

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.6507, 1.5420,  
21.7272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.6507, 1.5420,  
21.7272) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.6968, 1.2892,  
21.8298)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	C5A67B
RGB	197, 166, 123
RGB Percent	77%, 65%, 48%
CMY	0.2275, 0.3490, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.38, 0.23
HSL	35°, 39%, 63%
HSV	35°, 38%, 77%
XYZ	40.2373, 40.5728, 24.4495
YIQ	170.3670, 32.2790, -6.8010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

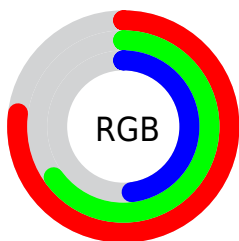
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">176, 197, 123</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12953211</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.88, 5.28, 26.50</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 27.020, 78.736</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.5747, 0.3823, 0.3855</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291143291</a> (0xFFC5A67B)
YUV	<a href="#">170.3670, -23.3519, 23.3571</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **55.9931, -2.9835, -21.4831**, and the grayscale version is **63.6388, -3.3956, 3.4576**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.2396, 0.6501, 25.8530**, and **42.7549, 2.0344, 17.3969** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.0126, 3.4484, 25.1092**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.4950, -0.5419, 17.8991**.

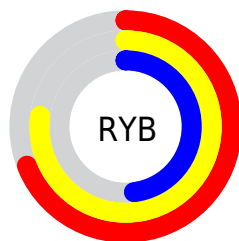
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (65%)

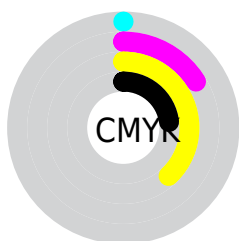
Blue (48%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (48%)

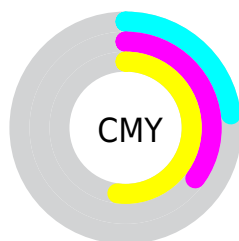


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.6968, 1.2892,  
21.8298


 63.6968, 1.2892,  
21.8298


186.6923, -3.3096,  
39.0786


 52.9027, 1.5902,  
19.7134

 87.1997, 0.5351,  
25.8756

 42.7970, 1.8388,  
17.5067


 99.8409, 0.0942,  
27.8306

 33.4320, 2.0256,  
15.1800


 113.0400, -0.3862,  
29.7532

 24.8716, 2.1414,  
12.6888

126.7744, -0.9037,  
31.6503

 17.2003, 2.1724,  
10.1675

141.0240, -1.4565,  
33.5274

 10.5362, 2.0968,  
7.3753

155.7707, -2.0427,

0.0000, INF, NaN

35.3889


0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.9984, -2.6608,  
37.2383

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 63.6968, 1.2892,  
21.8298


 63.6968, 1.2892,  
21.8298


 61.0126, 3.4484,  
25.1092


 66.4950, -0.5419,  
17.8991


 58.4451, 5.9530,  
27.6918


 69.3957, -2.0523,  
13.3606

 56.0028, 8.8044,  
29.5431


 72.3939, -3.2615,  
8.2613


 53.6922, 11.9966,  
30.6416


 75.4832, -4.1876,  
2.6459


 51.5187, 15.5098,  
30.9908


 78.6578, -4.8493,  
-3.4437


 49.4836, 19.2945,  
30.6642

 81.9124, -5.2647,  
-9.9683

 49.0047, 20.2317,  
30.5507

 85.0151, -6.6976,  
-13.7113

 87.6431, -10.9362,  
-10.1877

 90.3154, -15.1278,  
-6.7207

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.6983, 12.9699, 18.1745



63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298



63.6983, -10.8270, 21.3149

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.6983, 1.2868, 21.8306



63.6983, -24.3006, -4.1961



63.6983, 15.3810, -13.2395

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298



55.9931, -2.9835, -21.4831

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.6983, 4.3791, -21.7494



63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298



63.6983, -18.2714, -15.8826

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.6983, 1.2868, 21.8306



63.6983, -24.9904, 7.7099



63.6983, -7.9594, -22.7993



63.6983, 21.5093, -1.0889



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298



63.6983, -17.5447, 18.6470



63.6983, -7.9594, -22.7993



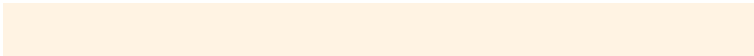
63.6983, 12.0931, -16.7121

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.6983, 1.2868, 21.8306



95.4227, -3.8263, 13.5998



53.2967, 27.4053, -1.2096



43.8908, -1.6690, 6.7299

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.6983, 1.2868, 21.8306



82.3137, 4.0388, 32.8512



72.5105, -15.3862, 29.0886



34.1227, -1.4546, 4.3850



39.9546, 15.9607, 24.8993



9.4698, 1.9129, 5.8687



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.9931, -2.9835, -21.4831



69.9413, -2.5546, -37.1472



47.7301, 13.9064, -35.9622



33.1743, -2.0119, -0.8926



26.1326, 13.8139, -62.4837



6.8255, 0.7138, -10.0722



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

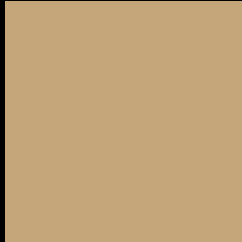
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

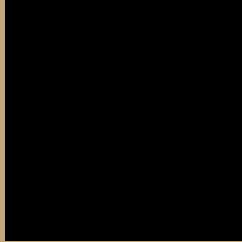
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.6968, 1.2892,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298

### Protanopia

63.8724, -5.4919, 21.2517

### Deuteranopia

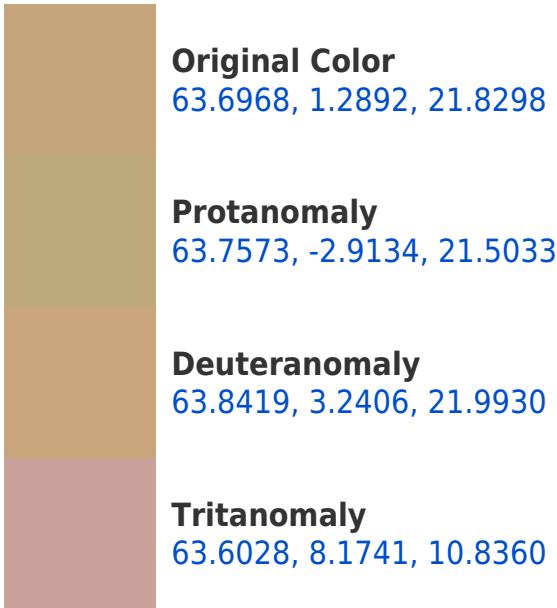
63.7789, 4.4761, 21.9586



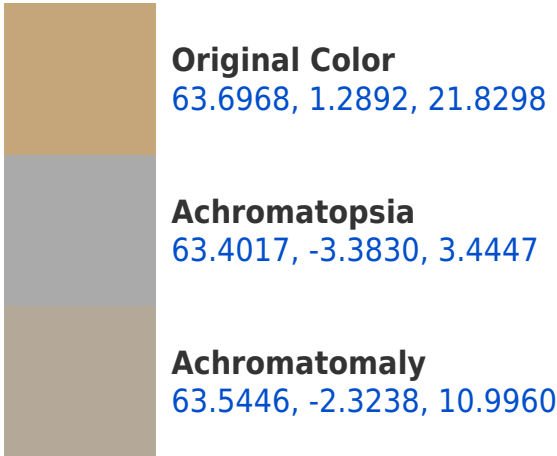
## Tritanopia

63.7783, 12.5809, 3.2371

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 166, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 166, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 166, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 166, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 166, 123) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 166, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 166, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 166, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 166, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 166,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.6968, 1.2892, 21.8298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 166, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
166, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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