

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.3233, -6.0473,
-8.6304)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.3233, -6.0473,
-8.6304) contains.

HunterLab(64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(64.3566, -6.0326,
-8.5624)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99AFC4
RGB	153, 175, 196
RGB Percent	60%, 69%, 77%
CMY	0.4000, 0.3137, 0.2314
CMYK	0.22, 0.11, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	209°, 27%, 68%
HSV	209°, 22%, 77%
XYZ	38.4306, 41.4177, 58.1934
YIQ	170.8160, -19.8530, 1.8670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

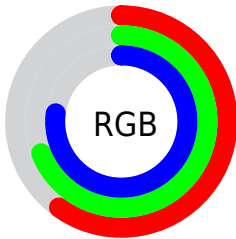
Format	Color
RYB	153, 168, 196
Decimal	10072004
CIELab	70.47, -2.98, -13.22
CIELCh	70, 13.554, 257.309
Yxy	41.4194, 0.2784, 0.3000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288262084 (0xFF99AFC4)
YUV	170.8160, 12.4157, -15.6246
Hunter-Lab	64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624

Details

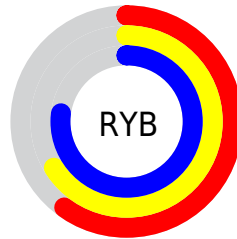
The HunterLab color $64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $66.5642, 0.5687, 14.1820$, and the grayscale version is $63.6965, -3.3987, 3.4608$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87.8040, -7.2064, -8.7721$, and $43.4576, -4.8593, -8.2213$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.0595, -6.3319, -14.6586$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.8076, -5.3094, -2.6954$.

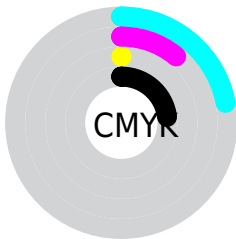
Distribution



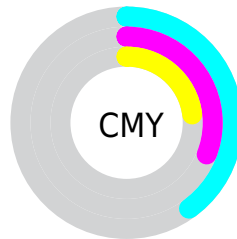
- Red (60%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.3566, -6.0326,
-8.5624

■ 64.3566, -6.0326,
-8.5624

187.6354,
-13.7458, -6.2757

■ 53.5228, -5.2976,
-8.5602

■ 87.9319, -7.5817,
-8.3855

■ 43.3750, -4.5874,
-8.4928

■ 100.6068, -8.3928,
-8.2172

■ 33.9645, -3.9032,
-8.3532

113.8382, -9.2279,
-8.0002

■ 25.3545, -3.2443,
-8.1351

127.6036,
-10.0865, -7.7374

■ 17.6277, -2.6091,
-7.8355

141.8831,
-10.9681, -7.4314

■ 10.8997, -1.9926,
-7.4664

156.6587,

■ 2.2781, -3.9866,

-11.8722, -7.0845

-23.9386

171.9144,
-12.7982, -6.6986

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.3566, -6.0326,
-8.5624

■ 64.3566, -6.0326,
-8.5624

■ 60.0595, -6.3319,
-14.6586

■ 68.8076, -5.3094,
-2.6954

■ 55.9285, -6.1403,
-21.0086

■ 73.3942, -4.2151,
2.9623

■ 51.9838, -5.3873,
-27.6275

■ 78.1055, -2.7983,
8.4351

■ 48.2460, -3.9964,
-34.5210

■ 82.9309, -1.0997,
13.7449

■ 44.7377, -1.8921,

■ 87.8611, 0.8465,

-41.6789

18.9121

■ 41.4815, 0.9880,
-49.0680

■ 91.2150, -2.7169,
22.2122

■ 38.4969, 4.6728,
-56.6299

■ 94.2079, -7.6818,
25.0479

■ 36.2703, 8.1273,
-62.8791

■ 97.2620, -12.5961,
27.8759

■ 98.3695, -14.3430,
28.8862

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.3579, -11.3169, -5.3949



64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624



64.3579, 0.1453, -8.2816

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.3579, -6.0336, -8.5613



64.3579, 8.3348, 6.7843



64.3579, -11.9612, 10.7227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624



66.5642, 0.5687, 14.1820

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.3579, -6.9434, 13.4099



64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624



64.3579, 4.8404, 11.2881

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.3579, -6.0336, -8.5613



64.3579, 8.6010, 0.9636



64.3579, -0.7995, 13.6066



64.3579, -14.6512, 5.9433

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624



64.3579, 3.9431, -6.1773



64.3579, -0.7995, 13.6066



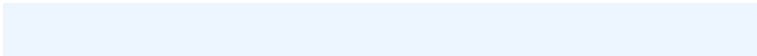
64.3579, -10.4996, 11.8802

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.3579, -6.0336, -8.5613



95.5690, -6.4930, 0.0819



70.2143, -19.9241, 9.1956



44.0397, -3.0452, -0.1784

0.0000, NaN, NaN



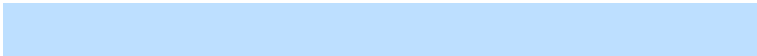
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.3579, -6.0336, -8.5613



84.0090, -8.3760, -15.1509



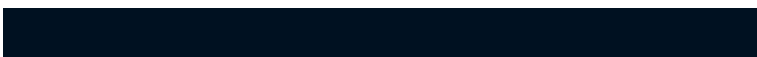
58.1176, 4.5952, -17.3864



32.5285, -2.3525, -0.5663



29.3696, 5.9442, -49.5412



7.1440, -0.5967, -7.6413

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.3306, 14.6052, -1.1625



79.2677, 24.8607, -2.7392



72.9340, -9.9282, 20.2678



31.8779, 1.7959, 0.7707



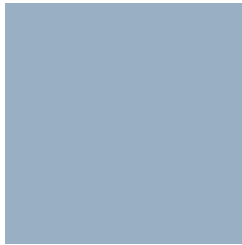
28.5535, 51.0428, 1.8294



6.0512, 11.0296, -1.2590

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

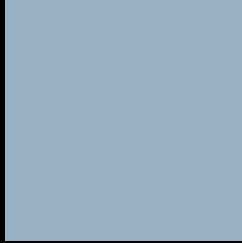
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

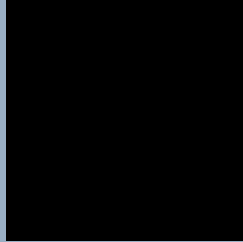
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

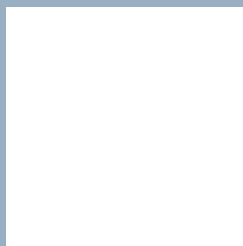
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624.

-8.5624.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624

Protanopia

64.3515, -0.1342, -6.8331

Deuteranopia

64.3301, 4.5506, -8.9652



Tritanopia

64.3768, -7.9374, -5.3361

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624

Protanomaly

64.1768, -2.1824, -7.6453

Deuteranomaly

64.4064, 0.3351, -8.9343

Tritanomaly

64.4452, -7.5583, -6.3014

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624

Achromatopsia

63.8154, -3.4050, 3.4672

Achromatomaly

63.7909, -4.4614, -0.9038

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 175, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 175, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 175, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 175, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 175, 196) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 175, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 175, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 175, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 175, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 175,  
196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.3566, -6.0326, -8.5624 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 175, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
175, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor