

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.3155, -17.8350,  
1.7427)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(64.3155, -17.8350,  
1.7427) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(64.1322,  
-17.7808, 1.7115)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85B5AF
RGB	133, 181, 175
RGB Percent	52%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.4784, 0.2902, 0.3137
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.03, 0.29
HSL	172°, 24%, 62%
HSV	172°, 27%, 71%
XYZ	33.9346, 41.1294, 46.7076
YIQ	165.9640, -26.6820, -12.0420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

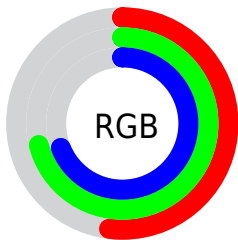
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	133, 159, 181
Decimal	8762799
CIELab	70.27, -17.13, -2.10
CIElCh	70, 17.259, 186.989
Yxy	41.1311, 0.2787, 0.3378
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286952879 (0xFF85B5AF)
YUV	165.9640, 4.4547, -28.9094
Hunter-Lab	64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115

# Details

The HunterLab color  $64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $53.3517, 14.0497, 5.9743$ , and the grayscale version is  $61.7281, -3.2937, 3.3538$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87.6620, -20.9302, 3.0172$ , and  $43.1998, -14.5541, 0.6464$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $63.0034, -22.1459, 1.3548$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $65.4394, -12.8616, 2.2867$ .

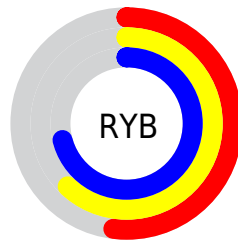
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (71%)

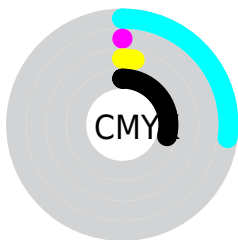
Blue (69%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (71%)

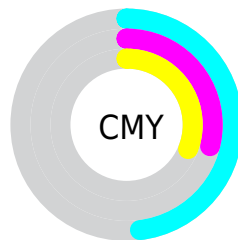


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 64.1322, -17.7808,  
1.7115

■ 64.1322, -17.7808,  
1.7115

187.3147,  
-31.0200, 7.6720

■ 53.3118, -16.2634,  
1.2265

■ 87.6828, -20.7577,  
2.8041

■ 43.1783, -14.7120,  
0.7849

■ 100.3463,  
-22.2282, 3.4048

■ 33.7832, -13.1120,  
0.3918

■ 113.5667,  
-23.6929, 4.0396

■ 25.1901, -11.4398,  
0.0528

127.3216,  
-25.1551, 4.7067

■ 17.4820, -9.6550,  
-0.2241

141.5909,  
-26.6171, 5.4046

■ 10.7757, -7.8881,  
-0.4267

156.3568,

■ 1.7214, -3.0124,

-28.0809, 6.1322

-4.9632

171.6029,  
-29.5481, 6.8884

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.1322, -17.7808,  
1.7115

■ 64.1322, -17.7808,  
1.7115

■ 63.0034, -22.1459,  
1.3548

■ 65.4394, -12.8616,  
2.2867

■ 62.0483, -25.9231,  
1.2151

■ 66.9199, -7.4262,  
3.0719

■ 61.2647, -29.0948,  
1.2900

■ 68.5719, -1.5222,  
4.0593

■ 60.6464, -31.6580,  
1.5708


■ 70.3909, 4.8007,  
5.2373


■ 60.1839, -33.6285,


■ 72.3713, 11.4918,


2.0429


6.5931


 59.8635, -35.0437,  
2.6857


 74.5066, 18.5019,  
8.1124

 59.6645, -35.9765,  
3.4686

 76.1997, 23.9548,  
9.0909

 59.6075, -36.2519,  
3.7533

 76.2655, 24.2910,  
8.1484

 76.3322, 24.6317,  
7.1930

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.1335, -16.7836, 8.8734



64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115



64.1335, -15.0843, -5.8001

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.1335, -17.7817, 1.7124



64.1335, 5.9472, -9.1213



64.1335, 2.6054, 15.3904

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115



53.3517, 14.0497, 5.9743

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.1335, 9.1307, 11.5712



64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115



64.1335, 11.1242, -2.4026

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.1335, -17.7817, 1.7124



64.1335, -1.5715, -12.5256



64.1335, 12.3165, 5.2200



64.1335, -5.2585, 16.2122



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115



64.1335, -11.4728, -9.8092



64.1335, 12.3165, 5.2200



64.1335, 5.0394, 14.4391

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.1335, -17.7817, 1.7124



89.2198, -11.1563, 3.9227



63.4558, -22.5142, 17.9727



41.3371, -5.7028, 1.7458



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.1335, -17.7817, 1.7124



84.8886, -27.4014, 1.9688



58.8734, -8.4841, -7.8983



31.0047, -4.1936, 1.3205



49.4975, -30.0562, 3.0152



8.8089, -5.1570, 0.1221



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.3517, 14.0497, 5.9743



67.4046, 24.4393, 8.9817



57.8992, 4.4010, 13.0302



29.1924, 1.1207, 2.0207



26.1147, 44.9040, 15.4657



4.6912, 8.1828, 1.8767



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

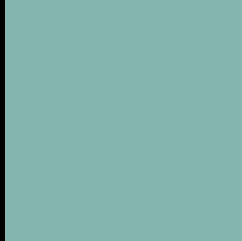
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

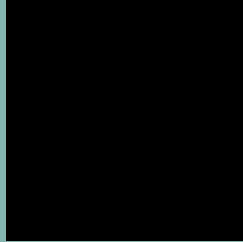
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115.



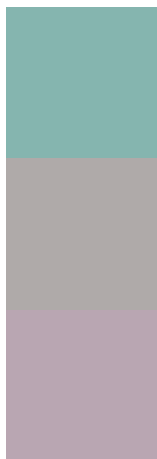
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.1322,

-17.7808, 1.7115.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115

### Protanopia

63.8185, -1.9972, 4.4171

### Deuteranopia

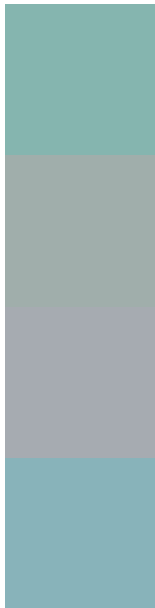
63.8757, 4.6909, 0.3464



## Tritanopia

64.0386, -12.1049, -7.4626

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115

## Protanomaly

63.7855, -8.1274, 3.3494

## Deuteranomaly

63.5666, -3.9039, 0.3045

## Tritanomaly

64.0466, -14.1552, -3.7870

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115

## Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

## Achromatomaly

62.3381, -8.7268, 2.5590

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 181, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 181, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 181, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 181, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 181, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 181, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 181, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 181, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 181, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 181,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.1322, -17.7808, 1.7115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 181, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
181, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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