

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(63.9644, -2.3213,  
2.4216)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(63.9644, -2.3213, 2.4216)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(64.0828, -2.2962,  
2.3979)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	ADABAE
RGB	173, 171, 174
RGB Percent	68%, 67%, 68%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3294, 0.3176
CMYK	0.01, 0.02, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	280°, 2%, 68%
HSV	280°, 2%, 68%
XYZ	39.4365, 41.0661, 45.8924
YIQ	171.9400, 0.2290, 1.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

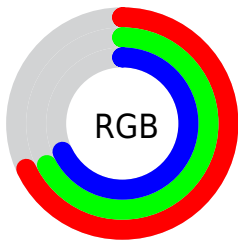
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	173, 171, 174
Decimal	11381678
CIELab	70.22, 1.28, -1.29
CIELCh	70, 1.818, 314.645
Yxy	41.0678, 0.3120, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289571758 (0xFFADABAE)
YUV	171.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296
Hunter-Lab	64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979

# Details

The HunterLab color  $64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $64.7951, -4.5713, 4.5899$ , and the grayscale version is  $64.2017, -3.4256, 3.4882$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87.4893, -3.4865, 3.6137$ , and  $43.2016, -1.2517, 1.3295$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58.5437, 4.5939, -4.4007$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $69.8256, -9.0613, 8.8647$ .

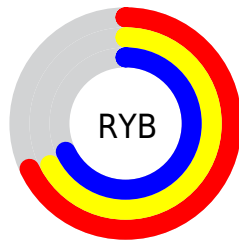
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (67%)

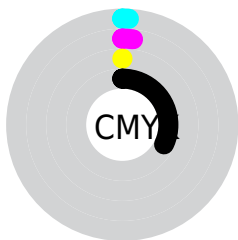
Blue (68%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (68%)

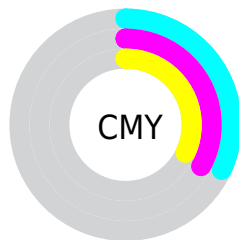


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 64.0828, -2.2962,  
2.3979

■ 64.0828, -2.2962,  
2.3979

187.2442, -8.3953,  
8.6418

■ 53.2654, -1.7866,  
1.8740

■ 87.6281, -3.4323,  
3.5627

■ 43.1351, -1.3169,  
1.3908

100.2890, -4.0515,  
4.1971

■ 33.7434, -0.8921,  
0.9530

113.5071, -4.7027,  
4.8641

■ 25.1539, -0.5173,  
0.5656

127.2596, -5.3847,  
5.5622

■ 17.4501, -0.1993,  
0.2353

141.5267, -6.0960,  
6.2901

■ 10.7485, 0.0513,  
-0.0277

156.2904, -6.8355,

■ 1.5727, 3.4559,

7.0467

-3.3238

171.5344, -7.6023,  
7.8309

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.0828, -2.2962,  
2.3979

■ 64.0828, -2.2962,  
2.3979

■ 58.5437, 4.5939,  
-4.4007

■ 69.8256, -9.0613,  
8.8647

■ 53.2350, 11.6215,  
-11.5932

■ 75.7434, -15.7125,  
15.0514

■ 48.1972, 18.7756,  
-19.2339

■ 81.8179, -22.2687,  
21.0070

■ 43.4801, 26.0108,  
-27.3582

■ 88.0332, -28.7471,  
26.7722

■ 39.1463, 33.2144,

■ 93.3469, -33.7761,

-35.9479

31.4937

■ 35.2720, 40.1612,  
-44.8755

■ 93.7879, -32.1103,  
31.9142

■ 31.9448, 46.4633,  
-53.8263

■ 94.2432, -30.3997,  
32.3470

■ 29.2520, 51.5587,  
-62.2385

■ 94.7127, -28.6448,  
32.7919

■ 27.2549, 54.8224,  
-69.3593

■ 95.1964, -26.8468,  
33.2488

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.0842, -3.0189, 2.0023



64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979



64.0842, -1.8769, 3.0850

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.0842, -2.2977, 2.3989



64.0842, -2.9997, 4.9347



64.0842, -4.9593, 3.1033

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979



64.7951, -4.5713, 4.5899

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.0842, -4.9542, 3.8889



64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979



64.0842, -3.8257, 4.9395

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.0842, -2.2977, 2.3989



64.0842, -2.2836, 4.5457



64.0842, -4.5402, 4.5588



64.0842, -4.5541, 2.4125



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979



64.0842, -1.8247, 3.6111



64.0842, -4.5402, 4.5588



64.0842, -5.0054, 3.3652

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.0842, -2.2977, 2.3989



86.8453, -3.7419, 3.8584



64.2181, -3.4268, 2.5390



40.9625, -1.7878, 1.8420



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.0842, -2.2977, 2.3989



86.0710, -2.8067, 2.9515



64.1597, -2.0636, 2.7052



30.2640, -1.0419, 1.0911



22.2271, 48.0365, -62.9379



4.0706, 8.4858, -9.1118



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.1131, -2.3182, 3.3701



86.1172, -2.8392, 4.4995



64.7214, -4.8028, 4.2940



30.2788, -1.0523, 1.5874



25.9977, 45.4140, 9.8824



4.4536, 8.0037, -0.0427



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

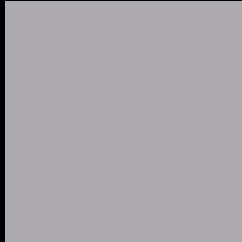
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

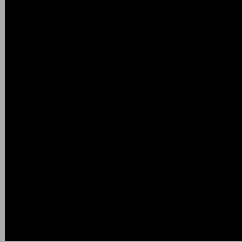
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

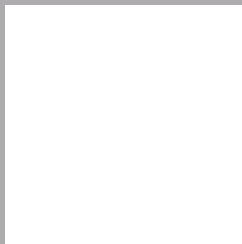
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979

### Protanopia

64.1720, -1.9876, 2.5098

### Deuteranopia

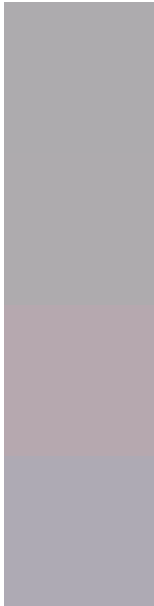
63.9784, 4.8485, 1.9227



## Tritanopia

64.1615, 0.0493, -1.8614

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979

## Protanomaly

64.1720, -1.9876, 2.5098

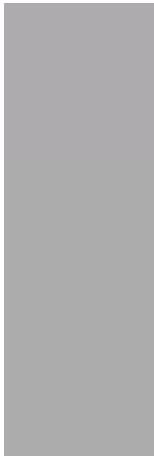
## Deuteranomaly

64.0668, 2.2045, 1.9827

## Tritanomaly

64.0651, -0.4740, -0.4932

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979

## Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

## Achromatomaly

64.2595, -3.2627, 3.0616

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 171, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 171, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 171, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 171, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 171, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 171, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 171, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 171, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 171, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 171,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.0828, -2.2962, 2.3979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 171, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
171, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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