

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.3945, 12.7850,
-9.4343)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.3945, 12.7850,
-9.4343) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.5051, 12.4231,
-9.1415)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1A3C6
RGB	193, 163, 198
RGB Percent	76%, 64%, 78%
CMY	0.2431, 0.3608, 0.2235
CMYK	0.03, 0.18, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	291°, 23%, 71%
HSV	291°, 18%, 78%
XYZ	45.2826, 41.6091, 59.0708
YIQ	175.9600, 6.6450, 17.2450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

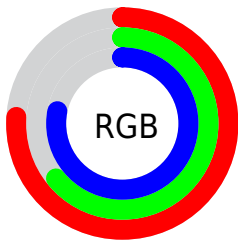
Format	Color
R_{YB}	193, 163, 198
Decimal	12690374
CIE _{Lab}	70.60, 17.23, -13.81
CIE _{LCh}	71, 22.080, 321.301
Yxy	41.6109, 0.3102, 0.2851
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290880454 (0xFFC1A3C6)
YUV	175.9600, 10.8657, 14.9441
Hunter-Lab	64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415

Details

The HunterLab color $64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $71.6648, -18.4230, 15.1682$, and the grayscale version is $65.8292, -3.5125, 3.5766$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.1401, 12.9252, -9.1028$, and $43.4413, 11.7702, -9.0374$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58.9517, 21.9619, -17.0231$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70.4107, 3.0487, -1.5484$.

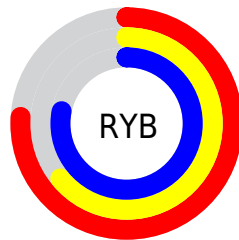
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (64%)

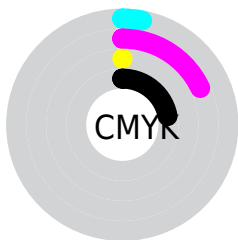
Blue (78%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (78%)

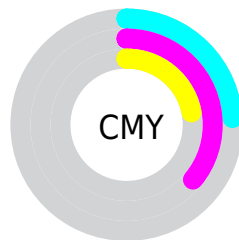


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

64.5051, 12.4231,
-9.1415

64.5051, 12.4231,
-9.1415

187.8476, 12.1041,
-7.0286

53.6626, 12.1452,
-9.1173

88.0967, 12.7488,
-9.0065

43.5053, 11.7817,
-9.0279

100.7792, 12.8139,
-8.8585

34.0846, 11.3185,
-8.8660

114.0179, 12.8203,
-8.6612

25.4634, 10.7392,
-8.6263

127.7902, 12.7724,
-8.4177

17.7242, 10.0221,
-8.3069

142.0764, 12.6739,
-8.1305

10.9820, 9.1392,
-7.9241

156.8585, 12.5280,

2.5811, 28.9530,

-7.8019

-22.0725

172.1205, 12.3372,
-7.4340

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.5051, 12.4231,
-9.1415

■ 64.5051, 12.4231,
-9.1415

■ 58.9517, 21.9619,
-17.0231

■ 70.4107, 3.0487,
-1.5484

■ 53.8070, 31.5816,
-25.1625

■ 76.6147, -6.1242,
5.7569

■ 49.1452, 41.0997,
-33.4528

■ 83.0784, -15.0963,
12.7996

■ 45.0495, 50.1995,
-41.6773

■ 89.7695, -23.8823,
19.6107

■ 41.6069, 58.4001,

■ 94.2780, -29.1857,

-49.4730

23.9835

■ 38.8940, 65.0863,
-56.3380

■ 94.4960, -28.3727,
24.2095

■ 36.9520, 69.6549,
-61.7349

■ 94.7174, -27.5492,
24.4387

■ 35.7279, 71.8779,
-65.3873

■ 94.9421, -26.7152,
24.6709

■ 35.4846, 72.2584,
-66.1384

■ 95.1701, -25.8710,
24.9062

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.5065, 3.7620, -16.1810



64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415



64.5065, 16.8959, 0.6541

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.5065, 12.4214, -9.1402



64.5065, -0.4817, 19.2335



64.5065, -20.5602, -3.5666

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415



71.6648, -18.4230, 15.1682

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.5065, -21.5417, 6.2434



64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415



64.5065, -10.3495, 18.4608

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.5065, 12.4214, -9.1402



64.5065, 9.1515, 16.3292



64.5065, -17.9128, 14.0268



64.5065, -15.1441, -12.6345

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415



64.5065, 16.7245, 7.0275



64.5065, -17.9128, 14.0268



64.5065, -21.4060, -0.2148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.5065, 12.4214, -9.1402



95.8068, 0.8572, 0.5027



63.2166, 0.4747, -11.1461



44.0555, 0.8018, -0.0916

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.5065, 12.4214, -9.1402



83.0911, 21.1291, -15.9376



64.6038, 11.8959, -2.4900



32.7672, 2.1903, -1.3346



28.6653, 58.3399, -53.1787



6.4084, 12.9337, -11.0453

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.0540, 9.0026, 5.3351



82.3722, 15.6703, 7.5666



71.6106, -17.9795, 10.1237



32.6515, 1.3251, 2.2010



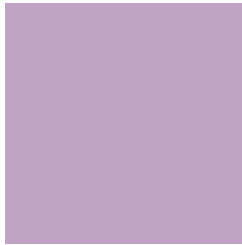
28.0549, 48.2699, 16.3841



6.1715, 10.7499, 2.5840

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

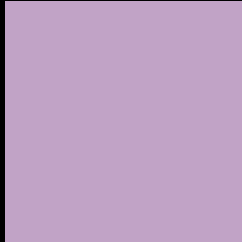
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415.

-9.1415.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415

Protanopia

64.5763, 1.4237, -12.6338

Deuteranopia

64.4216, 4.8574, -8.8342



Tritanopia

64.4005, 6.5054, 0.5337

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415

Protanomaly

64.4202, 5.2144, -11.6405

Deuteranomaly

64.3202, 7.4457, -8.9280

Tritanomaly

64.4452, 8.5489, -2.8779

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415

Achromatopsia

65.8903, -3.5157, 3.5799

Achromatomaly

65.2163, 2.2126, -1.0020

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 163, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 163, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 163, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 163, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 163, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 163, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 163, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 163, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 163, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 163,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.5051, 12.4231, -9.1415 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 163, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
163, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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