

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.8353, 13.6838,  
-4.1057)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.8353, 13.6838,  
-4.1057) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.8242, 13.6835,  
-4.1061)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6A0BB
RGB	198, 160, 187
RGB Percent	78%, 63%, 73%
CMY	0.2235, 0.3725, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.06, 0.22
HSL	317°, 25%, 70%
HSV	317°, 19%, 78%
XYZ	44.8292, 40.7353, 52.5137
YIQ	174.4400, 13.9810, 16.4530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

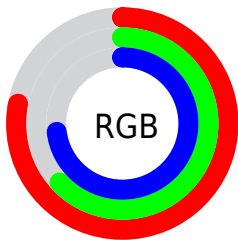
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	198, 160, 187
Decimal	13017275
CIE Lab	69.99, 18.56, -8.58
CIE LCh	70, 20.445, 335.175
Yxy	40.7371, 0.3247, 0.2950
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291207355 (0xFFC6A0BB)
YUV	174.4400, 6.1921, 20.6621
Hunter-Lab	63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061

# Details

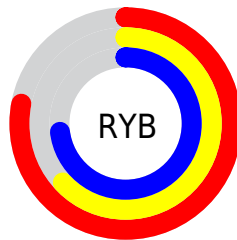
The HunterLab color **63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **71.2764, -19.4423, 11.5289**, and the grayscale version is **65.2140, -3.4797, 3.5432**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.3682, 14.0622, -3.4611**, and **42.8668, 13.1247, -4.5512** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.4544, 23.1038, -8.0641**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.5759, 4.3818, 0.0885**.

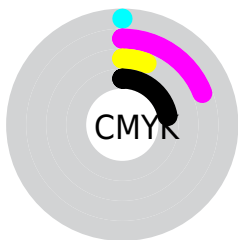
# Distribution



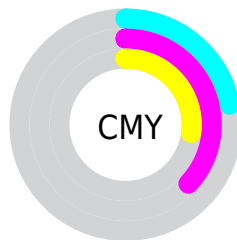
- Red (78%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63.8242, 13.6835,  
-4.1061

63.8242, 13.6835,  
-4.1061

186.8744, 13.8583,  
-0.3587

53.0224, 13.3385,  
-4.2920

87.3411, 14.1336,  
-3.5703

42.9085, 12.9045,  
-4.4187

99.9888, 14.2570,  
-3.2311

33.5347, 12.3666,  
-4.4782

113.1941, 14.3197,  
-2.8481

24.9647, 11.7080,  
-4.4620

126.9345, 14.3261,  
-2.4241

17.2826, 10.9068,  
-4.3593

141.1899, 14.2800,  
-1.9613

10.6061, 9.9371,  
-4.1591

155.9422, 14.1848,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-1.4616

0.0000, NaN, NaN

171.1753, 14.0434,  
-0.9269

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.8242, 13.6835,  
-4.1061

■ 63.8242, 13.6835,  
-4.1061

■ 58.4544, 23.1038,  
-8.0641

■ 69.5759, 4.3818,  
0.0885

■ 53.5282, 32.5270,  
-11.6767

■ 75.6508, -4.7416,  
4.4400

■ 49.1239, 41.7263,  
-14.7833

■ 82.0059, -13.6737,  
8.8999

■ 45.3263, 50.3388,  
-17.1759

■ 88.6052, -22.4213,  
13.4364

■ 42.2187, 57.8564,  
-18.6158

■ 94.0565, -29.0964,  
16.6399

■ 39.8659, 63.6933,  
-18.8886

■ 94.2165, -28.1801,  
14.3410

■ 38.2883, 67.3610,  
-17.8936

■ 94.3816, -27.2355,  
11.9705

■ 37.3739, 68.9215,  
-15.8291

■ 94.5521, -26.2624,  
9.5286

■ 37.3088, 69.0213,  
-15.6497

■ 94.7279, -25.2610,  
7.0153

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.8256, 7.2449, -12.0884



63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061



63.8256, 15.4350, 4.9925

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.8256, 13.6816, -4.1048



63.8256, -5.0170, 18.2256



63.8256, -17.4053, -7.1459

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061



71.2764, -19.4423, 11.5289

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.8256, -20.2923, 1.9177



63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061



63.8256, -13.4069, 15.8958

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.8256, 13.6816, -4.1048



63.8256, 4.2899, 17.0892



63.8256, -18.8713, 10.2245



63.8256, -10.7594, -14.0132



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061



63.8256, 13.6308, 10.3080



63.8256, -18.8713, 10.2245



63.8256, -18.8297, -4.2102

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.8256, 13.6816, -4.1048



95.0482, 2.0405, 1.8939



61.5245, 6.9600, -13.4534



43.7284, 1.3181, 0.6998

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.8256, 13.6816, -4.1048



81.8976, 23.4031, -7.6967



63.2338, 10.5843, 4.3056



32.8059, 2.1543, 0.0024



30.1123, 55.7521, -12.9740



6.6443, 12.4587, -4.0800



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.8256, 13.6816, -4.1048



81.8976, 23.4031, -7.6967



71.8125, -16.3995, 3.8525



32.8059, 2.1543, 0.0024



30.1123, 55.7521, -12.9740

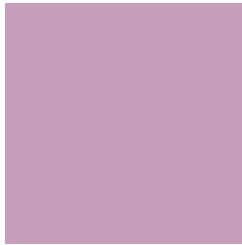


6.6443, 12.4587, -4.0800



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

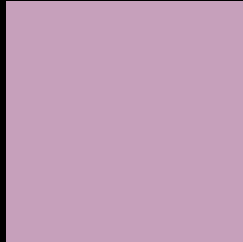
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061.

-4.1061.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061

### Protanopia

63.9723, 0.0746, -7.3386

### Deuteranopia

63.7506, 4.7900, -3.8373



## Tritanopia

63.7743, 9.9336, 1.7656

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061

## Protanomaly

63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947

## Deuteranomaly

63.7659, 7.7493, -3.7657

## Tritanomaly

63.7297, 11.4533, -0.2064

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061

## Achromatopsia

65.0590, -3.4714, 3.5348

## Achromatomaly

64.5739, 2.6891, 0.6791

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 160, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 160, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 160, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 160, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 160, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 160, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 160, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 160, 187); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 160, 187); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 160, 187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.8242, 13.6835, -4.1061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 160, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
160, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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