

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.2384, -14.7977,
-5.6382)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.2384, -14.7977,
-5.6382) contains.

HunterLab(64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(64.2384,
-14.7977, -5.6382)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84B4BE
RGB	132, 180, 190
RGB Percent	52%, 71%, 75%
CMY	0.4823, 0.2941, 0.2549
CMYK	0.31, 0.05, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	190°, 31%, 63%
HSV	190°, 31%, 75%
XYZ	35.1312, 41.2657, 54.8286
YIQ	166.7880, -31.8180, -7.0660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

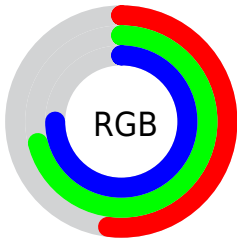
Format	Color
RYB	132, 158, 190
Decimal	8697022
CIELab	70.36, -13.42, -10.21
CIELCh	70, 16.865, 217.278
Yxy	41.2674, 0.2677, 0.3145
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286887102 (0xFF84B4BE)
YUV	166.7880, 11.4435, -30.5091
Hunter-Lab	64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382

Details

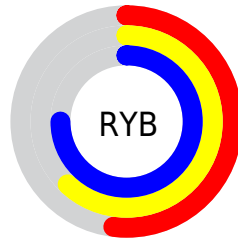
The HunterLab color $64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be $56.5327, 11.8115, 12.1465$, and the grayscale version is $62.0410, -3.3104, 3.3708$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87.8689, -17.4136, -4.9915$, and $43.2323, -12.0186, -6.0283$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62.1012, -17.3500, -8.5478$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66.5427, -11.7030, -2.6077$.

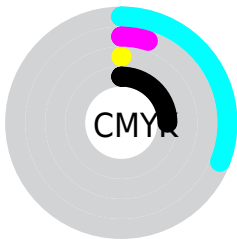
Distribution



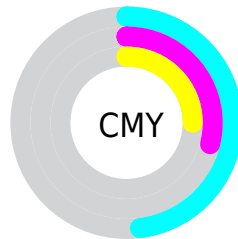
- Red (52%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.2384, -14.7977,
-5.6382

■ 64.2384, -14.7977,
-5.6382

187.4665,
-26.5613, -2.4067

■ 53.4117, -13.4908,
-5.7571

■ 87.8007, -17.3914,
-5.2300

■ 43.2714, -12.1666,
-5.8142

■ 100.4696,
-18.6855, -4.9513

■ 33.8690, -10.8150,
-5.8016

■ 113.6952,
-19.9821, -4.6269

■ 25.2678, -9.4190,
-5.7113

127.4551,
-21.2832, -4.2598

■ 17.5509, -7.9497,
-5.5342

141.7292,
-22.5906, -3.8522

■ 10.8343, -6.3925,
-5.2650

156.4996,

■ 2.0042, -3.5074,

-23.9055, -3.4063

-21.0177

171.7503,
-25.2288, -2.9239

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.2384, -14.7977,
-5.6382

■ 64.2384, -14.7977,
-5.6382

■ 62.1012, -17.3500,
-8.5478

■ 66.5427, -11.7030,
-2.6077

■ 60.1321, -19.3200,
-11.3187

■ 69.0042, -8.1063,
0.5203

■ 58.3351, -20.6798,
-13.9296

■ 71.6169, -4.0535,
3.7283

■ 56.7100, -21.4144,
-16.3626

■ 74.3735, 0.4107,
6.9999

■ 55.2529, -21.5285,

■ 77.2661, 5.2435,

-18.6057

10.3208

■ 53.9539, -21.0533,
-20.6564

■ 80.2870, 10.4047,
13.6791

■ 52.8356, -20.1863,
-22.4634

■ 82.2536, 12.0307,
15.7796

■ 83.1981, 10.2836,
16.7296

■ 84.1515, 8.5412,
17.6800

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.2397, -17.4747, 1.6859



64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382



64.2397, -9.0535, -10.9064

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.2397, -14.7985, -5.6372



64.2397, 10.8116, -2.1879



64.2397, -5.2969, 15.9632

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382



56.5327, 11.8115, 12.1465

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.2397, 2.3915, 15.1840



64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382



64.2397, 11.9332, 5.2564

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.2397, -14.7985, -5.6372



64.2397, 5.7895, -8.7570



64.2397, 8.7861, 11.4596



64.2397, -12.1593, 13.7293

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382



64.2397, -4.1331, -12.2315



64.2397, 8.7861, 11.4596



64.2397, -2.7260, 16.0400

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.2397, -14.7985, -5.6372



93.3634, -10.1948, 1.2903



66.0880, -27.0968, 17.4066



43.5136, -5.1364, 0.3093



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.2397, -14.7985, -5.6372



84.4166, -22.4296, -10.3784



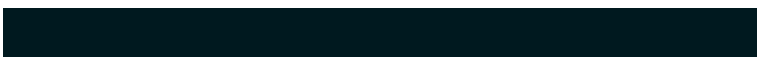
55.5561, -1.0553, -17.7751



32.4377, -3.5816, 0.4185



43.2013, -16.6168, -18.1269



8.9782, -3.8484, -2.9143

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.4490, 24.4096, -11.5783



70.2566, 41.8052, -20.1359



64.5089, -2.4825, 19.6420



31.0922, 2.1800, -0.4285



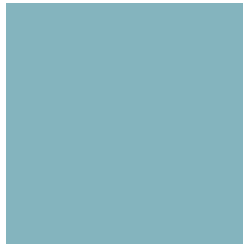
29.8560, 56.6038, -23.1459



5.9727, 11.4272, -5.4330

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

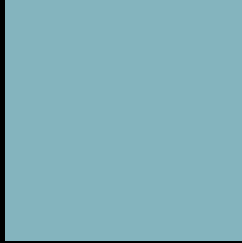
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

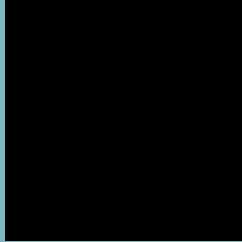
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382.



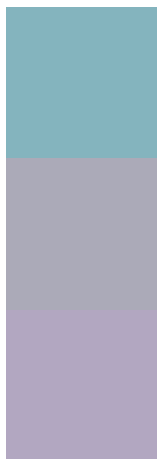
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.2384,

-14.7977, -5.6382.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382

Protanopia

63.9281, -0.6860, -2.6771

Deuteranopia

63.9943, 4.6157, -7.2295



Tritanopia

64.1263, -13.3191, -7.9086

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382

Protanomaly

64.0198, -6.3519, -3.6848

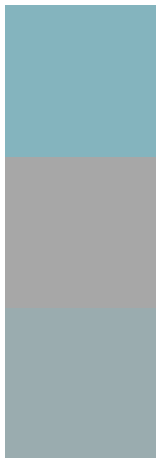
Deuteranomaly

63.9436, -3.1300, -6.8929

Tritanomaly

64.0913, -13.5159, -7.4163

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382

Achromatopsia

62.1634, -3.3169, 3.3775

Achromatomaly

62.8253, -8.1812, 0.2943

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 180, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 180, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 180, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 180, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 180, 190) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 180, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 180, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 180, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 180, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 180,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.2384, -14.7977, -5.6382 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 180, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
180, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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