

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.6632, 13.8093,  
22.9221)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.6632, 13.8093,  
22.9221) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.6632, 13.8093,  
22.9221)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DB9D78
RGB	219, 157, 120
RGB Percent	86%, 62%, 47%
CMY	0.1412, 0.3843, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.45, 0.14
HSL	22°, 58%, 66%
HSV	22°, 45%, 86%
XYZ	44.6605, 40.5300, 23.2385
YIQ	171.3200, 48.8290, 1.6370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

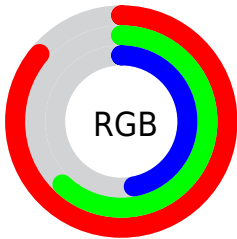
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">219, 179, 120</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14392696</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.85, 18.69, 28.49</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 34.072, 56.735</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.5320, 0.4119, 0.3738</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292582776 (0xFFDB9D78)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">171.3200, -25.3008, 41.8154</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **65.2392, -12.2248, -20.9201**, and the grayscale version is **64.0362, -3.4168, 3.4792**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.4773, 4.9899, 24.3943**, and **42.7077, 13.4054, 18.2751** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.7297, 18.8637, 25.6403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.8455, 9.1318, 19.6358**.

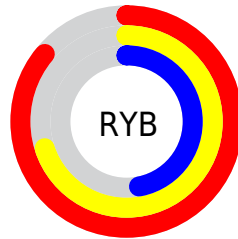
# Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (62%)

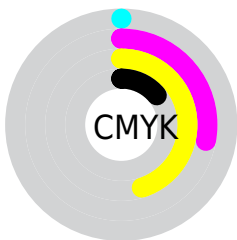
Blue (47%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (47%)

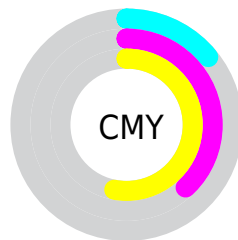


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63.6632, 13.8093,  
22.9221

63.6632, 13.8093,  
22.9221

186.6443, 14.0371,  
41.0341

52.8711, 13.4558,  
20.6784

87.1625, 14.2721,  
27.1970

42.7676, 13.0139,  
18.3333

99.8019, 14.4020,  
29.2562

33.4049, 12.4676,  
15.8550

112.9994, 14.4708,  
31.2775

24.8471, 11.8000,  
13.1961

126.7322, 14.4831,  
33.2685

17.1786, 10.9890,  
10.6425

140.9802, 14.4428,  
35.2351

10.5177, 10.0092,  
7.3624

155.7255, 14.3531,

0.0000, INF, NaN

37.1824

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.9518, 14.2171,  
39.1143

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.6632, 13.8093,  
22.9221

■ 63.6632, 13.8093,  
22.9221

■ 59.7297, 18.8637,  
25.6403

■ 67.8455, 9.1318,  
19.6358

■ 56.0694, 24.2908,  
27.7059

■ 72.2459, 4.8321,  
15.8558

■ 52.7149, 30.0428,  
29.0414

■ 76.8429, 0.8872,  
11.6511

■ 49.6978, 36.0293,  
29.5897

■ 81.6164, -2.7291,  
7.0802

■ 47.0470, 42.1000,  
29.3470

■ 86.5491, -6.0456,  
2.1922

■ 45.9058, 44.9491,  
29.0739

■ 91.6260, -9.0909,  
-2.9719

■ 96.1941, -15.4552,  
0.6915

■ 96.8504, -16.4722,  
1.4733

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.6647, 25.4987, 14.9573



63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221



63.6647, -1.6919, 25.7890

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.6647, 13.8064, 22.9230



63.6647, -30.5346, 5.0611



63.6647, 10.5858, -27.4524

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221



65.2392, -12.2248, -20.9201

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.6647, -5.0911, -31.8833



63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221



63.6647, -27.9167, -10.6709

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.6647, 13.8064, 22.9230



63.6647, -26.4770, 17.1511



63.6647, -18.9540, -25.1280



63.6647, 23.5177, -14.1519



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221



63.6647, -11.7659, 25.0949



63.6647, -18.9540, -25.1280



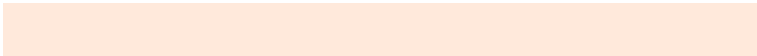
63.6647, 5.4207, -30.1482

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.6647, 13.8064, 22.9230



91.9059, 0.5697, 13.2739



56.4798, 41.6285, -11.3259



41.9590, 0.7153, 6.6670

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.6647, 13.8064, 22.9230



71.3036, 21.9514, 30.2502



77.7576, -10.6749, 34.1776



37.2088, -0.5789, 4.2337



35.6220, 33.8810, 22.5433



9.9212, 6.4789, 6.2268



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.2392, -12.2248, -20.9201



73.4745, -14.6223, -31.3247



50.9292, 12.3299, -46.4215



37.3751, -3.2498, -0.2700



37.2580, -2.8905, -40.3295



10.3085, -2.0356, -8.4906



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

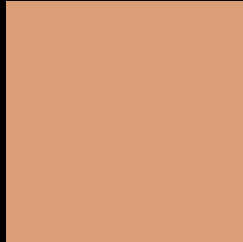
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

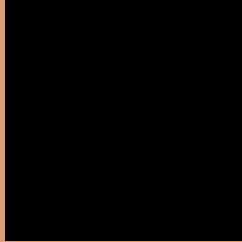
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.6632, 13.8093,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221

### Protanopia

63.8925, -5.3811, 20.9593

### Deuteranopia

63.8124, 4.4345, 23.1826



## Tritanopia

63.6125, 23.6741, 7.3164

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221

## Protanomaly

63.7166, 1.3960, 21.5423

## Deuteranomaly

63.5429, 7.8203, 23.0071

## Tritanomaly

63.5757, 20.0911, 13.7838

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221

## Achromatopsia

63.8154, -3.4050, 3.4672

## Achromatomaly

63.4278, 1.6908, 11.3456

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 157, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 157, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 157, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 157, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

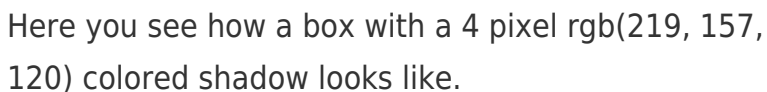
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 157, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 157, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 157, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 157, 120); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 157, 120); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 157, 120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.6632, 13.8093, 22.9221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 157, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
157, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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