

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.1181, -14.7814,
-48.2332)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.1181, -14.7814,
-48.2332) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.0991,
-14.7532, -48.2704)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B7FF
RGB	0, 183, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 72%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.2823, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.28, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	197°, 100%, 50%
HSV	197°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	34.9835, 41.0869, 100.6945
YIQ	136.4910, -132.1800, -16.4040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

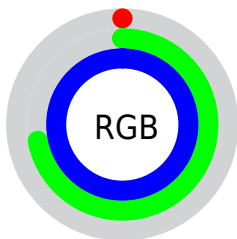
Format	Color
RYB	0, 107, 255
Decimal	47103
CIELab	70.24, -13.38, -46.17
CIELCh	70, 48.070, 253.834
Yxy	41.0882, 0.1979, 0.2324
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278237183 (0xFF00B7FF)
YUV	136.4910, 58.4249, -119.7026
Hunter-Lab	64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704

Details

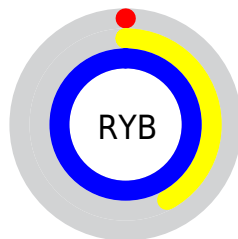
The HunterLab color **64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **50.8964, 63.7105, 32.4750**, and the grayscale version is **49.6361, -2.6485, 2.6968**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.1256, -32.1168, -14.0025**, and **44.7688, -5.8763, -43.2718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.0928, -14.7439, -48.2827**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.5953, -17.5748, -43.5015**.

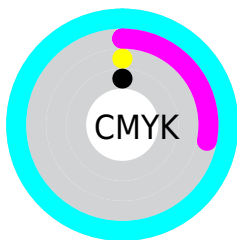
Distribution



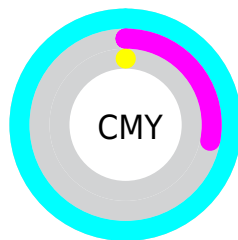
- Red (0%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

64.0991, -14.7532,
-48.2704

64.0991, -14.7532,
-48.2704

187.2670,
-26.5009, -53.7112

53.2804, -13.4469,
-47.5660

87.6458, -17.3420,
-49.7057

43.1490, -12.1246,
-46.9340

100.3075,
-18.6344, -50.3961

33.7563, -10.7750,
-46.4676

113.5263,
-19.9294, -51.0530

25.1656, -9.3809,
-46.3598

127.2796,
-21.2289, -51.6709

17.4604, -7.9135,
-47.0521

141.5474,
-22.5347, -52.2467

10.7573, -6.3715,
-49.7611

156.3118,

1.6222, -2.8388,

-23.8480, -52.7789

-201.8007

171.5565,
-25.1698, -53.2671

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 64.0991, -14.7532,
-48.2704

■ 64.0991, -14.7532,
-48.2704

■ 64.0928, -14.7439,
-48.2827

■ 66.5953, -17.5748,
-43.5015

■ 69.3129, -19.6319,
-38.5605

■ 72.2879, -20.7834,
-33.4170

■ 75.5256, -21.0077,
-28.0994

■ 79.0225, -20.3254,

-22.6461

■ 82.7699, -18.7831,
-17.0961

■ 86.7563, -16.4426,
-11.4847

■ 90.9684, -13.3726,
-5.8418

■ 95.3922, -9.6432,
-0.1910

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.1001, -31.1076, -30.9961



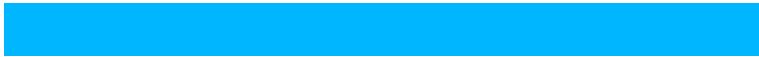
64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704



64.1001, 6.9799, -48.9963

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.1001, -14.7527, -48.2684



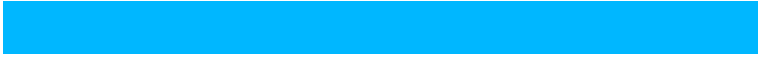
64.1001, 42.9035, 12.3632



64.1001, -30.1053, 26.2138

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704



50.8964, 63.7105, 32.4750

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.1001, -13.2033, 31.5066



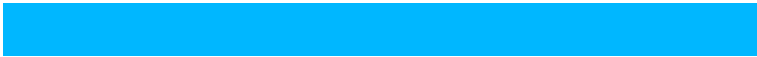
64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704



64.1001, 29.9385, 25.5265

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.1001, -14.7527, -48.2684



64.1001, 42.3412, -8.7214



64.1001, 8.7513, 31.3067



64.1001, -39.1219, 13.6880

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704



64.1001, 21.8002, -39.6042



64.1001, 8.7513, 31.3067



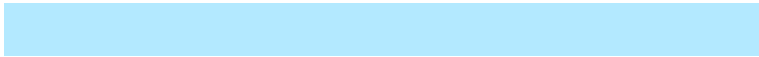
64.1001, -25.2645, 28.6762

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.1001, -14.7527, -48.2684



86.7441, -16.4507, -11.5015



84.8166, -70.9692, 47.1920



39.3413, -8.1100, -6.4181

0.0000, NaN, NaN



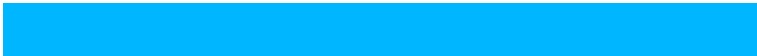
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.1001, -14.7527, -48.2684



64.0928, -14.7439, -48.2827



32.2585, 52.2449, -153.0936



44.2304, -4.3741, 0.0333



46.6164, -11.0820, -34.3435



15.1706, -4.3647, -9.5397

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.6796, 91.9512, -21.2453



49.6770, 91.9539, -21.2356



77.7964, 3.5235, 47.9978



42.6705, 2.9714, -0.1039



35.9468, 66.6031, -15.8657



11.2999, 21.0793, -6.0924

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

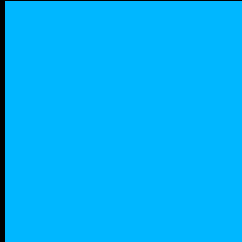
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

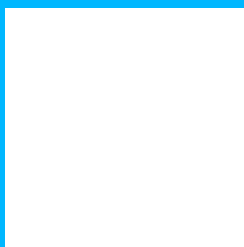
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704.

-14.7532, -48.2704.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704

Protanopia

63.7804, 6.5242, -39.4088

Deuteranopia

63.8708, 5.0024, -48.3781



Tritanopia

64.1767, -30.7800, -13.7703

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704

Protanomaly

62.4357, -5.3454, -45.1831

Deuteranomaly

63.0230, -5.6445, -50.2683

Tritanomaly

63.9284, -25.0666, -25.7933

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704

Achromatopsia

50.0158, -2.6687, 2.7175

Achromatomaly

53.3223, -13.8955, -15.3989

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 183, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 183, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 183, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 183, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 183, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 183, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 183, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 183, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 183, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 183,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.0991, -14.7532, -48.2704 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 183, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 183,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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