

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.3710, 2.2098,
-22.0491)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.3710, 2.2098,
-22.0491) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.4278, 2.0894,
-21.9368)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EABDB
RGB	158, 171, 219
RGB Percent	62%, 67%, 86%
CMY	0.3804, 0.3294, 0.1412
CMYK	0.28, 0.22, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	227°, 46%, 74%
HSV	227°, 28%, 86%
XYZ	41.4497, 41.5094, 72.8453
YIQ	172.5850, -23.1560, 12.1720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

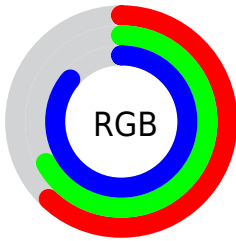
Format	Color
R_{YB}	158, 169, 219
Decimal	10398683
CIE _{Lab}	70.53, 6.19, -25.73
CIE _{LCh}	71, 26.462, 283.520
Yxy	41.5111, 0.2660, 0.2664
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288588763 (0xFF9EABDB)
YUV	172.5850, 22.8826, -12.7910
Hunter-Lab	64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368

Details

The HunterLab color $64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $78.5314, -6.8316, 23.8480$, and the grayscale version is $64.3882, -3.4356, 3.4983$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87.1257, -2.9554, -10.7469$, and $43.4480, 2.5318, -21.1114$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.7867, 5.3621, -33.0602$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71.3257, -0.6412, -11.7703$.

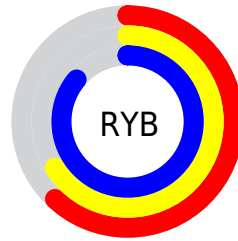
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (67%)

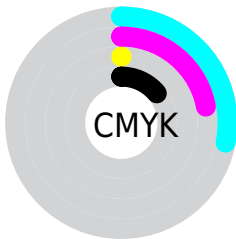
Blue (86%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (86%)

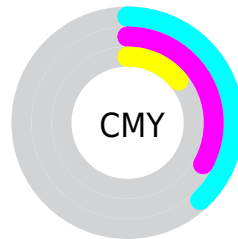


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.4278, 2.0894,
-21.9368

■ 64.4278, 2.0894,
-21.9368

187.7371, -2.1951,
-23.1871

■ 53.5898, 2.3494,
-21.5221

■ 88.0108, 1.4160,
-22.5858

■ 43.4374, 2.5529,
-21.0524

■ 100.6894, 1.0121,
-22.8248

■ 34.0220, 2.6917,
-20.5359

113.9242, 0.5673,
-23.0090

■ 25.4067, 2.7559,
-19.9980

127.6930, 0.0840,
-23.1406

■ 17.6739, 2.7308,
-19.5084

141.9757, -0.4356,
-23.2221

■ 10.9391, 2.5934,
-19.2778

156.7544, -0.9897,

■ 2.4280, 10.9731,

-23.2557

-51.3147

172.0131, -1.5767,
-23.2434

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.4278, 2.0894,
-21.9368

■ 64.4278, 2.0894,
-21.9368

■ 57.7867, 5.3621,
-33.0602

■ 71.3257, -0.6412,
-11.7703

■ 51.4451, 9.3174,
-45.3750

■ 78.4415, -2.9367,
-2.3720

■ 45.4665, 14.1210,
-59.1311

■ 85.7497, -4.8828,
6.4144

■ 39.9360, 19.9513,
-74.5398

■ 93.2291, -6.5454,
14.7116

■ 34.9674, 26.9410,

■ 98.9417, -11.1650,

-91.6169

20.6116

■ 30.7070, 35.0354,
-109.8665

■ 27.3100, 43.7250,
-127.9034

■ 26.6866, 45.5358,
-131.6546

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.4291, -9.9092, -21.5296



64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368



64.4291, 13.3749, -14.6939

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.4291, 2.0886, -21.9355



64.4291, 14.3120, 16.9615



64.4291, -24.2675, 9.4747

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368



78.5314, -6.8316, 23.8480

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.4291, -18.6920, 17.5799



64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368



64.4291, 3.2924, 21.3247

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.4291, 2.0886, -21.9355



64.4291, 20.7756, 8.4696



64.4291, -8.7906, 21.5279



64.4291, -24.5373, -1.8846

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368



64.4291, 18.7338, -7.1621



64.4291, -8.7906, 21.5279



64.4291, -22.9714, 12.6153

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.4291, 2.0886, -21.9355



93.0143, -3.4351, -3.0508



78.9802, -23.9754, 4.5154



42.4324, -1.4105, -2.1729

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.4291, 2.0886, -21.9355



72.2246, 4.5037, -33.0813



62.2224, 13.7697, -25.2779



36.1452, -1.2152, -1.7831



20.8641, 33.9997, -99.4740



6.3940, 5.4867, -19.8361

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.1578, 19.6401, 5.4337



73.4806, 29.1537, 7.0409



81.0244, -18.8972, 25.9245



36.1894, 1.6234, 2.1480



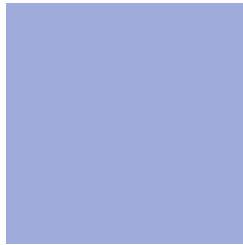
30.1052, 51.9988, 16.0209



7.7457, 13.5415, 2.8596

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

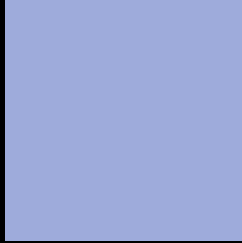
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368.

-21.9368.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368

Protanopia

64.2943, 3.1404, -22.1288

Deuteranopia

64.3296, 4.7518, -22.0449



Tritanopia

64.3768, -7.9374, -5.3361

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368

Protanomaly

64.2144, 2.8705, -22.2596

Deuteranomaly

64.4556, 3.6846, -21.8651

Tritanomaly

64.3111, -4.2830, -11.3908

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368

Achromatopsia

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Achromatomaly

64.4574, -1.4890, -5.1175

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 171, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 171, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 171, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 171, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 171, 219) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 171, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 171, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 171, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 171, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 171,  
219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.4278, 2.0894, -21.9368 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 171, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
171, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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