

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.1345, 2.6532,
-47.8956)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.1345, 2.6532,
-47.8956) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.0976, 2.7306,
-47.9673)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7DACFF
RGB	125, 172, 255
RGB Percent	49%, 67%, 100%
CMY	0.5098, 0.3255, 0.0000
CMYK	0.51, 0.33, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	218°, 100%, 75%
HSV	218°, 51%, 100%
XYZ	41.2600, 41.0850, 100.3633
YIQ	167.4090, -54.6550, 15.8490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

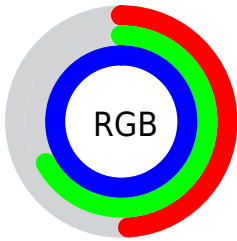
Format	Color
R _Y B	125, 160, 255
Decimal	8236287
CIE Lab	70.24, 6.88, -45.96
CIE LCh	70, 46.471, 278.518
Yxy	41.0864, 0.2258, 0.2249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286426367 (0xFF7DACFF)
YUV	167.4090, 43.1824, -37.1927
Hunter-Lab	64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673

Details

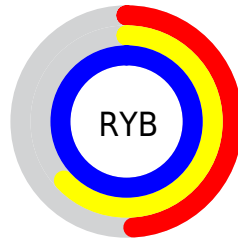
The HunterLab color $64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699FF$. A complement of this color would be $82.3737, 2.1127, 36.8289$, and the grayscale version is $62.1772, -3.3176, 3.3782$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85.0579, -11.8436, -13.7418$, and $43.1279, 3.2632, -46.8151$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.9524, 6.6733, -60.9646$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70.5973, -0.2471, -35.9573$.

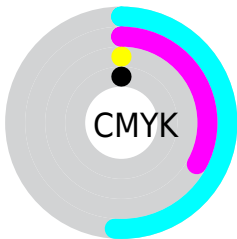
Distribution



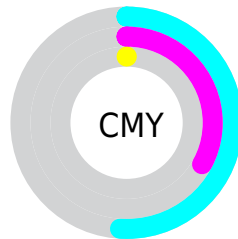
- Red (49%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.0976, 2.7306,
-47.9673

■ 64.0976, 2.7306,
-47.9673

187.2650, -1.2868,
-53.3761

■ 53.2791, 2.9546,
-47.2629

■ 87.6442, 2.1257,
-49.3984

■ 43.1478, 3.1189,
-46.6290

■ 100.3059, 1.7535,
-50.0857

■ 33.7551, 3.2157,
-46.1571

■ 113.5246, 1.3390,
-50.7391

■ 25.1646, 3.2343,
-46.0377

127.2779, 0.8849,
-51.3530

■ 17.4595, 3.1589,
-46.7066

141.5456, 0.3935,
-51.9247

■ 10.7565, 2.9648,
-49.3647

156.3099, -0.1334,

■ 1.6178, 18.4534,

-52.4527

-200.5938

171.5546, -0.6940,
-52.9365

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 64.0976, 2.7306,
-47.9673

■ 64.0976, 2.7306,
-47.9673

■ 57.9524, 6.6733,
-60.9646

■ 70.5973, -0.2471,
-35.9573

■ 52.2198, 11.7471,
-75.0336

■ 77.3986, -2.4161,
-24.8225

■ 46.9747, 18.0956,
-90.1485

■ 84.4625, -3.9118,
-14.4347

■ 42.2993, 25.7714,
-106.0940

■ 91.7571, -4.8467,
-4.6766

■ 38.6098, 33.6507,

■ 99.2564, -5.3125,

-120.9012

4.5551

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.0987, -17.6866, -44.1336



64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673



64.0987, 24.0060, -34.8968

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.0987, 2.7305, -47.9651



64.0987, 31.7119, 23.2540



64.0987, -37.1332, 16.1335

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673



82.3737, 2.1127, 36.8289

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.0987, -26.8979, 27.0278



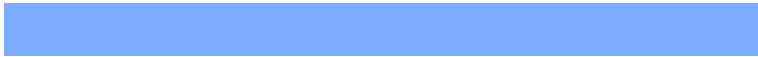
64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673



64.0987, 12.2071, 30.1109

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.0987, 2.7305, -47.9651



64.0987, 42.1063, 8.9742



64.0987, -9.3539, 31.2221



64.0987, -38.9790, -2.5282

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673



64.0987, 35.2001, -20.2603



64.0987, -9.3539, 31.2221



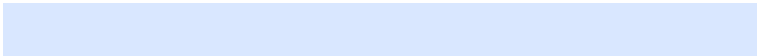
64.0987, -34.6303, 20.6240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.0987, 2.7305, -47.9651



88.7973, -4.5318, -8.5325



89.6671, -46.3901, 15.2649



40.3703, -2.0054, -4.8993

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.0987, 2.7305, -47.9651



57.9393, 6.6831, -60.9943



52.6018, 32.1387, -73.6612



42.9566, -2.2868, -1.5200



28.3661, 23.1559, -85.4422



9.9096, 4.7357, -22.6091

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.3758, 51.1569, 2.2312



57.1479, 61.5333, 3.8047



95.4570, -27.5320, 46.2860



42.5389, 2.2657, 1.7685



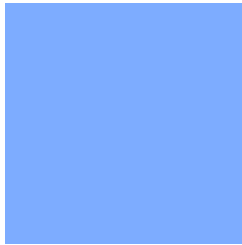
33.9709, 59.4463, 12.1065



10.6943, 18.8945, 2.4126

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

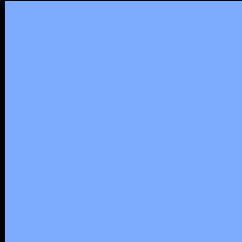
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

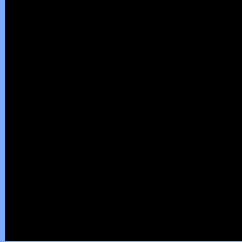
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

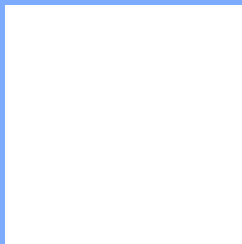
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673.

-47.9673.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673

Protanopia

63.9321, 7.8994, -45.8754

Deuteranopia

63.9969, 5.4240, -48.1200



Tritanopia

64.0378, -19.8851, -10.3534

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673

Protanomaly

63.7981, 6.0630, -46.9437

Deuteranomaly

64.1028, 4.2685, -47.9301

Tritanomaly

63.9260, -12.1402, -22.9792

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673

Achromatopsia

62.1634, -3.3169, 3.3775

Achromatomaly

62.5898, -2.7408, -12.6646

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 172, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 172, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 172, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 172, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 172, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 172, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 172, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 172, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 172, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 172,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.0976, 2.7306, -47.9673 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 172, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
172, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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