

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.8353, 7.6675,  
-4.0166)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.8353, 7.6675, -4.0166)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(63.7994, 7.9267,  
-4.2391)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBA4BB
RGB	187, 164, 187
RGB Percent	73%, 64%, 73%
CMY	0.2667, 0.3568, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	300°, 14%, 69%
HSV	300°, 12%, 73%
XYZ	42.7387, 40.7036, 52.6178
YIQ	173.4990, 6.3250, 12.0290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

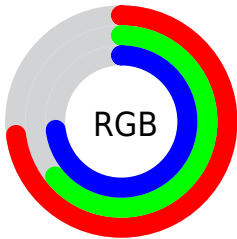
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	187, 164, 187
Decimal	12297403
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	69.97, 12.51, -8.73
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 15.249, 325.094
Yxy	40.7054, 0.3141, 0.2992
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290487483 (0xFFBBA4BB)
YUV	173.4990, 6.6560, 11.8404
Hunter-Lab	63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391

# Details

The HunterLab color  $63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $67.9078, -14.2675, 10.9279$ , and the grayscale version is  $64.8237, -3.4588, 3.5220$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87.2862, 7.7228, -3.6766$ , and  $42.8695, 7.9579, -4.6381$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58.7340, 17.6730, -10.9583$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $69.2085, -1.6060, 2.3411$ .

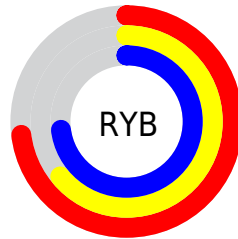
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (64%)

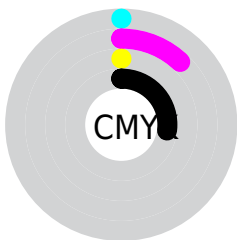
Blue (73%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (73%)

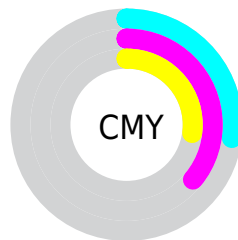


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63.7994, 7.9267,  
-4.2391

63.7994, 7.9267,  
-4.2391

186.8389, 5.9593,  
-0.5391

52.9990, 7.8694,  
-4.4187

87.3135, 7.8395,  
-3.7152

42.8867, 7.7375,  
-4.5390

99.9599, 7.7101,  
-3.3815

33.5146, 7.5185,  
-4.5917

113.1641, 7.5291,  
-3.0039

24.9466, 7.1975,  
-4.5683

126.9033, 7.3000,  
-2.5851

17.2666, 6.7534,  
-4.4584

141.1575, 7.0260,  
-2.1273

10.5924, 6.1552,  
-4.2511

155.9088, 6.7098,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-1.6326

0.0000, NaN, NaN

171.1408, 6.3535,  
-1.1027

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.7994, 7.9267,  
-4.2391

■ 63.7994, 7.9267,  
-4.2391

■ 58.7340, 17.6730,  
-10.9583

■ 69.2085, -1.6060,  
2.3411

■ 54.0644, 27.5536,  
-17.7617

■ 74.9100, -10.8898,  
8.7573

■ 49.8575, 37.3976,  
-24.5317

■ 80.8668, -19.9272,  
15.0106

■ 46.1861, 46.9170,  
-31.0715

■ 87.0470, -28.7351,  
21.1118

■ 43.1236, 55.6876,  
-37.0910

■ 92.5597, -36.1964,  
26.2852

■ 40.7324, 63.1778,  
-42.2276

■ 92.5597, -36.1963,  
26.2852

■ 39.0465, 68.8595,  
-46.1216

■ 92.5597, -36.1963,  
26.2851

■ 38.0497, 72.3950,  
-48.5437

■ 92.5597, -36.1963,  
26.2850

■ 37.6202, 73.9624,  
-49.6173

■ 92.5597, -36.1962,  
26.2849

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.8008, 2.3590, -9.1449



63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391



63.8008, 10.4596, 2.3761

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.8008, 7.9251, -4.2379



63.8008, -2.2608, 14.8842



63.8008, -15.0639, -2.1568

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391



67.9078, -14.2675, 10.9279

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.8008, -16.1832, 4.5505



63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391



63.8008, -8.9765, 13.9456

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.8008, 7.9251, -4.2379



63.8008, 4.4205, 13.0428



63.8008, -14.0007, 10.3271



63.8008, -10.8757, -7.8561



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391



63.8008, 10.0136, 6.6951



63.8008, -14.0007, 10.3271



63.8008, -15.8037, 0.0733

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.8008, 7.9251, -4.2379



91.3107, 0.0809, 1.5929



61.6712, 0.7790, -7.1840



42.5880, 0.4883, 0.4365



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.8008, 7.9251, -4.2379



83.3354, 14.4207, -8.3026



63.4290, 5.9489, 1.0354



31.1389, 2.4295, -1.0902



31.2270, 61.3932, -41.1853



6.1803, 12.1507, -8.1513



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.8008, 7.9251, -4.2379



83.3354, 14.4207, -8.3026



68.2270, -12.4736, 6.3524



31.1389, 2.4295, -1.0902



31.2270, 61.3932, -41.1853

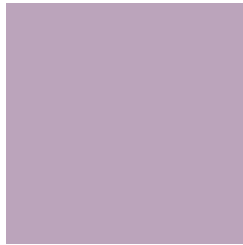


6.1803, 12.1507, -8.1513



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

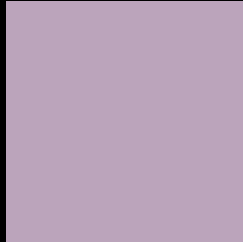
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

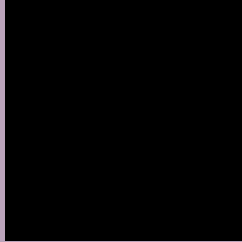
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391.

-4.2391.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391

### Protanopia

63.9029, -0.3017, -6.3607

### Deuteranopia

63.7840, 4.9690, -4.3108



## Tritanopia

63.6897, 5.5278, 0.1322

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391

## Protanomaly

63.9038, 2.6253, -5.7748

## Deuteranomaly

63.6910, 6.1187, -4.4119

## Tritanomaly

63.7852, 6.0377, -1.2253

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391

## Achromatopsia

65.0590, -3.4714, 3.5348

## Achromatomaly

64.4886, 0.9118, 0.5437

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 164, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 164, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 164, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 164, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 164, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 164, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 164, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 164, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 164, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 164,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.7994, 7.9267, -4.2391 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 164, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
164, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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