

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.2072, -3.4206,
3.4842)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.2072, -3.4206, 3.4842)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.2295, -3.4271,
3.4897)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACACAC
RGB	172, 172, 172
RGB Percent	67%, 67%, 67%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3255, 0.3255
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	121°, 0%, 67%
HSV	121°, 0%, 67%
XYZ	39.2122, 41.2543, 44.9259
YIQ	172.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	172, 172, 172
Decimal	11316396
CIELab	70.35, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	70, 0.007, 289.251
Yxy	41.2561, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289506476 (0xFFACACAC)
YUV	172.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

Details

The HunterLab color **64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**, and the color name is **silver chalice**. A complement of this color would be **64.2303, -3.4258, 3.4888**, and the grayscale version is **64.2307, -3.4272, 3.4898**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619**, and **43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.3102, -11.1906, 8.6477**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.3483, 4.8587, -2.0014**.

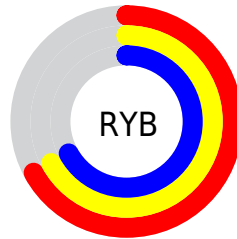
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (67%)

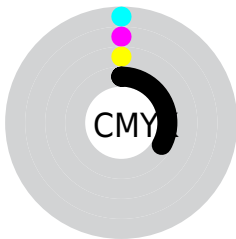
Blue (67%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (67%)

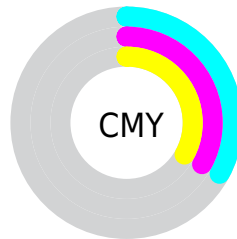


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.2295, -3.4271,
3.4897

■ 64.2295, -3.4271,
3.4897

187.4539,
-10.0092, 10.1957

■ 53.4034, -2.8504,
2.9017

■ 87.7909, -4.6868,
4.7726

■ 43.2636, -2.3090,
2.3501

100.4593, -5.3633,
5.4618

■ 33.8619, -1.8070,
1.8387

113.6845, -6.0696,
6.1815

■ 25.2614, -1.3477,
1.3710

127.4440, -6.8044,
6.9302

■ 17.5452, -0.9358,
0.9514

141.7177, -7.5666,
7.7069

■ 10.8294, -0.5773,
0.5864

156.4878, -8.3554,

■ 1.9823, -0.1008,

8.5106

0.0941

171.7381, -9.1699,
9.3405

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.2295, -3.4271,
3.4897

■ 64.2295, -3.4271,
3.4897

■ 62.3102, -11.1906,
8.6477

■ 66.3483, 4.8587,
-2.0014

■ 60.5945, -18.3400,
13.4116

■ 68.6529, 13.5877,
-7.7732

■ 59.0903, -24.7910,
17.7250

■ 71.1346, 22.6811,
-13.7738

■ 57.8014, -30.4651,
21.5347

■ 73.7830, 32.0700,
-19.9581

■ 56.7290, -35.2977,

■ 76.1490, 40.3035,

24.7965

-26.0339

■ 55.8701, -39.2459,
27.4798

■ 55.2177, -42.2948,
29.5722

■ 54.7596, -44.4641,
31.0835

■ 54.4775, -45.8140,
32.0493

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.2309, -3.4318, 3.4905



64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897



64.2309, -3.4260, 3.4924

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.2309, -3.4286, 3.4907



64.2309, -3.4266, 3.5007



64.2309, -3.4367, 3.4974

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897



64.2303, -3.4258, 3.4888

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.2309, -3.4353, 3.5001



64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897



64.2309, -3.4295, 3.5020

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.2309, -3.4286, 3.4907



64.2309, -3.4248, 3.4982



64.2309, -3.4327, 3.5018



64.2309, -3.4365, 3.4943

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897



64.2309, -3.4249, 3.4942



64.2309, -3.4327, 3.5018



64.2309, -3.4364, 3.4983

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.2309, -3.4286, 3.4907



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



64.2311, -3.4277, 3.4911



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.2309, -3.4286, 3.4907



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



64.2309, -3.4284, 3.4901



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714



46.8641, -40.1414, 28.0778



7.8211, -6.6659, 4.6140

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.2303, -3.4258, 3.4888



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



64.2303, -3.4260, 3.4894



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714



29.4245, 57.6332, -37.1315



4.9154, 9.6393, -6.2929

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

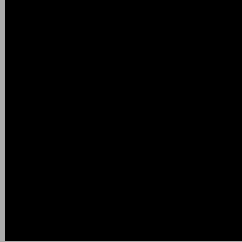
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

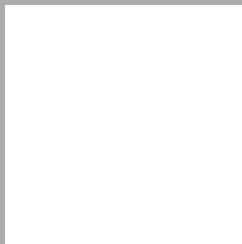
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897.

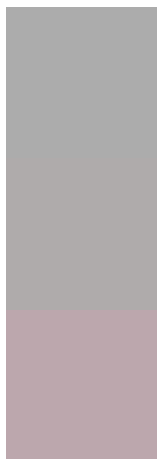


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

Protanopia

64.1717, -2.1691, 3.9072

Deuteranopia

64.3008, 4.3454, 3.2436



Tritanopia

64.1941, 0.2258, -2.3230

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

Protanomaly

64.0818, -2.4803, 3.7964

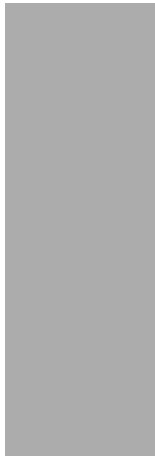
Deuteranomaly

64.2947, 1.3731, 3.1844

Tritanomaly

64.2692, -1.2796, -0.2547

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

Achromatomaly

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 172, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 172, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 172, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 172, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 172, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 172, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 172, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 172, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 172, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 172,  
172) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 172, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
172, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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