

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.4401, 8.3892,
-47.1921)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.4401, 8.3892,
-47.1921) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.4401, 8.3892,
-47.1921)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90A9FF
RGB	144, 169, 255
RGB Percent	56%, 66%, 100%
CMY	0.4353, 0.3372, 0.0000
CMYK	0.44, 0.34, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	226°, 100%, 78%
HSV	226°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	43.7396, 41.5253, 100.3176
YIQ	171.3290, -42.5060, 21.4460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

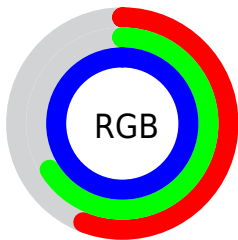
Format	Color
RYB	144, 164, 255
Decimal	9480703
CIELab	70.54, 13.00, -45.40
CIELCh	71, 47.223, 285.976
Yxy	41.5267, 0.2357, 0.2238
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287670783 (0xFF90A9FF)
YUV	171.3290, 41.2498, -23.9675
Hunter-Lab	64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921

Details

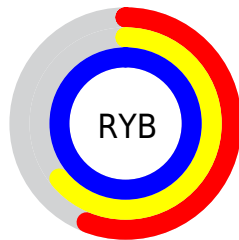
The HunterLab color $64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699FF$. A complement of this color would be $89.3693, -7.4516, 37.4322$, and the grayscale version is $63.8001, -3.4042, 3.4664$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85.4914, -5.4119, -13.0277$, and $43.3890, 8.3427, -46.1233$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.1662, 13.5434, -62.6599$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.1131, 4.1671, -33.2760$.

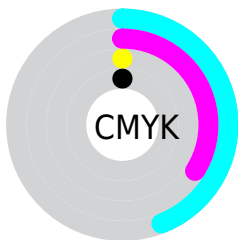
Distribution



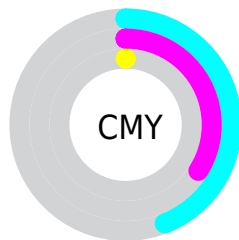
- Red (56%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.4401, 8.3892,
-47.1921

■ 64.4401, 8.3892,
-47.1921

187.7544, 6.5744,
-52.5060

■ 53.6012, 8.3135,
-46.4873

■ 88.0243, 8.3406,
-48.6114

■ 43.4480, 8.1612,
-45.8455

■ 100.7035, 8.2290,
-49.2894

■ 34.0319, 7.9209,
-45.3529

113.9389, 8.0651,
-49.9319

■ 25.4156, 7.5779,
-45.1889

127.7083, 7.8528,
-50.5342

■ 17.6818, 7.1112,
-45.7625

141.9915, 7.5950,
-51.0936

■ 10.9458, 6.4905,
-48.1938

156.7708, 7.2945,

■ 2.4527, 22.9605,

-51.6089

-131.1875

172.0300, 6.9536,
-52.0796

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 64.4401, 8.3892,
-47.1921

■ 64.4401, 8.3892,
-47.1921

■ 57.1662, 13.5434,
-62.6599

■ 72.1131, 4.1671,
-33.2760

■ 50.3756, 19.8433,
-79.9609

■ 80.1168, 0.6922,
-20.6343

■ 44.1874, 27.4861,
-99.2340

■ 88.4037, -2.1861,
-9.0152

■ 38.7562, 36.5381,
-120.2120

■ 96.9369, -4.5857,
1.7863

■ 34.2670, 46.6954,

100.0000, -5.3358,

-141.7613

5.4332

■ 31.9201, 53.3783,
-155.1258

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.4412, -13.1982, -47.7835



64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921



64.4412, 29.2139, -30.4218

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.4412, 8.3889, -47.1899



64.4412, 28.0268, 25.9358



64.4412, -38.9804, 12.3640

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921



89.3693, -7.4516, 37.4322

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.4412, -30.6623, 25.3626



64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921



64.4412, 6.9318, 31.2663

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.4412, 8.3889, -47.1899



64.4412, 41.5308, 13.4594



64.4412, -14.4763, 31.0985



64.4412, -38.6984, -8.3378

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921



64.4412, 39.0365, -14.7336



64.4412, -14.4763, 31.0985



64.4412, -37.1502, 17.6052

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.4412, 8.3889, -47.1899



88.8479, -2.3237, -8.4267



91.1661, -39.2834, 7.2305



40.2472, -0.8045, -5.0451

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.4412, 8.3889, -47.1899



58.2485, 12.6875, -60.1847



60.1010, 29.6359, -55.7783



42.4749, -1.4820, -2.1197



23.4640, 37.2789, -109.8025



8.3132, 8.6456, -29.0543

Inverse Universe

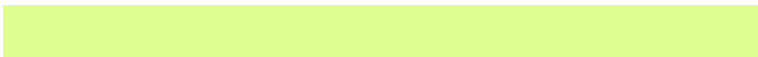
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.3873, 40.7809, 8.0971



61.2806, 49.8707, 9.7835



94.6604, -29.9407, 41.2774



42.4901, 2.0031, 2.4652



33.5913, 58.0469, 17.6687



10.5561, 18.3873, 4.4209

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

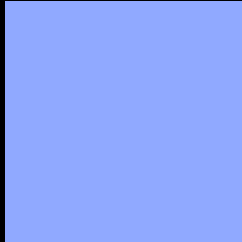
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921.

-47.1921.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921

Protanopia

64.3705, 8.1597, -47.3332

Deuteranopia

64.4826, 5.5405, -47.1584



Tritanopia

64.4803, -15.1856, -8.0073

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921

Protanomaly

64.3705, 8.1597, -47.3332

Deuteranomaly

64.3882, 6.7274, -47.3233

Tritanomaly

64.4379, -7.2858, -20.8225

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921

Achromatopsia

63.8154, -3.4050, 3.4672

Achromatomaly

63.7109, -0.1724, -12.7445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 169, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 169, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 169, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 169, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 169, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 169, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 169, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 169, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 169, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 169,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.4401, 8.3892, -47.1921 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 169, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
169, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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