

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.2456, 17.8723,  
21.8131)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(64.2456, 17.8723,  
21.8131) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(64.3833, 17.6859,  
21.8051)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E29C7E
RGB	226, 156, 126
RGB Percent	89%, 61%, 49%
CMY	0.1137, 0.3882, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.44, 0.11
HSL	18°, 63%, 69%
HSV	18°, 44%, 89%
XYZ	47.0184, 41.4521, 25.2616
YIQ	173.5100, 51.3500, 5.5100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

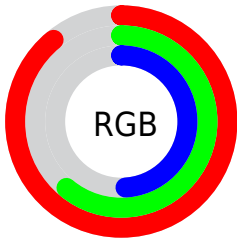
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 169, 126
Decimal	14851198
CIE Lab	70.49, 22.63, 26.23
CIE LCh	70, 34.642, 49.217
Yxy	41.4541, 0.4134, 0.3645
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293041278 (0xFFE29C7E)
YUV	173.5100, -23.4224, 46.0337
Hunter-Lab	64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051

# Details

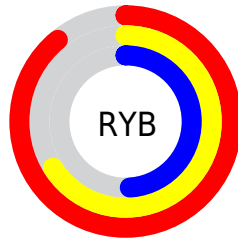
The HunterLab color **64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **70.2883, -16.1642, -17.6645**, and the grayscale version is **64.9360, -3.4648, 3.5281**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.3227, 6.2700, 22.0820**, and **43.3143, 16.6692, 17.3711** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.9725, 23.7397, 24.5797**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.1118, 12.0058, 18.5465**.

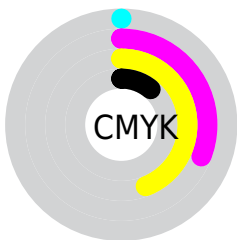
# Distribution



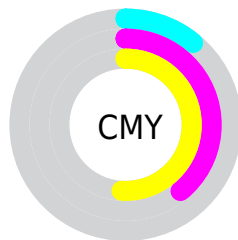
- Red (89%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (51%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 64.3833, 17.6859,  
21.8051


 64.3833, 17.6859,  
21.8051


187.6739, 19.2421,  
38.9234


 53.5482, 17.1580,  
19.7107


 87.9618, 18.4779,  
25.8139

 43.3986, 16.5346,  
17.5287


 100.6381, 18.7638,  
27.7527

 33.9863, 15.7995,  
15.2307


 113.8708, 18.9837,  
29.6603

 25.3743, 14.9360,  
12.7738

127.6375, 19.1423,  
31.5434

 17.6452, 13.9249,  
10.2134

141.9182, 19.2441,  
33.4074

 10.9146, 12.7505,  
7.6402

156.6950, 19.2926,

 2.3360, 42.0847,

35.2566

1.6352

171.9518, 19.2910,  
37.0943

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.3833, 17.6859,  
21.8051

■ 64.3833, 17.6859,  
21.8051

■ 59.9725, 23.7397,  
24.5797

■ 69.1118, 12.0058,  
18.5465

■ 55.9175, 30.1379,  
26.7709

■ 74.1155, 6.7124,  
14.8853

■ 52.2663, 36.7869,  
28.2788

■ 79.3635, 1.7861,  
10.8923

■ 49.0665, 43.5241,  
29.0180


■ 84.8277, -2.8004,  
6.6234


■ 46.3608, 50.1015,


■ 90.4848, -7.0787,

28.9574

2.1232

 45.0335, 53.6575,  
28.6888

 96.0899, -12.3277,  
0.6188

 97.4211, -14.4267,  
2.2001

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.3849, 27.9114, 12.3284



64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051



64.3849, 2.3577, 25.9602

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.3849, 17.6828, 21.8060



64.3849, -30.7042, 8.6919



64.3849, 6.8934, -30.2865

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051



70.2883, -16.1642, -17.6645

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.3849, -9.0374, -31.9378



64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051



64.3849, -29.7433, -6.7771

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.3849, 17.6828, 21.8060



64.3849, -24.9113, 19.6997



64.3849, -22.1461, -22.5126



64.3849, 21.2780, -18.4324



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051



64.3849, -8.2439, 26.0420



64.3849, -22.1461, -22.5126



64.3849, 1.5114, -32.1453

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.3849, 17.6828, 21.8060



91.7195, 1.4186, 11.9373



59.2253, 43.4012, -15.0276



41.8017, 1.2162, 6.0108

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.3849, 17.6828, 21.8060



69.2052, 26.5851, 27.9267



78.6243, -7.7289, 33.4275



37.9046, -0.2123, 4.1028



34.2808, 39.7586, 21.8197



9.8392, 8.2635, 6.2075



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.2883, -16.1642, -17.6645



77.1509, -19.4820, -25.5065



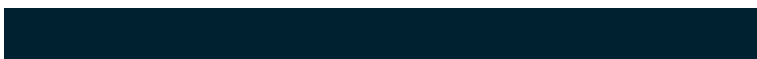
55.2131, 8.8059, -43.0881



38.5248, -3.7037, -0.0078



41.6381, -8.8460, -32.9480



11.6456, -3.3297, -7.3680



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

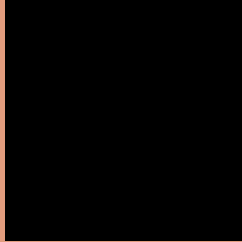
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.3833, 17.6859,

21.8051.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051

### Protanopia

64.6304, -5.5445, 19.3712

### Deuteranopia

64.5808, 4.3177, 22.3634



## Tritanopia

64.3427, 25.8367, 8.6019

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051

## Protanomaly

64.3360, 2.2793, 20.2208

## Deuteranomaly

64.3952, 9.4473, 21.9816

## Tritanomaly

64.3789, 22.6727, 13.8807

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051

## Achromatopsia

65.0590, -3.4714, 3.5348

## Achromatomaly

64.3500, 3.6049, 10.3252

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 156, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 156, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 156, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 156, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 156, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 156, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 156, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 156, 126); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 156, 126); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 156, 126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.3833, 17.6859, 21.8051 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 156, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
156, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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