

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.3637, -0.6434,
2.7323)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.3637, -0.6434, 2.7323)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.5343, -0.7391,
2.9626)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2ABAE
RGB	178, 171, 174
RGB Percent	70%, 67%, 68%
CMY	0.3020, 0.3294, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.02, 0.30
HSL	334°, 4%, 68%
HSV	334°, 4%, 70%
XYZ	40.5629, 41.6468, 45.9451
YIQ	173.4350, 3.2090, 2.4170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

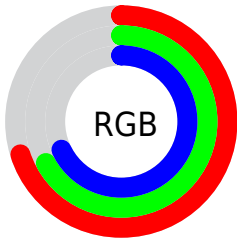
Format	Color
RYB	178, 171, 174
Decimal	11709358
CIELab	70.63, 3.05, -0.65
CIELCh	71, 3.121, 347.913
Yxy	41.6486, 0.3165, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289899438 (0xFFB2ABAE)
YUV	173.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035
Hunter-Lab	64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626

Details

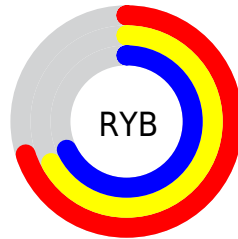
The HunterLab color $64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $66.0264, -6.1793, 4.1556$, and the grayscale version is $64.8236, -3.4588, 3.5220$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.0581, -1.5222, 4.3230$, and $43.5417, -0.0816, 1.7569$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.1511, 6.5413, 1.4416$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70.1743, -7.8664, 4.7072$.

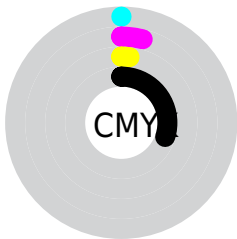
Distribution



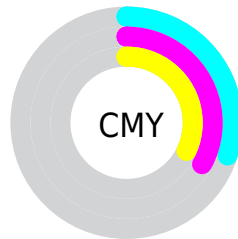
- Red (70%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.5343, -0.7391,
2.9626

■ 64.5343, -0.7391,
2.9626

187.8893, -6.1872,
9.4449

■ 53.6900, -0.3197,
2.4057

■ 88.1291, -1.7092,
4.1883

■ 43.5309, 0.0541,
1.8872

100.8131, -2.2511,
4.8510

■ 34.1082, 0.3757,
1.4115

114.0532, -2.8282,
5.5451

■ 25.4849, 0.6382,
0.9828

127.8269, -3.4389,
6.2694

■ 17.7432, 0.8317,
0.6066

142.1144, -4.0814,
7.0224

■ 10.9981, 0.9407,
0.2912

156.8978, -4.7544,

■ 2.6366, 4.9021,

7.8033

-0.8838

172.1610, -5.4567,
8.6111

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.5343, -0.7391,
2.9626

■ 64.5343, -0.7391,
2.9626

■ 59.1511, 6.5413,
1.4416

■ 70.1743, -7.8664,
4.7072

■ 54.0624, 13.9663,
0.1972

■ 76.0330, -14.8418,
6.6293

■ 49.3218, 21.4852,
-0.6971

■ 82.0848, -21.6817,
8.6973

■ 44.9928, 28.9863,
-1.1520

■ 88.3076, -28.4041,
10.8864

■ 41.1502, 36.2609,

■ 92.9596, -32.6927,

-1.0655

11.3299

■ 37.8760, 42.9716,
-0.3390

■ 93.2666, -30.9224,
6.9371

■ 35.2497, 48.6537,
1.0909

■ 93.5905, -29.0609,
2.3173

■ 33.3281, 52.7979,
3.2054

■ 93.9176, -27.1886,
-2.3301

■ 32.1178, 55.0400,
5.8640

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.5357, -1.3971, 1.7380



64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626



64.5357, -0.8141, 4.3109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.5357, -0.7407, 2.9637



64.5357, -4.2891, 5.9485



64.5357, -5.2765, 1.5447

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626



66.0264, -6.1793, 4.1556

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.5357, -6.0382, 2.7045



64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626



64.5357, -5.4715, 5.2387

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.5357, -0.7407, 2.9637



64.5357, -2.8711, 6.0145



64.5357, -6.1093, 4.0573



64.5357, -4.0207, 0.9069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626



64.5357, -1.2669, 5.0969



64.5357, -6.1093, 4.0573



64.5357, -5.5984, 1.8876

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.5357, -0.7407, 2.9637



89.0849, -3.8148, 4.6471



64.3834, -1.0188, 0.8670



41.9505, -1.8200, 2.1931



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.5357, -0.7407, 2.9637



86.0493, 0.1252, 3.7375



64.5829, -1.4601, 4.3977



30.2250, 0.2183, 1.2798



26.7585, 47.2742, 6.0548



4.8690, 8.8308, -0.6719

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.5357, -0.7407, 2.9637



86.0493, 0.1252, 3.7375



65.9763, -5.4536, 2.7074



30.2250, 0.2183, 1.2798



26.7585, 47.2742, 6.0548



4.8690, 8.8308, -0.6719

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

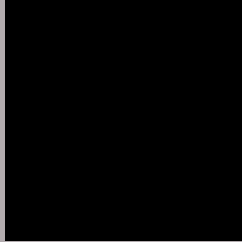
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626.

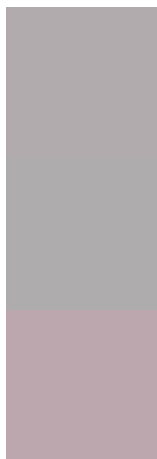


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.5343, -0.7391,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626

Protanopia

64.5562, -2.1737, 2.9634

Deuteranopia

64.3614, 4.6701, 2.3793



Tritanopia

64.6158, 1.5994, -1.2632

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626

Protanomaly

64.6461, -1.8630, 3.0754

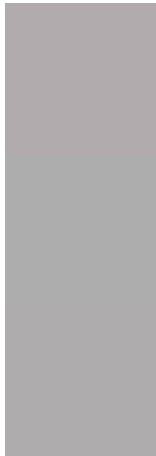
Deuteranomaly

64.2579, 2.8516, 2.2235

Tritanomaly

64.5201, 1.0821, 0.0962

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626

Achromatopsia

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Achromatomaly

64.5261, -2.3381, 3.3927

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 171, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 171, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 171, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 171, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 171, 174) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 171, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 171, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 171, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 171, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 171,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.5343, -0.7391, 2.9626 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 171, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
171, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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