

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.8829, -29.5905,  
18.8850)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.8829, -29.5905,  
18.8850) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.8354,  
-29.4982, 18.8749)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78BA83
RGB	120, 186, 131
RGB Percent	47%, 73%, 51%
CMY	0.5294, 0.2706, 0.4863
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.30, 0.27
HSL	130°, 32%, 60%
HSV	130°, 35%, 73%
XYZ	29.4014, 40.7496, 27.7886
YIQ	159.9960, -21.6810, -31.0970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

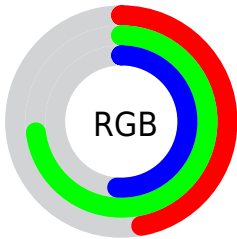
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	120, 177, 186
Decimal	7912067
CIELab	70.00, -32.54, 21.41
CIELCh	70, 38.953, 146.650
Yxy	40.7513, 0.3002, 0.4161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286102147 (0xFF78BA83)
YUV	159.9960, -14.2950, -35.0765
Hunter-Lab	63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749

# Details

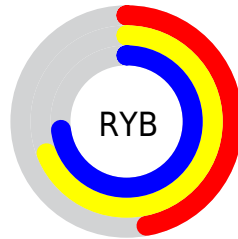
The HunterLab color **63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **51.9308, 28.4128, -13.8099**, and the grayscale version is **59.3527, -3.1669, 3.2247**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.1571, -34.0274, 22.2618**, and **42.8084, -24.3758, 15.1698** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.5769, -35.0739, 22.4341**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.3185, -23.1201, 14.9737**.

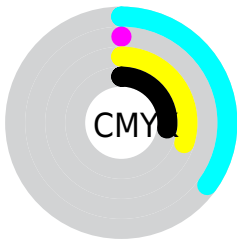
# Distribution



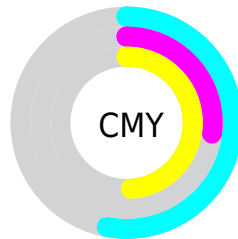
- Red (47%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (49%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.8354, -29.4982,  
18.8749


 63.8354, -29.4982,  
18.8749


186.8904,  
-49.0564, 33.9558


 53.0328, -27.0682,  
17.0782


 87.3534, -34.1271,  
22.3459

 42.9182, -24.5281,  
15.2192


 100.0017,  
-36.3552, 24.0392

 33.5437, -21.8428,  
13.2748


 113.2076,  
-38.5405, 25.7141

 24.9729, -18.9565,  
11.2095

126.9485,  
-40.6912, 27.3756

 17.2898, -15.7772,  
8.9693

141.2044,  
-42.8134, 29.0276

 10.6122, -14.2309,  
7.4286

155.9572,

 0.1208, -0.2113,

-44.9123, 30.6733

0.0845

171.1908,  
-46.9922, 32.3153

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.8354, -29.4982,  
18.8749

■ 63.8354, -29.4982,  
18.8749

■ 62.5769, -35.0739,  
22.4341

■ 65.3185, -23.1201,  
14.9737

■ 61.5382, -39.7887,  
25.6065

■ 67.0198, -16.0077,  
10.7761

■ 60.7158, -43.6116,  
28.3579

■ 68.9354, -8.2434,  
6.3320

■ 60.1005, -46.5396,  
30.6645


■ 71.0581, 0.0876,  
1.6891


■ 59.6775, -48.6047,


■ 73.3791, 8.9015,


32.5155


-3.1078

 59.4252, -49.8820,  
33.9147

 75.8887, 18.1188,  
-8.0188

 59.3450, -50.2932,  
34.3925

 78.5766, 27.6676,  
-13.0095

 79.7492, 32.4489,  
-20.6275

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.8367, -18.0131, 26.2208



63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749



63.8367, -34.0430, 5.3439

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.8367, -29.4993, 18.8755



63.8367, -5.3926, -38.1945



63.8367, 30.0611, 16.3934

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749



51.9308, 28.4128, -13.8099

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.8367, 34.3747, 1.5475



63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749



63.8367, 12.6375, -32.9024

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.8367, -29.4993, 18.8755



63.8367, -21.1160, -30.0443



63.8367, 27.6869, -17.0833



63.8367, 16.4655, 25.0869



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749



63.8367, -32.9377, -6.5489



63.8367, 27.6869, -17.0833



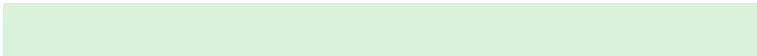
63.8367, 32.7048, 12.0977

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.8367, -29.4993, 18.8755



91.3024, -17.1545, 11.9704



67.5202, -16.0365, 25.7212



42.6835, -8.7107, 5.9970



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.8367, -29.4993, 18.8755



84.5251, -45.9715, 29.3897



64.6475, -24.7585, 7.1895



31.7551, -5.2635, 3.7573



48.6831, -41.2013, 28.0921



9.1822, -7.4754, 4.6603



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.9308, 28.4128, -13.8099



65.2321, 48.3288, -23.6311



50.8192, 22.9377, 1.8583



30.2264, 2.1125, -0.4297



29.3679, 55.7470, -23.2982



5.5764, 10.6862, -5.2065



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

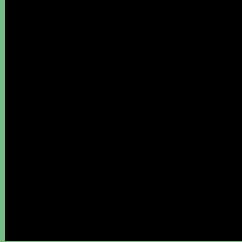
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749.



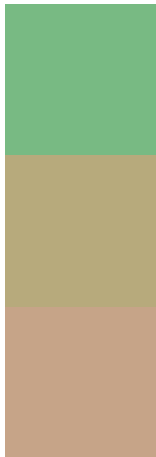
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.8354,

-29.4982, 18.8749.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749

### Protanopia

63.4602, -5.4598, 21.1926

### Deuteranopia

63.5093, 4.1167, 17.4611



## Tritanopia

63.6805, -13.4726, -7.4271

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749

## Protanomaly

63.2902, -15.2801, 19.9220

## Deuteranomaly

63.0653, -9.5082, 17.4900

## Tritanomaly

63.6704, -19.8002, 3.4730

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749

## Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213

## Achromatomaly

60.4695, -13.4571, 9.1463

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 186, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 186, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 186, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 186, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 186, 131) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 186, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 186, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 186, 131); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 186, 131); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 186, 131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.8354, -29.4982, 18.8749 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 186, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
186, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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