

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.7185, -12.7085,  
24.7767)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.7185, -12.7085,  
24.7767) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.7185,  
-12.7085, 24.7767)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACAF70
RGB	172, 175, 112
RGB Percent	67%, 69%, 44%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3137, 0.5608
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.36, 0.31
HSL	63°, 28%, 56%
HSV	63°, 36%, 69%
XYZ	35.2679, 40.6005, 21.3071
YIQ	166.9210, 18.4350, -20.2290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

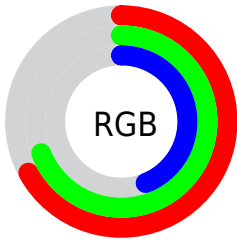
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	112, 175, 115
Decimal	11317104
CIELab	69.90, -10.95, 31.98
CIELCh	70, 33.803, 108.893
Yxy	40.6023, 0.3629, 0.4178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289507184 (0xFFACAF70)
YUV	166.9210, -27.0761, 4.4543
Hunter-Lab	63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767

# Details

The HunterLab color  $63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999966$ . A complement of this color would be  $42.8128, 10.9812, -29.5966$ , and the grayscale version is  $62.2347, -3.3207, 3.3813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87.0448, -14.9488, 29.4518$ , and  $42.9497, -10.3781, 19.7919$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $63.3683, -14.5451, 28.7737$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $64.1292, -10.5640, 19.9672$ .

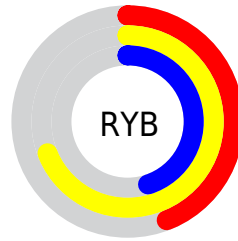
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (69%)

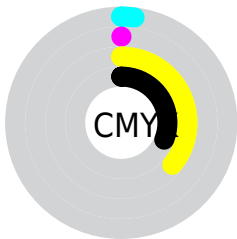
Blue (44%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (45%)

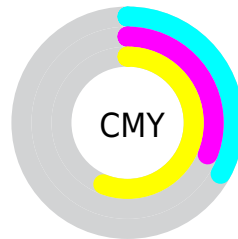


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63.7185, -12.7085,  
24.7767

63.7185, -12.7085,  
24.7767

186.7232,  
-23.4960, 44.4193

52.9230, -11.5409,  
22.3075

87.2237, -15.0510,  
29.4573

42.8159, -10.3651,  
19.7184

99.8660, -16.2286,  
31.7014

33.4494, -9.1748,  
16.9737

113.0662,  
-17.4138, 33.8978

24.8875, -7.9570,  
14.0225

126.8016,  
-18.6082, 36.0552

17.2143, -6.6893,  
11.4907

141.0522,  
-19.8129, 38.1809

10.5480, -5.3588,  
7.3836

155.7999,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-21.0287, 40.2805

0.0000, NaN, NaN

171.0285,  
-22.2562, 42.3587

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.7185, -12.7085,  
24.7767

■ 63.7185, -12.7085,  
24.7767

■ 63.3683, -14.5451,  
28.7737

■ 64.1292, -10.5640,  
19.9672

■ 63.0718, -16.0775,  
31.9827

■ 64.5981, -8.1002,  
14.3266

■ 62.8273, -17.3210,  
34.4414

■ 65.1283, -5.3169,  
7.8478

■ 62.6311, -18.2940,  
36.1991

■ 65.7210, -2.2150,  
0.5309

■ 62.4785, -19.0206,  
37.3198

■ 66.3770, 1.2017,  
-7.6163

■ 62.3633, -19.5354,  
37.8949

■ 67.0968, 4.9271,  
-16.5796

■ 62.3218, -19.7150,  
38.0573

■ 67.8805, 8.9528,  
-26.3392

■ 68.7282, 13.2685,  
-36.8702

■ 68.9395, 14.2280,  
-38.6362

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.7199, 2.4017, 25.3797



63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767



63.7199, -24.2143, 19.3474

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.7199, -12.7104, 24.7774



63.7199, -21.7258, -21.6142



63.7199, 28.3327, -2.1999

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767



42.8128, 10.9812, -29.5966

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.7199, 20.4772, -17.9686



63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767



63.7199, -9.0078, -30.8237

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.7199, -12.7104, 24.7774



63.7199, -29.0678, -6.3427



63.7199, 6.4706, -29.3504



63.7199, 27.1010, 11.9315



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767



63.7199, -28.7408, 12.8009



63.7199, 6.4706, -29.3504



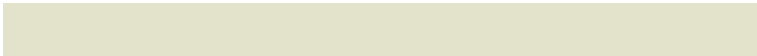
63.7199, 26.6396, -7.5315

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.7199, -12.7104, 24.7774



86.7780, -9.1015, 15.1417



47.2674, 17.8617, 10.2096



40.8673, -4.5208, 7.6731



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.7199, -12.7104, 24.7774



84.9010, -18.9463, 37.3920



61.2615, -21.8096, 22.5308



30.5131, -2.9457, 4.7341



52.7454, -16.6557, 32.2099



8.8303, -2.6552, 5.3947



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.8128, 10.9812, -29.5966



51.3895, 19.7959, -51.7914



45.5618, 19.4501, -24.3653



27.8833, -0.0601, -1.8562



15.0427, 40.4956, -104.4991



2.6215, 6.8415, -16.5387



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

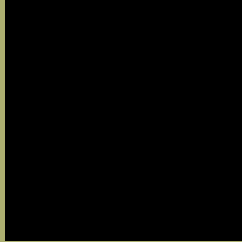
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.7185,

-12.7085, 24.7767.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767

### Protanopia

63.7893, -6.3403, 25.4843

### Deuteranopia

63.4583, 4.5388, 24.0279



## Tritanopia

63.7464, 2.9124, -0.8302

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767

## Protanomaly

63.6211, -8.4311, 25.0403

## Deuteranomaly

63.2920, -1.9153, 24.0537

## Tritanomaly

63.6106, -3.4997, 10.2313

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767

## Achromatopsia

62.1634, -3.3169, 3.3775

## Achromatomaly

62.6826, -7.1684, 12.3895

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 175, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 175, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 175, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 175, 112) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 175, 112) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 175, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 175, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 175, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 175, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 175,  
112) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.7185, -12.7085, 24.7767 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 175, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
175, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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