

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.3974, -18.3845,
39.3596)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.3974, -18.3845,
39.3596) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.3974,
-18.3845, 39.3596)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0B300
RGB	176, 179, 0
RGB Percent	69%, 70%, 0%
CMY	0.3098, 0.2980, 0.9999
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 1.00, 0.30
HSL	61°, 100%, 35%
HSV	61°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	34.0245, 41.4703, 6.2112
YIQ	157.6970, 55.6710, -56.3050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

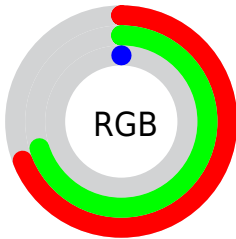
Format	Color
RYB	0, 179, 3
Decimal	11580160
CIELab	70.51, -17.84, 72.15
CIELCh	71, 74.327, 103.891
Yxy	41.4722, 0.4164, 0.5076
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289770240 (0xFFB0B300)
YUV	157.6970, -77.7446, 16.0517
Hunter-Lab	64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596

Details

The HunterLab color $64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC33`. A complement of this color would be $18.0961, 48.9714, -127.7313$, and the grayscale version is $58.6425, -3.1290, 3.1862$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.1155, -21.7573, 48.9381$, and $43.7043, -14.4135, 26.6781$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.3989, -18.3870, 39.3604$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64.4598, -18.0937, 38.8800$.

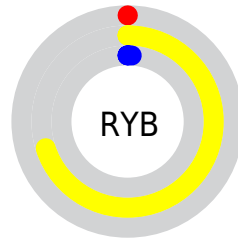
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (70%)

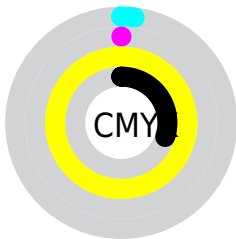
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (1%)

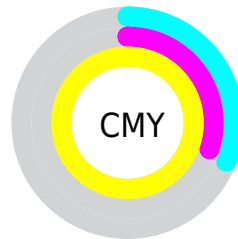


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.3974, -18.3845,
39.3596

■ 64.3974, -18.3845,
39.3596

187.6940,
-31.9095, 77.5839

■ 53.5614, -16.8283,
34.2789

■ 87.9774, -21.4361,
48.8776

■ 43.4109, -15.2338,
28.9596

■ 100.6544,
-22.9405, 53.3605

■ 33.9977, -13.5871,
23.7984

■ 113.8878,
-24.4377, 57.6887

■ 25.3845, -11.8634,
17.7692

■ 127.6551,
-25.9309, 61.8810

■ 17.6543, -10.0208,
12.3580

■ 141.9364,
-27.4228, 65.9537

■ 10.9224, -8.1675,
7.6457

■ 156.7138,

■ 2.3656, -4.1398,

-28.9155, 69.9207

1.6559

171.9712,
-30.4106, 73.7940

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.3974, -18.3845,
39.3596

■ 64.3974, -18.3845,
39.3596

■ 64.3989, -18.3870,
39.3604

■ 64.4598, -18.0937,
38.8800

■ 64.5513, -17.6266,
37.9480

■ 64.6849, -16.9206,
36.3952

■ 64.8659, -15.9471,
34.1466

■ 65.0986, -14.6840,

31.1443

■ 65.3867, -13.1145,
27.3435

■ 65.7329, -11.2260,
22.7110

■ 66.1398, -9.0100,
17.2239

■ 66.6094, -6.4618,
10.8689

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.3989, 15.7112, 39.1924



64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596



64.3989, -42.7660, 34.1370

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.3989, -18.3867, 39.3600



64.3989, -44.0863, -56.1879



64.3989, 72.1226, -16.2355

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596



18.0961, 48.9714, -127.7313

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.3989, 48.4071, -59.3001



64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596



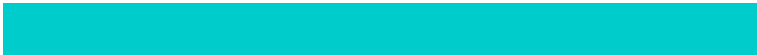
64.3989, -20.5849, -89.3616

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.3989, -18.3867, 39.3600



64.3989, -55.3852, -13.2724



64.3989, 13.0088, -90.7284



64.3989, 73.0538, 16.7129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596



64.3989, -52.2354, 25.2984



64.3989, 13.0088, -90.7284



64.3989, 66.3602, -30.2857

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.3989, -18.3867, 39.3600



87.9401, -15.1639, 30.7398



31.0635, 52.6587, 20.0622



41.2980, -7.6537, 15.7384



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.3989, -18.3867, 39.3600



86.1745, -24.6289, 52.6692



58.5198, -41.3816, 35.3347



31.4631, -2.9642, 4.9148



54.1364, -15.4457, 33.0882



9.6147, -2.6957, 5.8773

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0961, 48.9714, -127.7313



24.1954, 65.5261, -171.1131



23.5712, 54.1710, -91.8083



28.6997, -0.1276, -1.9565



15.2200, 41.1753, -107.3002



2.7409, 7.3340, -18.6942

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.3974,

-18.3845, 39.3596.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596

Protanopia

64.3090, -9.3092, 39.4639

Deuteranopia

64.1745, 5.1293, 38.6188



Tritanopia

64.2016, 5.8433, 0.2779

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596

Protanomaly

64.2065, -12.7688, 39.3402

Deuteranomaly

64.1219, -3.8532, 38.9150

Tritanomaly

63.6640, -6.6422, 24.2874

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596

Achromatopsia

58.4734, -3.1200, 3.1770

Achromatomaly

60.1759, -11.8625, 24.7417

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 179, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 179, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 179, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 179, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 179, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 179, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 179, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 179, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 179, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 179,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.3974, -18.3845, 39.3596 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 179, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
179, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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