
63.2270, -3.1121, 2.3058



30.4758, -1.8563, 1.3292



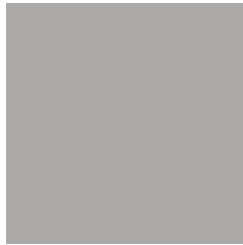
33.7040, -5.4231, -30.4200



6.4124, -2.0657, -3.5556

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

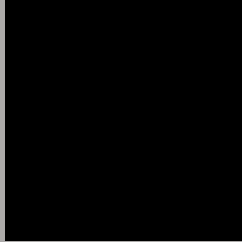
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867.



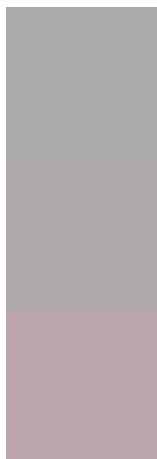
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.5489, -2.9308,

4.0867.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867

Protanopia

63.7281, -2.3098, 4.3065

Deuteranopia

63.5432, 4.5472, 3.7499



Tritanopia

63.5139, 0.7013, -1.6596

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867

Protanomaly

63.6382, -2.6210, 4.1963

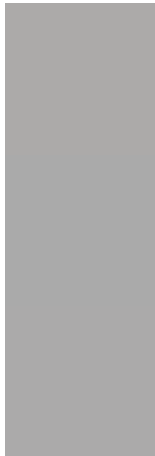
Deuteranomaly

63.6277, 1.8932, 3.8026

Tritanomaly

63.5881, -0.7981, 0.3853

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867

Achromatopsia

63.4017, -3.3830, 3.4447

Achromatomaly

63.4899, -3.0765, 3.5538

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 170, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 170, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 170, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 170, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 170, 169) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 170, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 170, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 170, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 170, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 170,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.5489, -2.9308, 4.0867 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 170, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
170, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor