

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.9394, 10.3625,  
-5.2318)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.9394, 10.3625,  
-5.2318) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(63.9882, 10.1159,  
-5.0029)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFA3BD
RGB	191, 163, 189
RGB Percent	75%, 64%, 74%
CMY	0.2510, 0.3608, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.01, 0.25
HSL	304°, 18%, 69%
HSV	304°, 15%, 75%
XYZ	43.7684, 40.9449, 53.7404
YIQ	174.3360, 8.3420, 14.0220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

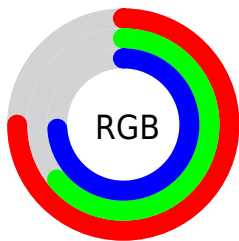
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	191, 163, 189
Decimal	12559293
CIE Lab	70.14, 14.83, -9.54
CIE LCh	70, 17.631, 327.236
Yxy	40.9467, 0.3161, 0.2957
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290749373 (0xFFBFA3BD)
YUV	174.3360, 7.2294, 14.6143
Hunter-Lab	63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029

# Details

The HunterLab color  $63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $69.1129, -16.2742, 11.7623$ , and the grayscale version is  $65.1683, -3.4772, 3.5407$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87.5739, 10.3466, -4.3422$ , and  $42.9707, 9.7292, -5.4899$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58.8296, 19.8807, -11.1438$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $69.5047, 0.5344, 1.1030$ .

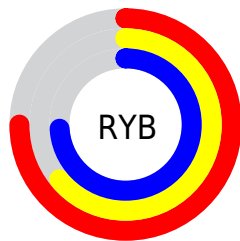
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (64%)

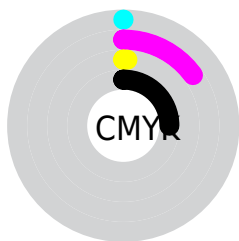
Blue (74%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (74%)

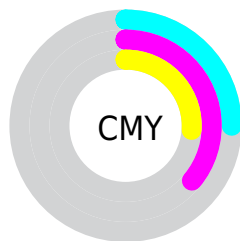


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63.9882, 10.1159,  
-5.0029

63.9882, 10.1159,  
-5.0029

187.1090, 8.9697,  
-1.5625

53.1765, 9.9480,  
-5.1486

87.5231, 10.2350,  
-4.5432

43.0522, 9.6997,  
-5.2336

100.1792, 10.2026,  
-4.2399

33.6670, 9.3577,  
-5.2498

113.3926, 10.1150,  
-3.8919

25.0847, 8.9059,  
-5.1888

127.1407, 9.9761,  
-3.5017

17.3888, 8.3225,  
-5.0409

141.4035, 9.7895,  
-3.0717

10.6963, 7.5772,  
-4.7981

156.1630, 9.5579,

1.2385, 52.0998,

-2.6040

-31.8693

171.4031, 9.2839,  
-2.1004

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.9882, 10.1159,  
-5.0029

■ 63.9882, 10.1159,  
-5.0029

■ 58.8296, 19.8807,  
-11.1438

■ 69.5047, 0.5344,  
1.1030

■ 54.0842, 29.7349,  
-17.2451

■ 75.3254, -8.8189,  
7.1311

■ 49.8223, 39.4856,  
-23.1685

■ 81.4111, -17.9404,  
13.0674

■ 46.1200, 48.8159,  
-28.7007

■ 87.7284, -26.8435,  
18.9108

■ 43.0532, 57.2692,

■ 93.0452, -33.9303,

-33.5475

23.5285

■ 40.6843, 64.2912,  
-37.3670

■ 93.0787, -33.7363,  
23.0440

■ 39.0424, 69.3610,  
-39.8552

■ 93.1125, -33.5408,  
22.5554

■ 38.0996, 72.1979,  
-40.8740

■ 93.1466, -33.3436,  
22.0628

■ 37.7691, 73.1226,  
-41.0344

■ 93.1809, -33.1448,  
21.5662

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.9896, 3.8154, -11.0278



63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029



63.9896, 12.7749, 2.7695

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.9896, 10.1142, -5.0017



63.9896, -2.6701, 16.5049



63.9896, -16.5969, -3.6226

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029



69.1129, -16.2742, 11.7623

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.9896, -18.1449, 4.1886



63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029



63.9896, -10.3432, 15.2324

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.9896, 10.1142, -5.0017



63.9896, 5.1693, 14.6611



63.9896, -15.9110, 10.9448



63.9896, -11.5746, -10.1650



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029



63.9896, 12.0341, 7.6910



63.9896, -15.9110, 10.9448



63.9896, -17.5297, -1.0314

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.9896, 10.1142, -5.0017



93.4687, -0.0378, 1.9590



61.5980, 2.2985, -9.4475



43.5283, 0.4347, 0.6279



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.9896, 10.1142, -5.0017



83.0722, 18.2522, -9.6733



63.5398, 7.7369, 1.3780



31.1194, 2.3255, -0.8145



30.6263, 59.3066, -33.3731



6.0907, 11.8398, -6.9885



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.9896, 10.1142, -5.0017



83.0722, 18.2522, -9.6733



69.4972, -14.1054, 6.2519



31.1194, 2.3255, -0.8145



30.6263, 59.3066, -33.3731

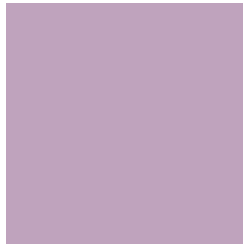


6.0907, 11.8398, -6.9885



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

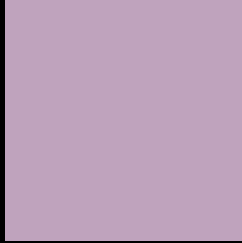
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

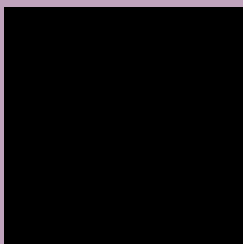
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029.

-5.0029.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029

### Protanopia

64.0073, 0.2643, -7.8318

### Deuteranopia

64.1031, 4.6379, -4.4235



## Tritanopia

63.9871, 6.5184, 0.5150

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029

## Protanomaly

63.7756, 3.8116, -6.9967

## Deuteranomaly

64.2009, 6.4268, -4.2648

## Tritanomaly

63.9339, 8.0413, -1.5048

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029

## Achromatopsia

65.0590, -3.4714, 3.5348

## Achromatomaly

64.5813, 1.2277, 0.6626

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 163, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 163, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 163, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 163, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 163, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 163, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 163, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 163, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 163, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 163,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.9882, 10.1159, -5.0029 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 163, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
163, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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