

Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.8353, 4.7281,
-6.3350)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(63.8353, 4.7281, -6.3350)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(63.7320, 5.0674,
-6.4947)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3A6BF
RGB	179, 166, 191
RGB Percent	70%, 65%, 75%
CMY	0.2980, 0.3490, 0.2510
CMYK	0.06, 0.13, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	271°, 16%, 70%
HSV	271°, 13%, 75%
XYZ	41.6305, 40.6177, 54.9360
YIQ	172.7370, -0.2770, 10.5310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

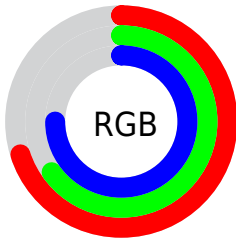
Format	Color
RYB	179, 166, 191
Decimal	11773631
CIELab	69.91, 9.43, -11.10
CIElCh	70, 14.564, 310.334
Yxy	40.6194, 0.3035, 0.2961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289963711 (0xFFB3A6BF)
YUV	172.7370, 9.0037, 5.4927
Hunter-Lab	63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947

Details

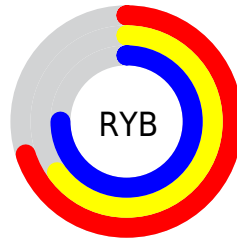
The HunterLab color $63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $70.3426, -11.7624, 12.7293$, and the grayscale version is $64.5001, -3.4416, 3.5044$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87.2299, 4.7217, -5.9773$, and $42.7846, 5.2678, -6.8648$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.5557, 12.0554, -15.0995$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70.1542, -1.7691, 1.5402$.

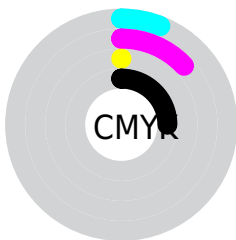
Distribution



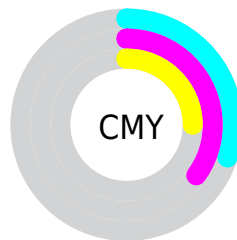
- Red (70%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.7320, 5.0674,
-6.4947

■ 63.7320, 5.0674,
-6.4947

186.7424, 1.9902,
-3.5646

■ 52.9356, 5.1610,
-6.5739

■ 87.2386, 4.7001,
-6.1611

■ 42.8277, 5.1883,
-6.5900

■ 99.8816, 4.4395,
-5.9178

■ 33.4602, 5.1387,
-6.5349

113.0825, 4.1321,
-5.6277

■ 24.8973, 4.9991,
-6.4011

126.8185, 3.7813,
-5.2938

■ 17.2230, 4.7508,
-6.1808

141.0697, 3.3895,
-4.9185

■ 10.5554, 4.3648,
-5.8736

155.8179, 2.9592,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-4.5040

0.0000, NaN, NaN

171.0471, 2.4922,
-4.0521

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.7320, 5.0674,
-6.4947

■ 63.7320, 5.0674,
-6.4947

■ 57.5557, 12.0554,
-15.0995

■ 70.1542, -1.7691,
1.5402

■ 51.6633, 19.2110,
-24.3963

■ 76.7859, -8.4714,
9.1070

■ 46.1113, 26.5168,
-34.5005

■ 83.6029, -15.0650,
16.2956

■ 40.9718, 33.8966,
-45.4884

■ 90.5852, -21.5721,
23.1786

■ 36.3380, 41.1538,
-57.3124

■ 95.5324, -24.8647,
27.8401

■ 32.3247, 47.8877,
-69.6528

■ 96.3206, -21.9727,
28.6268

■ 29.0579, 53.4256,
-81.7329

■ 97.1438, -18.9791,
29.4435

■ 26.6410, 56.9156,
-92.2851

■ 98.0016, -15.8878,
30.2895

■ 25.3611, 58.2635,
-98.5865

■ 98.2556, -14.9778,
30.5391

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.7334, -1.0991, -9.6633



63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947



63.7334, 9.0610, -0.7520

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.7334, 5.0659, -6.4935



63.7334, 0.9468, 13.8727



63.7334, -15.4764, 1.2533

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947



70.3426, -11.7624, 12.7293

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.7334, -14.9791, 7.4201



63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947



63.7334, -5.6767, 14.2916

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.7334, 5.0659, -6.4935



63.7334, 6.6162, 10.8354



63.7334, -11.4536, 12.0449



63.7334, -12.8412, -4.8970

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947



63.7334, 9.8628, 3.5399



63.7334, -11.4536, 12.0449



63.7334, -15.6674, 3.3984

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.7334, 5.0659, -6.4935



93.0341, -1.4831, 1.0415



66.1393, -4.9066, -3.5175



43.2855, -0.3708, 0.1129



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.7334, 5.0659, -6.4935



82.6379, 9.7175, -12.2462



64.8797, 8.8398, -4.6915



30.7616, 1.1591, -1.5942



20.6762, 47.3644, -79.3182



4.5410, 9.9089, -13.5954

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.4709, 6.6710, 1.1068



83.8886, 12.3898, 0.6618



69.3817, -15.2174, 11.4840



31.0010, 1.6905, 0.8690



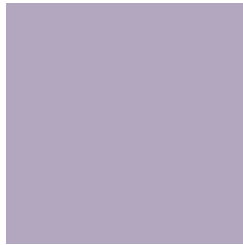
27.9278, 49.6903, 3.6033



5.6457, 10.2638, -0.9666

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

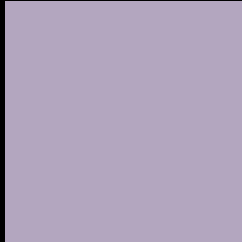
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

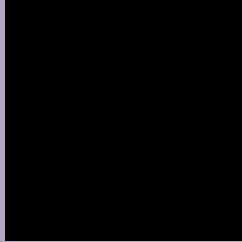
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947.

-6.4947.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947

Protanopia

63.8868, -0.2184, -7.4591

Deuteranopia

63.6388, 4.7554, -6.6247



Tritanopia

63.7876, 1.6338, -1.2995

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947

Protanomaly

63.9059, 1.2796, -6.8662

Deuteranomaly

63.6388, 4.7554, -6.6247

Tritanomaly

63.7222, 3.1563, -3.3859

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947

Achromatopsia

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Achromatomaly

64.1550, -0.1656, -0.3764

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 166, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 166, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 166, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 166, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 166, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 166, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 166, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 166, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 166, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 166,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.7320, 5.0674, -6.4947 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 166, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
166, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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